



Designation: A 913/A913M – 01

Standard Specification for High-Strength Low-Alloy Steel Shapes of Structural Quality, Produced by Quenching and Self-Tempering Process (QST)¹

This standard is issued under the fixed designation A 913/A913M; the number immediately following the designation indicates the year of original adoption or, in the case of revision, the year of last revision. A number in parentheses indicates the year of last reapproval. A superscript epsilon (ϵ) indicates an editorial change since the last revision or reapproval.

1. Scope

1.1 This specification covers high-strength low-alloy structural steel shapes in Grades 50 [345], 60 [415], 65 [450] and 70 [485], produced by the quenching and self-tempering process (QST).² The shapes are intended for riveted, bolted or welded construction of bridges, buildings and other structures.

1.2 The QST process consists of in line heat treatment and cooling rate controls which result in mechanical properties in the finished condition that are equivalent to those attained using heat treating processes which entail reheating after rolling. A description of the QST process is given in Appendix X1.

1.3 Due to the inherent characteristics of the QST process, the shapes shall not be formed and post weld heat treated at temperatures exceeding 1100°F [600°C].

1.4 This specification covers structural shapes Groups 1 to 5 shown in Table A of specification A 6/A 6M.

1.5 When the steel is to be welded, it is presupposed that a welding procedure suitable for the grade of steel and intended use or service will be utilized. See Appendix X3 of Specification A 6/A 6M for information on weldability.

1.6 The values stated in either inch-pound units or SI units are to be regarded separately as standard. Within the text, the SI units are shown in brackets. The values stated in each system are not exact equivalents; therefore, each system must be used independently of the other. Combining values from the two systems may result in nonconformance with this specification.

2. Referenced Documents

2.1 ASTM Standards:

¹ This specification is under the jurisdiction of ASTM Committee A01 on Steel, Stainless Steel, and Related Alloys and is the direct responsibility of Subcommittee A01.02 on Structural Steel for Bridges, Buildings, Rolling Stock, and Ships.

Current edition approved Sept. 10, 2001. Published September 2001. Originally published as A 913/A 913M – 93. Last previous edition A 913/A 913M – 00a.

² The quenching and self-tempering process (QST) and the used apparatus are covered by patents held by the Centre de Recherches Métallurgiques (CRM)—Rue Ernest Solvay, 11, B 4000, Liège (Belgium). Interested parties are invited to submit information regarding the identification of acceptable alternatives to these patented items to the Committee on Standards, ASTM Headquarters, 100 Barr Harbor Drive, West Conshohocken, PA 19428–2959. Comments will receive careful consideration at the meeting of the responsible technical committee, which any interested party may attend.

A 6/A6M Specification for General Requirements for Rolled Structural Steel Bars, Plates, Shapes, and Sheet Piling³

A 673/A673M Specification for Sampling Procedure for Impact Testing of Structural Steel³

A 898/A898M Specification for Straight Beam Ultrasonic Examination of Rolled Steel Structural Shapes³

3. General Requirements for Delivery

3.1 Material furnished under this specification shall conform to the applicable requirements of the current edition of Specification A 6/A 6M.

4. Materials and Manufacture

4.1 The shapes shall be produced by the quenching and self-tempering process (QST). Self-tempering temperature shall be a minimum of 1100°F [600°C] and the self-tempering temperature for the material represented shall be reported on the mill test report. See appendix for Process Description.

4.2 For grades 60 [415], 65 [450], and 70 [485], the requirements for fine austenitic grain size in Specification A 6/A 6M shall be met.

5. Chemical Composition

5.1 The chemical analysis of the heat shall conform to the requirements prescribed in Table 1.

5.2 The steel shall conform on product analysis to the requirements prescribed in Table 1 subject to the product analysis tolerances in Specification A 6/A 6M.

6. Mechanical Properties

6.1 *Tensile Properties*—The material as represented by the test specimens shall conform to the tensile properties given in Table 2.

