



Designation: E1783 – 96 (Reapproved2009)

Standard Specification for Preformed Architectural Strip Seals for Buildings and Parking Structures¹

This standard is issued under the fixed designation E1783; the number immediately following the designation indicates the year of original adoption or, in the case of revision, the year of last revision. A number in parentheses indicates the year of last reapproval. A superscript epsilon (ϵ) indicates an editorial change since the last revision or reapproval.

1. Scope

1.1 This specification covers the physical requirements for the fully cured elastomeric alloy and the movement capabilities of preformed architectural compression seals used for sealing expansion joints in buildings and parking structures. The preformed architectural strip seal is an elastomeric extrusion. This extrusion is either a membrane or tubular having an internal baffle system produced continuously and longitudinally throughout the material. These extrusions are secured in or over a joint by locking rails or an end dam nosing material. The architectural strip seal is compressed and expanded by this mechanical or chemical attachment.

NOTE 1—Movement capability is defined in Test Method E1399.

1.2 This specification covers all colors of architectural strip seals.

NOTE 2—The products described in this specification are manufactured from thermoplastic elastomers defined as “fully cured elastomeric alloys” in Test Method D5048.

1.3 The values stated in SI units are to be regarded as standard. The values given in parentheses are mathematical conversions to inch-pound units that are provided for information only and are not considered standard.

1.4 *This standard does not purport to address all of the safety concerns, if any, associated with its use. It is the responsibility of the user of this standard to establish appropriate safety and health practices and determine the applicability of regulatory limitations prior to use.*

2. Referenced Documents

2.1 *ASTM Standards:*²

D395 Test Methods for Rubber Property—Compression Set

D412 Test Methods for Vulcanized Rubber and Thermoplastic Elastomers—Tension
D471 Test Method for Rubber Property—Effect of Liquids
D518 Test Method for Rubber Deterioration—Surface Cracking (Withdrawn 2007)³
D573 Test Method for Rubber—Deterioration in an Air Oven
D624 Test Method for Tear Strength of Conventional Vulcanized Rubber and Thermoplastic Elastomers
D746 Test Method for Brittleness Temperature of Plastics and Elastomers by Impact
D792 Test Methods for Density and Specific Gravity (Relative Density) of Plastics by Displacement
D865 Test Method for Rubber—Deterioration by Heating in Air (Test Tube Enclosure)
D1052 Test Method for Measuring Rubber Deterioration—Cut Growth Using Ross Flexing Apparatus
D1149 Test Methods for Rubber Deterioration—Cracking in an Ozone Controlled Environment
D2000 Classification System for Rubber Products in Automotive Applications
D2240 Test Method for Rubber Property—Durometer Hardness
D3183 Practice for Rubber—Preparation of Pieces for Test Purposes from Products
D5048 Test Method for Measuring the Comparative Burning Characteristics and Resistance to Burn-Through of Solid Plastics Using a 125-mm Flame
E577 Guide for Dimensional Coordination of Rectilinear Building Parts and Systems (Withdrawn 2011)³
E631 Terminology of Building Constructions
E1399 Test Method for Cyclic Movement and Measuring the Minimum and Maximum Joint Widths of Architectural Joint Systems

3. Terminology

3.1 *Definitions:* Terms defined in Terminology E631 will prevail for terms not defined in this document.

3.1.1 *architectural strip seal*—a preformed membrane or tubular extrusion, manufactured from a fully cured elastomeric

³ The last approved version of this historical standard is referenced on www.astm.org.

¹ This specification is under the jurisdiction of ASTM Committee E06 on Performance of Buildings and is the direct responsibility of Subcommittee E06.21 on Serviceability.

Current edition approved Nov. 1, 2009. Published January 2010. Originally approved in 1996. Last previous edition approved in 2005 as E1783 – 96 (2005). DOI: 10.1520/E1783-96R09.

² For referenced ASTM standards, visit the ASTM website, www.astm.org, or contact ASTM Customer Service at service@astm.org. For *Annual Book of ASTM Standards* volume information, refer to the standard's Document Summary page on the ASTM website.

alloy, having flanges or other means of mechanically or chemically securing it.

3.1.1.1 *Discussion*—Joint is defined in Guide [E577](#).

4. Materials and Manufacture

4.1 The architectural strip seal shall be a preformed extrusion manufactured from a fully cured elastomeric alloy. This alloy shall be classified under Classification [D2000](#).

