

SLOVENSKI STANDARD kSIST-TS FprCEN/TS 17700-4:2021

01-november-2021

[Not translated]

Plant biostimulants - Claims - Part 4: Determination of quality traits resulting from the use of a plant biostimulant

Biostimulanzien für die pflanzliche Anwendung - Angaben - Teil 4: Bestimmung der Qualitätsmerkmale, die sich aus der Verwendung eines Biostimulans für die pflanzliche Anwendung ergeben iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW

Biostimulants des végétaux - Allégations - Partie 4 : Détermination des caractéristiques qualitatives résultant de l'utilisation d'un biostimulant des végétaux

https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/0be7ea2e-22aa-46be-b925-

Ta slovenski standard je istoveten z. ksist-ts FprcEN/TS 17700-4

ICS:

65.080 Gnojila Fertilizers

kSIST-TS FprCEN/TS 17700-4:2021 en,fr,de

kSIST-TS FprCEN/TS 17700-4:2021

iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW (standards.iteh.ai)

TECHNICAL SPECIFICATION SPÉCIFICATION TECHNIQUE TECHNISCHE SPEZIFIKATION

FINAL DRAFT FprCEN/TS 17700-4

September 2021

ICS 65.080

English Version

Plant biostimulants - Claims - Part 4: Determination of quality traits resulting from the use of a plant biostimulant

Biostimulants des végétaux - Allégations - Partie 4 : Détermination des caractéristiques qualitatives résultant de l'utilisation d'un biostimulant des végétaux Biostimulanzien für die pflanzliche Anwendung -Angaben - Teil 4: Bestimmung der Qualitätsmerkmale, die sich aus der Verwendung eines Biostimulans für die pflanzliche Anwendung ergeben

This draft Technical Specification is submitted to CEN members for Vote. It has been drawn up by the Technical Committee CEN/TC 455.

CEN members are the national standards bodies of Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Croatia, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Republic of North Macedonia, Romania, Serbia, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Turkey and United Kingdom.

Recipients of this draft are invited to submit, with their comments, notification of any relevant patent rights of which they are aware and to provide supporting documentation.

Warning: This document is not a Technical Specification. It is distributed for review and comments. It is subject to change without notice and shall not be referred to as a Technical Specification.



EUROPEAN COMMITTEE FOR STANDARDIZATION COMITÉ EUROPÉEN DE NORMALISATION EUROPÄISCHES KOMITEE FÜR NORMUNG

CEN-CENELEC Management Centre: Rue de la Science 23, B-1040 Brussels

Co	ontents	Page
Eur	ropean foreword	3
Introduction		4
1	Scope	5
2	Normative references	5
3	Terms and definitions	5
4	Terminology of the claim	<i>6</i>
5	Markers to validate the claims	<i>6</i>
6	Specifications for the performance of the trials	
Annex A (informative) Some examples of claims		7
Anı	nex B (informative) Some examples of the source of the methods	8
	nex C (informative) Some examples of methods to measure a marker to validate a claim	
Bib	oliographyPREVIEW	11
	(standards.iteh.ai)	

European foreword

This document (FprCEN/TS 17700-4:2021) has been prepared by Technical Committee CEN/TC 455 "Plant biostimulants", the secretariat of which is held by AFNOR.

This document is currently submitted to the Vote on TS.

The CEN/TS 17700 series, *Plant biostimulants - Claims*, consists of the following parts:

- Part 1: General Principles;
- Part 2: Nutrient use efficiency resulting from the use of a plant biostimulant;
- Part 3: Tolerance to abiotic stress resulting from the use of a plant biostimulant;
- Part 4: Determination of quality traits resulting from the use of a plant biostimulant;
- Part 5: Determination of availability of confined nutrient in the soil or rhizosphere.

iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW (standards.iteh.ai)

Introduction

This document has been developed to provide guidance for a consistent approach to justify the claims associated with the use of plant biostimulants in agriculture.

The definition of plant biostimulants to be used in the regulation on fertilizing materials is claims-based.

For this reason, demonstrating that a product is indeed a bona fide plant biostimulant depends on a demonstration of its effect.

The placing of a plant biostimulant on the market should never be considered to guarantee effectiveness under all conditions, as many factors may influence the performance of a plant biostimulant in the field.

