
**Information technology —
Telecommunications and information
exchange between systems — Local
and metropolitan area networks —
Specific requirements —**

**Part 11:
Wireless LAN medium access control
(MAC) and physical layer (PHY)
specifications**

*Technologies de l'information — Télécommunications et échange
d'information entre systèmes — Réseaux locaux et métropolitains —
Exigences spécifiques —*

*Partie 11: Spécifications du contrôle d'accès du milieu sans fil (MAC)
et de la couche physique (PHY)*



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This second edition cancels and replaces the first edition (ISO/IEC/IEEE 8802-11:2012), which has been technically revised.

A list of all parts in the ISO/IEC/IEEE 8802 series can be found on the ISO website.

IEEE Std 802.11™-2016

(Revision of
IEEE Std 802.11-2012)

**IEEE Standard for Information technology—
Telecommunications and information exchange between systems
Local and metropolitan area networks—
Specific requirements**

Part 11: Wireless LAN Medium Access Control (MAC) and Physical Layer (PHY) Specifications

Prepared by the 802.11 Working Group of the
LAN/MAN Standards Committee
of the
IEEE Computer Society

Approved 7 December 2016
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Abstract: Technical corrections and clarifications to IEEE Std 802.11 for wireless local area networks (WLANs) as well as enhancements to the existing medium access control (MAC) and physical layer (PHY) functions are specified in this revision. Amendments 1 to 5 published in 2012 and 2013 have also been incorporated into this revision.

Keywords: 2.4 GHz, 256-QAM, 3650 MHz, 4.9 GHz, 5 GHz, 5.9 GHz, 60 GHz, advanced encryption standard, AES, audio, beamforming, carrier sense multiple access/collision avoidance, CCMP, channel switching, clustering, contention based access period, Counter mode with Cipher-block chaining Message authentication code Protocol, confidentiality, CSMA/CA, DFS, direct link, directional multi-gigabit, dynamic allocation of service period, dynamic extension of service period, dynamic frequency selection, dynamic truncation of service period, E911, EDCA, emergency alert system, emergency services, fast session transfer, forwarding, GCMP, generic advertisement service, high throughput, IEEE 802.11™, international roaming, interworking, interworking with external networks, LAN, local area network, MAC, management, measurement, medium access control, media-independent handover, medium access controller, mesh, MIH, millimeter-wave, MIMO, MIMO-OFDM, multi-band operation, multi-hop, multi-user MIMO, multiple input multiple output, network advertisement, network discovery, network management, network selection, noncontiguous frequency segments, OCB, path-selection, personal basic service set, PHY, physical layer, power saving, QoS, quality of service, quality-of-service management frame, radio, radio frequency, RF, radio resource, radio management, relay operation, spatial sharing, SSPN, subscriber service provider, television white spaces, TPC, transmit power control, video, wireless access in vehicular environments, wireless LAN, wireless local area network, WLAN, wireless network management, zero-knowledge proof

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Introduction

This introduction is not part of IEEE Std 802.11-2016, IEEE Standard for Information technology—Telecommunications and information exchange between systems—Local and metropolitan area network—Specific requirements—Part 11: Wireless LAN Medium Access Control (MAC) and Physical Layer (PHY) Specifications.

This revision gives users, in one document, the IEEE 802.11 standard for wireless local area networks (WLANs) with all of the amendments that have been published to date.

Incorporating published amendments

The original standard was published in 1997, revised in 1999 with MIB changes, and reaffirmed in 2003.

A revision was published in 2007, which incorporated into the 1999 edition the following amendments:

- IEEE Std 802.11a™-1999: High-speed Physical Layer in the 5 GHz Band (Amendment 1)
- IEEE Std 802.11b™-1999: Higher-Speed Physical Layer Extension in the 2.4 GHz Band (Amendment 2)
- IEEE Std 802.11b-1999/Corrigendum 1-2001: Higher-speed Physical Layer (PHY) extension in the 2.4 GHz band (Corrigendum 1 to Amendment 2)
- IEEE Std 802.11d™-2001: Specification for operation in additional regulatory domains (Amendment 3)
- IEEE Std 802.11g™-2003: Further Higher Data Rate Extension in the 2.4 GHz Band (Amendment 4)
- IEEE Std 802.11h™-2003: Spectrum and Transmit Power Management Extensions in the 5 GHz band in Europe (Amendment 5)
- IEEE Std 802.11i™-2004: Medium Access Control (MAC) Security Enhancements (Amendment 6)
- IEEE Std 802.11j™-2004: 4.9 GHz–5 GHz Operation in Japan (Amendment 7)
- IEEE Std 802.11e™-2005: Medium Access Control (MAC) Quality of Service Enhancements (Amendment 8)

A revision was published in 2012, which incorporated into the 2007 revision the following amendments:

- IEEE Std 802.11k™-2008: Radio Resource Measurement of Wireless LANs (Amendment 1)
- IEEE Std 802.11r™-2008: Fast Basic Service Set (BSS) Transition (Amendment 2)
- IEEE Std 802.11y™-2008: 3650–3700 MHz Operation in USA (Amendment 3)
- IEEE Std 802.11w™-2009: Protected Management Frames (Amendment 4)
- IEEE Std 802.11n™-2009: Enhancements for Higher Throughput (Amendment 5)
- IEEE Std 802.11p™-2010: Wireless Access in Vehicular Environments (Amendment 6)
- IEEE Std 802.11z™-2010: Extensions to Direct-Link Setup (DLS) (Amendment 7)
- IEEE Std 802.11v™-2011: Wireless Network Management (Amendment 8)
- IEEE Std 802.11u™-2011: Interworking with External Networks (Amendment 9)
- IEEE Std 802.11s™-2011: Mesh Networking (Amendment 10)

This revision is based on IEEE Std 802.11-2012, into which the following amendments have been incorporated:

- IEEE Std 802.11ae™-2012: Prioritization of Management Frames (Amendment 1)
- IEEE Std 802.11aa™-2012: MAC Enhancements for Robust Audio Video Streaming (Amendment 2)