INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

ISO 17927-1

First edition 2020-03

Welding for aerospace applications — Fusion welding of metallic components —

Part 1: **Process specification**

Soudage pour applications aérospatiales — Soudage par fusion des composants métalliques —

Partie 1: Spécification de processus

Document Preview

ISO 17927-1:2020

https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/iso/770f92f8-96c1-43b4-9f3c-aecf22a0671d/iso-17927-1-2020



iTeh Standards (https://standards.iteh.ai) Document Preview

ISO 17927-1:2020

https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/iso/770f92f8-96c1-43b4-9f3c-aecf22a0671d/iso-17927-1-2020



COPYRIGHT PROTECTED DOCUMENT

© ISO 2020

All rights reserved. Unless otherwise specified, or required in the context of its implementation, no part of this publication may be reproduced or utilized otherwise in any form or by any means, electronic or mechanical, including photocopying, or posting on the internet or an intranet, without prior written permission. Permission can be requested from either ISO at the address below or ISO's member body in the country of the requester.

ISO copyright office CP 401 • Ch. de Blandonnet 8 CH-1214 Vernier, Geneva Phone: +41 22 749 01 11 Fax: +41 22 749 09 47 Email: copyright@iso.org Website: www.iso.org

Published in Switzerland

Con	itent	ppe rmative references 1 rms and definitions 2 rms and definitions 3 ality levels 4 Iding procedure specification (WPS) 4 General WPS qualification/welding procedure qualification record (WPQR) 6 General Identification and traceability of welding consumables Storage and use 9,3.1 Filler material 9,3.2 Welding fluxes 9,3.3 Welding fluxes 9,3.3 Gases Welding equipment 9,4.1 General 8,4.2 Galibration Weld joint preparation Weld joint preparation Weld joint preparation 9,5.1 Pre-weld joint configuration 9,5.2 Butt joint members of unequal thickness Pre-weld cleaning and other preparation 9,6.1 Surface cleaning 9,6.2 Protection and recleaning of cleaned surfaces before fit-up Preheating and interpass temperature control Tack welds Interpass cleaning Weld shielding 10 Weld shielding 11 Spatter protection 11 Spatter protection 12 Filler materials 11 Spatter protection 12 Filler materials 13 Interpass cleaning 14 Welding and weldments 15 9,14.1 General 19,14.2 Weld settings 11 9,14.2 Weld settings 12 9,14.4 In-process correction 9,14.5 Post-weld processing 13 Weld intification requirements 13 9,15.1 Weld traceability 13 9,15.2 Acceptance inspection 13 9,15.3 Acceptance criteria 4 Rework 14 9,16.1 General			
Fore	word				
1	Scon	e	1		
2	_				
_					
3					
4	Conf	ormance	3		
5	Class	sification and inspection requirements of joints	3		
6	Qual	ity levels	4		
7					
8					
	8.1				
	8.2	WPS qualification/welding procedure qualification record (WPQR)	6		
9	Fabri	ication	7		
	9.1				
	9.2	Identification and traceability of welding consumables	8		
	9.3	Storage and use	8		
		9.3.2 Welding fluxes	8		
	9.4				
		9.4.1 General			
	0.5				
	9.5				
	9.6	, 1			
	9.0				
	9.7	Preheating and internace temperature control	10		
	9.8	Tack welds	10		
	9.9				
	9.10				
	9.11				
	9.12				
	9.13	Interpass cleaning			
	9.14	Welding and weldments			
	0.4				
	9.15				
		1 1			
	9.16	1			
	9.10				
		9.16.2 Allowed number of rework attempts			
		9.16.3 Root area rework			
		9.16.4 Inspection of the rework			
		9.16.5 Documentation of rework			
	917	Renair	14		

iii

ISO 17927-1:2020(E)