Plant biostimulants used in agriculture can be applied in multiple ways: on soil, on plant, as seed treatment, etc. This document is applicable to all application types of plant biostimulants in agriculture.

iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW (standards.iteh.ai)

1 Scope

This document provides guidance for justifying quality traits claims of plant biostimulants used in agriculture.

This document is aimed primarily at manufacturers, laboratories, companies which will put the products on market, notifying authorities, notified bodies, and market surveillance authorities.

2 Normative references

The following documents are referred to in the text in such a way that some or all of their content constitutes requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

CEN/TS 17700-1:—1, Plant biostimulants - Claims - Part 1: General Principles

CEN/TS 17724:—², Plant biostimulants - Terminology

3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the terms and definitions given in CEN/TS 17700-1, CEN/TS 17724 and the following apply.

3.1

quality trait iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW

desired attribute of a crop regarding agronomical and marketable traits (standards.iteh.ai)

3.2

agronomical trait

kSIST-TS FprCEN/TS 17700-4:2021

property related to plant phenotype as state, relative development, or amount of a plant organ (or part), a plant cycle stage or a plant component that has proven contribution in one or more key performance characteristics in plant production such as yield, plant value, end use or quality parameter

EXAMPLE photosynthetic activity, flower number, root length, root density, foliar biomass

3.3

marketable trait

property which can improve the marketable value and/or marketable part of the crop such as a nutritional, organoleptic or technico-functional property, physical characteristic of the harvest

3.4

nutritional property

content of substances normally consumed as a constituent of food or feed

- (a) which provides energy; or
- (b) which is needed for growth, development and maintenance of healthy life; or
- (c) a deficit of which will cause characteristic bio-chemical or physiological changes to occur

¹ Under preparation. Current stage is: FprCEN/TS 17700-1:2021.

Under preparation. Current stage is: FprCEN/TS 17724:2021.

EXAMPLE protein, fat, carbohydrates, vitamins, minerals

3.5

organoleptic property

property related to an attribute perceptible by the senses

EXAMPLE appearance, basic taste, acidity, odour, flavour, colour

3.6

techno-functional property

physico-chemical attribute which impacts a transformation process or any downstream use

EXAMPLE food, feed, energy, cosmetology, pharmacology, building materials

4 Terminology of the claim

On the label, reference shall only address the demonstrated claim(s) according to CEN/TS 17700-1. This/these claims(s) need to be covered by the definition of 3.1 "Quality trait".

The claim should specify:

- The effect of the product on the quality traits (e.g. caliber of the fruit, content on a specific substance of the plan tissues, number of flowers),
- The terminology of the crops (refer to CEN/TS 17700-1). PREVIEW

Some examples of the claims are given on Annex A (Informative).

5 Markers to validate the claims_{IST-TS FprCEN/TS 17700-4:2021}

https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/0be7ea2e-22aa-46be-b925-

Methods usable to measure markersal shall be a based on on oconsensus and/or supported by technical/scientific evidence about fitness for purpose and shall be available.

Some examples of the source of the methods are given in Annex B (Informative).

Some examples of the methods to measure a marker to validate a claim are given in Annex C (Informative).

6 Specifications for the performance of the trials

As long as the measure has to be done in the soil/involving the soil (e.g. root length, root number, germinability, plant emergence, root architecture ...), then trials under controlled conditions may be used.

The measure of the marketable part of the plant cannot be included in this exemption (e.g. size of sugar beet, carrots).

Annex A (informative)

Some examples of claims

- Improve the colour of tomato fruits,
- Increase the number of flowers of woody perennials,
- Increase the size of the roots of all crops.

iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW (standards.iteh.ai)

Annex B (informative)

Some examples of the source of the methods

Some source documents relevant to find methods in order to measure markers for claims validation:

- International/national legislations (e.g.: Agricultural Product Quality Schemes Regulation (EU)),
- International/national standards (e.g.: CEN, ISO),
- Non mandatory standards proposed by official entities (ex: United Nations Economic Commission for Europe (UNECE), Codex Alimentarius or OECD, AOAC),
- Inter-professional criteria relative to a given crop,
- International commercial specifications for a crop,
- Requirements established by the industrial sector involved in the first processing step of a given crop,
- Any internationalized recognized harmonized criteria around quality traits,
- Methods described and recognized by the scientific community in Peer-review literature publications.