6.2 Charpy V-notch tests shall be made in accordance with Specification A 673/A 673M, Frequency H:

6.2.1 The test results of full-size specimens shall meet an average value of 40 ft-lbf [54 J] at 70°F [21°C].

6.2.2 Charpy V-notch test requirements exceeding the value specified in 6.2.1 or lower test temperatures are subject to agreement between the purchaser and the producer.

³ Annual Book of ASTM Standards, Vol 01.04.

ASTM A 913/A913M – 01

TABLE 1 Chemical Requirements (Heat Analysis)

Element	Maximum content in %			
	Grade 50 [345]	Grade 60 [415]	Grade 65 [450]	Grade 70 [485]
Carbon	0.12	0.14	0.16	0.16
Manganese	1.60	1.60	1.60	1.60
Phosphorus	0.040	0.030	0.030	0.040
Sulfur	0.030	0.030	0.030	0.030
Silicon	0.40	0.40	0.40	0.40
Copper	0.45	0.35	0.35	0.45
Nickel	0.25	0.25	0.25	0.25
Chromium	0.25	0.25	0.25	0.25
Molybdenum	0.07	0.07	0.07	0.07
Columbium	0.05	0.04	0.05	0.05
Vanadium	0.06	0.06	0.06	0.09

analysis) of the elements that appear in the carbon equivalent formula and the actual carbon equivalent shall be reported.

Carbon equivalent limits
 Grade 50 [345]: 0.38 %
 Grade 60 [415]: 0.40 %
 Grade 65 [450]: 0.43 %
 Grade 70 [485]: 0.45 %

7.2 Calculate the carbon equivalent using the following equation:

$$CE = C + Mn/6 + (Cr + Mo + V)/5 + (Cu + Ni)/15$$

8. Keywords

8.1 high-strength low-alloy steel; QST; quenching and self-tempering process; steel shapes; structural shapes; structural steel

TABLE 2 Tensile Requirements

Grade	Yield Point, min.		Tensile Strength, min.		Elongation, min	
	ksi	[MPa]	ksi	[MPa]	8 in.	2 in.
					[200 mm], %	[50 mm], %
50 [345]	50 [345]	65 [450]	18	21		
60 [415]	60 [415]	75 [520]	16	18		
65 [450]	65 [450]	80 [550]	15	17		
70 [485]	70 [485]	90 [620]	14	16		

7. Maximum Carbon Equivalent Requirement

7.1 The carbon equivalent on heat analysis shall not exceed the limits listed in this section. The chemical analysis (heat

SUPPLEMENTARY REQUIREMENTS

Supplementary requirements shall not apply unless specified in the purchase order or contract. Standardized supplementary requirements for use at the option of the purchaser are listed in Specification A 6/A 6M. Those that are considered suitable for use with this specification are listed by title:

- S1. Vacuum Treatment.
- S2. Product Analysis.
- S3. Simulated Post-Weld Heat Treatment of Mechanical Test Coupons.
- S5. Charpy V-Notch Impact Test.
- S18. Maximum Tensile Strength.
- S30. Charpy V-Notch Impact Test for Structural Shapes: Alternate Core Location

ADDITIONAL SUPPLEMENTARY REQUIREMENTS

In addition, the following special supplementary requirements are also suitable for use with this specification:

- S4. *Additional Tension Test:*
 - S4.1 One tension test shall be made per ingot or per bloom. The results obtained and the actual self-tempering temperature for the ingot or bloom represented shall be reported on the mill test report when such tests are required by the order.
- S8. *Ultrasonic Examination:*
 - S8.1 Ultrasonic Examination in accordance with Specification A 898/A 898M.
- S75. *Maximum Yield Point to Tensile Strength Ratio—Grade 50 [345]:*
 - S75.1 The maximum yield point shall be 65 ksi. [450].
 - S75.2 The maximum yield to tensile strength ratio shall be 0.85.
- S77. *Reduced Sulfur—Grade 65 [450]:*