		9.17.1 General	14
		9.17.2 Repair instructions	14
	9.18	Record requirements	15
	9.19	Welding parameters	
	9.20	Reproducibility tests for qualified machine welding settings	15
		9.20.1 Applicability of requirements	
		9.20.2 Test requirements	
10	Perso	onnel	15
	10.1	Welding coordination personnel	
	10.2	Qualification of welders and welding operators	
	10.3	Qualification of inspection personnel	
		10.3.1 Qualification of non-destructive testing (NDT) personnel	
		10.3.2 Visual weld inspectors	
11	Inspe	ection methods	16
	11.1		
	11.2	Non-destructive testing	
		11.2.1 General	
		11.2.2 Penetrant testing (PT)	
		11.2.3 Magnetic particle testing (MT)	16
		11.2.4 Radiographic testing (RT)	17
		11.2.5 Ultrasonic testing (UT)	17
		11.2.6 Other non-destructive test methods	
	11.3	Destructive testing.	17
		11.3.1 General	
		11.3.2 Tensile testing	17
		11.3.3 Bend testing	17
		11.3.4 Hardness testing	17
		11.3.5 Metallographic examination	
12	Requ	irements specific to TIG and plasma welding processes	18
Anne	x A (inf	Formative) Welding procedure qualification record (WPQR)	19
		ormative) Welding procedure specification (WPS)	
		ormative) Example for preheat and interpass temperature	
Bibli	ograph	V	25

Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular, the different approval criteria needed for the different types of ISO documents should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2 (see www.iso.org/directives).

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights. Details of any patent rights identified during the development of the document will be in the Introduction and/or on the ISO list of patent declarations received (see www.iso.org/patents).

Any trade name used in this document is information given for the convenience of users and does not constitute an endorsement.

For an explanation of the voluntary nature of standards, the meaning of ISO specific terms and expressions related to conformity assessment, as well as information about ISO's adherence to the World Trade Organization (WTO) principles in the Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT) see www.iso.org/iso/foreword.html.

This document was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 44, Welding and allied processes, Subcommittee SC 14, Welding and brazing in aerospace.

Any feedback or questions on this document should be directed to the user's national standards body. A complete listing of these bodies can be found at www.iso.org/members.html. Official interpretations of ISO/TC 44 documents, where they exist, are available from this page: https://committee.iso.org/sites/tc44/home/interpretation.html.

A list of all parts in the ISO 17297 series can be found on the ISO website.

iTeh Standards (https://standards.iteh.ai) Document Preview

ISO 17927-1:2020

https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/iso/770f92f8-96c1-43b4-9f3c-aecf22a0671d/iso-17927-1-2020

Welding for aerospace applications — Fusion welding of metallic components —

Part 1:

Process specification

1 Scope

This document specifies the requirements for fusion welding of aerospace hardware. It is to be used in conjunction with the design/engineering authority's design documents or their accepted data.

This document covers the processes given in <u>Table 1</u> and material groups given in <u>Table 2</u>.

Table 1 — Fusion welding processes covered by this document

Process	Process number (ISO 4063)
Oxyfuel welding	31
Gas-shielded arc welding with non-consumable tungsten electrode, Gas tungsten arc welding	14
Plasma arc welding	15
Electron beam welding 11 to US.//StalluaruS.Itell	51
Laser welding, Laser beam welding	52

Table 2 — Material groups covered by this document (see ISO 24394:2018, 4.5)

Material group	180 1/92/-1:20 Description				
S.//Stanuards.hten.ai/	Unalloyed steel, low-alloyed steels, high-alloyed ferritic steels				
В	Austenitic, martensitic and precipitation hardening steels				
С	Titanium and titanium alloys, niobium, zirconium and other reactive metals				
D	Aluminium and magnesium alloys				
Е	Materials that do not conform to other material groups (e.g. molybdenum, tungsten, copper alloys)				
F	Nickel alloys, cobalt alloys.				

