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# Manned submersibles — Breathing air supply and CO2 adsorption systems — Performance requirements and recommendations

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# Foreword

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The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular, the different approval criteria needed for the different types of ISO documents should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2 (see <a href="https://www.iso.org/directives">www.iso.org/directives</a>).

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This document was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 8, *Ships and marine technology*, Subcommittee SC 13, *Marine technology*.

Any feedback or questions on this document should be directed to the user's national standards body. A complete listing of these bodies can be found at <u>www.iso.org/members.html</u>.

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# Manned submersibles — Breathing air supply and CO2 adsorption systems — Performance requirements and recommendations

# 1 Scope

This document specifies performance requirements and gives recommendations for the design of breathing air supply and  $CO_2$  absorption systems of manned submersibles, capable of maintaining suitable life support conditions in the manned compartments.

It is applicable to manned submersibles where the internal pressure of the manned compartment is normally maintained at or near to one atmosphere.

It is not applicable to submersibles where the occupants endure pressures higher than one atmosphere (such as in diving bells, for example).

It is not applicable to submersibles designed to carry passengers or divers in a separate compartment capable of being pressurised to higher than one atmosphere inside the pressure hull (such as in submarine rescue compartments, for example).

# 2 Normative references

There are no normative references in this document

There are no normative references in this document.

# 3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the following terms and definitions apply.

ISO and IEC maintain terminological databases for use in standardization at the following addresses:

- ISO Online browsing platform: available at <u>https://www.iso.org/obp</u>
- IEC Electropedia: available at <a href="http://www.electropedia.org/">http://www.electropedia.org/</a>

## 3.1

## diving bell

manned non-self-propelled submersible tethered unit consisting of at least one chamber internally pressurized in order to allow a diver to be transported to and from an underwater site

## 3.2

## manned submersible

craft capable of carrying personnel and/or *passengers* (3.6) while operating underwater, submerging, surfacing and remaining afloat with the internal pressure of the *manned compartment* (3.4) normally maintained at or near to one atmosphere

#### 3.3

#### pressure hull

hull of a submersible that maintains structural integrity while under differential pressure

#### 3.4

#### manned compartment

compartment of the *pressure hull* (3.3) in which people are carried, generally maintained at a pressure of one atmosphere

## 3.5

#### passenger submersible

submersible carrying *passengers* (3.6) that primarily operates underwater and relies on surface support, such as a surface ship or shore-based facilities, for monitoring and for one or more of the following: recharging power supply, recharging high pressure air and recharging life-support

## 3.6

#### passenger

person other than the pilot and the members of the crew or other persons employed in any capacity on board a *passenger submersible* (3.5) craft on the business of the craft

#### 3.7

## breathing air supply system

equipment providing breathing air to the *manned compartment(s)* (3.4) while the submersible is surfaced or submerged

#### 3.8

#### reserve breathing air supply system

breathing air supply equipment specifically designated as the 'reserve' component, that is not normally used during planned dives unless some unforeseen emergency circumstance occurs

#### 3.9

#### emergency breathing air supply system

equipment providing an independent emergency air supply for use in case of fire, smoke or other toxic contaminants in manned compartment(s) or failure of the normal and the *reserve breathing air supply* system (3.8)

#### 3.10

## CO<sub>2</sub> absorption system

equipment providing CO<sub>2</sub> absorption while the submersible is surfaced or submerged

## 3.11

**LiOH** lithium hydroxide

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highly alkaline inorganic compound that can absorb CO<sub>2</sub> in the air3e0-a5d1-8a78f84598bb/iso-22252-2020

# 4 General requirements and recommendations

**4.1** The breathing air supply system shall be designed with redundancies to avoid loss of breathing air supply due to a single failure in the system.

**4.2** The  $CO_2$  absorption system shall be designed with redundancies to avoid loss of  $CO_2$  removal capability due to a single failure in the system.

**4.3** The breathing air supply and  $CO_2$  absorption systems should be designed so that as far as reasonably practicable, incorrect operation of the equipment by trained personnel is not possible.

**4.4** The breathing air supply and  $CO_2$  absorption systems shall be fit for purpose to operate safely in the specified operating parameters of the submersible. This shall be as a result of a design specification configured to the required safe operating envelope.

**4.5** The electronic equipment and systems associated with breathing air supply and  $CO_2$  absorption systems shall be able to adapt to the electromagnetic environment of the submersible. Anti-electromagnetic interference measures can be considered if necessary, for example, resisting interference from the VHF.