

---

---

**Paper, board, pulps and cellulose  
nanomaterials — Determination of  
residue (ash content) on ignition at  
900 °C**

*Papiers, cartons, pâtes et nanomatériaux à base de cellulose —  
Détermination du résidu (cendres) après incinération à 900 °C*

iTeh Standards  
(<https://standards.iteh.ai>)  
Document Preview

[ISO 2144:2019](https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/iso/0ec4ce72-6662-44c7-a8ad-9e910ec15b6d/iso-2144-2019)

<https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/iso/0ec4ce72-6662-44c7-a8ad-9e910ec15b6d/iso-2144-2019>



**iTeh Standards**  
**(<https://standards.iteh.ai>)**  
**Document Preview**

[ISO 2144:2019](https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/iso/0ec4ce72-6662-44c7-a8ad-9e910ec15b6d/iso-2144-2019)

<https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/iso/0ec4ce72-6662-44c7-a8ad-9e910ec15b6d/iso-2144-2019>



**COPYRIGHT PROTECTED DOCUMENT**

© ISO 2019

All rights reserved. Unless otherwise specified, or required in the context of its implementation, no part of this publication may be reproduced or utilized otherwise in any form or by any means, electronic or mechanical, including photocopying, or posting on the internet or an intranet, without prior written permission. Permission can be requested from either ISO at the address below or ISO's member body in the country of the requester.

ISO copyright office  
CP 401 • Ch. de Blandonnet 8  
CH-1214 Vernier, Geneva  
Phone: +41 22 749 01 11  
Fax: +41 22 749 09 47  
Email: [copyright@iso.org](mailto:copyright@iso.org)  
Website: [www.iso.org](http://www.iso.org)

Published in Switzerland

# Contents

Page

<b>Foreword</b> .....	<b>iv</b>
<b>Introduction</b> .....	<b>v</b>
<b>1 Scope</b> .....	<b>1</b>
<b>2 Normative references</b> .....	<b>1</b>
<b>3 Terms and definitions</b> .....	<b>1</b>
<b>4 Principle</b> .....	<b>2</b>
<b>5 Apparatus</b> .....	<b>3</b>
<b>6 Sampling and preparation of test specimen</b> .....	<b>3</b>
6.1 Sample amount.....	3
6.2 Paper, board and pulp sampling.....	3
6.3 Cellulose nanomaterial sampling.....	4
<b>7 Procedure</b> .....	<b>4</b>
7.1 General.....	4
7.2 Measurement of moisture or dry matter content.....	4
7.3 Incineration.....	5
7.4 Measurement of residue (ash) mass.....	5
<b>8 Expression of results</b> .....	<b>5</b>
<b>9 Test report</b> .....	<b>6</b>
<b>Annex A (informative) Precision</b> .....	<b>7</b>
<b>Bibliography</b> .....	<b>10</b>

iTech Standards  
<https://standards.itech.ai>  
 Document Preview

[ISO 2144:2019](https://standards.itech.ai/catalog/standards/iso/0ec4ce72-6662-44c7-a8ad-9e910ec15b6d/iso-2144-2019)

<https://standards.itech.ai/catalog/standards/iso/0ec4ce72-6662-44c7-a8ad-9e910ec15b6d/iso-2144-2019>

## Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular, the different approval criteria needed for the different types of ISO documents should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2 (see [www.iso.org/directives](http://www.iso.org/directives)).

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights. Details of any patent rights identified during the development of the document will be in the Introduction and/or on the ISO list of patent declarations received (see [www.iso.org/patents](http://www.iso.org/patents)).

Any trade name used in this document is information given for the convenience of users and does not constitute an endorsement.

For an explanation of the voluntary nature of standards, the meaning of ISO specific terms and expressions related to conformity assessment, as well as information about ISO's adherence to the World Trade Organization (WTO) principles in the Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT) see [www.iso.org/iso/foreword.html](http://www.iso.org/iso/foreword.html).

This document was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 6, *Paper, board and pulps*.

This sixth edition cancels and replaces the fifth edition (ISO 2144:2015), which has been technically revised. The main changes compared to the previous edition are as follows:

- The scope has been changed to cover also cellulose nanomaterials instead of only paper, board and pulps;
- A definition of cellulose nanomaterial, along with additional instructions for sampling, sample preparation, and incineration for cellulose nanomaterials have been incorporated;
- Additional instructions are given on how to express results when a sample has low ash content.

Any feedback or questions on this document should be directed to the user's national standards body. A complete listing of these bodies can be found at [www.iso.org/members.html](http://www.iso.org/members.html).

## Introduction

The magnitude of the residue (ash content) on ignition at a given temperature is related to, but not equal to, the content of mineral constituents in the sample. For coated and filled products, the amount of added mineral constituents can only be calculated from the result if the loss on ignition of the particular pigment used is known. For China clay, the residue on ignition at 900 °C varies from 89 % to 86 % and for calcium carbonate it is about 56 %.

The determination is mainly used as a screening test for checking the overall quality of a product, in many cases against specifications. The ignition procedure described can be used as a preliminary step when determining particular mineral constituents.

Determination of residue (ash content) on ignition at 525 °C of paper, board, pulps and cellulose nanomaterials is described in ISO 1762<sup>[1]</sup>.

# iTeh Standards (<https://standards.iteh.ai>) Document Preview

[ISO 2144:2019](https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/iso/0ec4ce72-6662-44c7-a8ad-9e910ec15b6d/iso-2144-2019)

<https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/iso/0ec4ce72-6662-44c7-a8ad-9e910ec15b6d/iso-2144-2019>