5. Physical Requirements

5.1 The fully cured elastomeric alloy supplied in plaque form shall conform to the material requirements prescribed in [Table 1](#).

5.2 The finished architectural joint seal shall conform to the material requirements prescribed in [Table 2](#).

5.3 The movement capabilities shall be established using Test Method [E1399](#).

6. Dimensions, Mass, and Permissible Variations

6.1 The size, shape, internal structure, and tolerances shall be as agreed upon by the purchaser and the producer or supplier.

7. Workmanship, Color, and Appearance

7.1 The architectural strip seal shall be free of defects in workmanship. Defects in the extrusion consist of the following:

- 7.1.1 Holes,
- 7.1.2 Air bubbles, and
- 7.1.3 Parts not conforming to [6.1](#).

7.2 The cross section of the seal shall be as agreed upon by the purchaser and the producer or supplier.

7.3 The color of the seal shall be as agreed upon by the purchaser and the producer or supplier.

8. Specimen Preparation

8.1 Maintain laboratory at a temperature of $23 \pm 2^\circ\text{C}$ ($73 \pm 4^\circ\text{F}$).

8.2 Maintain laboratory at a relative humidity of $50 \pm 5\%$.

8.3 *Test Plaque Specimens:*

8.3.1 Use equipment in accordance with [Annex A1](#).

8.3.2 Produce 20 quality assurance test plaques in accordance with [Annex A2](#).

8.4 *Strip Seal Specimens:*

8.4.1 Cut all test specimens from the architectural strip seal sample. Except as otherwise specified in the applicable specifications or test methods given in [Table 2](#), prepare the test specimens in accordance with the requirements of Practice [D3183](#).

8.4.2 Prepare the test specimens for determining tensile strength and elongation using Die C (Test Methods [D412](#)) or Die D when the flat sections of a seal are too small for Die C. However, the requirements of [Table 2](#) shall apply regardless of the die used.

8.4.3 The grain or flow pattern for all specimens prepared for tensile strength and elongation testing (Test Methods [D412](#)) shall be parallel to the length of the die.

8.4.4 Prepare the test specimens for ozone resistance in accordance with Procedure A of Test Method [D518](#), and wipe them with toluene before testing to remove surface contamination.

8.4.5 The grain or flow pattern for all specimens prepared for tear resistance testing (Test Method [D624](#)) shall be perpendicular to the length of the die.

9. Significance and Use

9.1 Architectural strip seals included in this specification shall be those:

- 9.1.1 Extruded as a membrane,
- 9.1.2 Extruded as tubular,
- 9.1.3 With frames,
- 9.1.4 With flanges mechanically secured,
- 9.1.5 With flanges chemically secured,
- 9.1.6 Used in interior or exterior applications, and
- 9.1.7 Used in any construction of the building.

9.2 This specification will give users, producers, building officials, code authorities, and others a basis for verifying material and performance characteristics of representative specimens under common test conditions. This specification will produce data on the following:

9.2.1 The physical properties of the fully cured elastomeric alloy, and

9.2.2 The movement capability in relation to the nominal joint width as defined under Test Method [E1399](#).

9.3 This specification compares similar architectural strip seals but is not intended to reflect the system's application. "Similar" refers to the same type of architectural strip seal within the same subsection under [9.1](#).

9.4 This specification does not provide information on the following:

TABLE 1 Requirements for Fully Cured Elastomeric Alloy Injection Molded Plaques

Property	Requirement						Test Method
	Type I	Type II	Type III	Type IV	Type V	Type VI	
Tensile strength, min, MPa (psi)	13.8 (2000)	9.7 (1400)	7.2 (1050)	6.0 (870)	5.8 (850)	5.8 (850)	D412
Elongation at break, min, %	500	460	380	350	340	340	D412
Hardness, Type A durometer, points (5 s delay)	87 ± 3	80 ± 3	73 ± 3	70 ± 3	67 ± 3	64 ± 3	D2240
Relative density @ 23°C (73°F)	0.95 ± 0.02	0.96 ± 0.02	0.97 ± 0.02	0.97 ± 0.02	0.97 ± 0.02	0.97 ± 0.02	D792
100 % Modulus, min, MPa (psi)	6.1 (890)	3.8 (550)	2.8 (400)	2.2 (320)	1.9 (280)	1.9 (280)	D412
Mass gain, max %, (24 h at 121°C (23°F) ASTM No. 3 Oil)	60	75	80	90	95	95	D471