2 Normative references

The following documents are referred to in the text in such a way that some or all of their content constitutes requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO 3452 (all parts), Non-destructive testing — Penetrant testing

ISO 4063, Welding and allied processes — Nomenclature of processes and reference numbers

ISO 4136, Destructive tests on welds in metallic materials — Transverse tensile test

ISO 5173, Destructive tests on welds in metallic materials — Bend tests

ISO 6506-1, Metallic materials — Brinell hardness test — Part 1: Test method

ISO 17927-1:2020(E)

ISO 6507-1, Metallic materials — Vickers hardness test — Part 1: Test method

ISO 6508 (all parts), Metallic materials — Rockwell hardness test

ISO 6892 (all parts), Metallic materials — Tensile testing

ISO 9015-1, Destructive tests on welds in metallic materials — Hardness testing — Part 1: Hardness test on arc welded joints

ISO 10863, Non-destructive testing of welds — Ultrasonic testing — Use of time-of-flight diffraction technique (TOFD)

ISO 13588, Non-destructive testing of welds — Ultrasonic testing — Use of automated phased array technology

ISO 17636 (all parts), Non-destructive testing of welds — Radiographic testing

ISO 17638, Non-destructive testing of welds — Magnetic particle testing

ISO 17640, Non-destructive testing of welds — Ultrasonic testing — Techniques, testing levels, and assessment

ISO 17927-2¹⁾, Welding for aerospace applications — Fusion welding of metallic components — Part 2: Acceptance criteria

ISO 19828, Welding for aerospace applications — Visual inspection of welds

ISO 24394, Welding for aerospace applications — Qualification test for welders and welding operators — Fusion welding of metallic components

ISO/TR 25901-1, Welding and allied processes — Vocabulary — Part 1: General terms

EN 4179, Aerospace series — Qualification and approval of personnel for non-destructive testing

ASTM E8/E8M, Test Methods for Tension Testing of Metallic Materials

ASTM E18, Test Methods for Rockwell Hardness of Metallic Materials 4-9 Bc-aecf22a0671d/iso-17927-1-2020

ASTM E21, Standard Test Methods for Elevated Temperature Tension Tests of Metallic Materials

ASTM E384, Standard Test Method for Microindentation Hardness of Materials

ASTM E1417/E1417M, Standard Practice for Liquid Penetrant Testing

ASTM E1742/E1742M, Standard Practice for Radiographic Examination

ASTM E1444/E1444M, Standard Practice for Magnetic Particle Testing

SAE AMS 2644, Inspection Material, Penetrant

SAE AMS-STD-2154, Inspection, Ultrasonic, Wrought Metals, Process for

3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the terms and definitions given in ISO/TR 25901-1 and the following apply.

ISO and IEC maintain terminological databases for use in standardization at the following addresses:

- ISO Online browsing platform: available at https://www.iso.org/obp
- IEC Electropedia: available at http://www.electropedia.org/

¹⁾ Under preparation. (Stage at the time of publication: ISO/FDIS 17927-2:2019.)

3.1

backgouging

removal of weld metal and base metal from the weld root side of a welded joint to facilitate complete fusion and complete joint penetration upon subsequent welding from that side

3.2

design/engineering authority

organization having the responsibility for the structural integrity or maintenance of airworthiness of the hardware and compliance with all relevant documents

[SOURCE: ISO 24394:2018, 3.8]

3.3

welding procedure specification

WPS

document providing in detail the required variables of the welding procedure to ensure repeatability

3.4

welding procedure qualification record WPOR

record comprising all necessary data needed for qualification of a preliminary welding procedure specification

3.5

autogenous weld

fusion weld without filler material and Standards

4 Conformance https://standards.iteh.ai)

When conformance to this document is claimed, all provisions of this document are to be complied with, except those for provisions that the design/engineering authority specifically exempts.

5 Classification and inspection requirements of joints

For the purposes of this document, three classes of welds are defined. This classification shall be stated in the design documents. If there are no other testing requirements defined by the design/engineering authority, the minimum amount of testing shall be as follows.

- Class I: A welded joint whose failure under operating conditions causes the loss of the aircraft/ spacecraft or one of its main components, or constitutes a direct hazard to people.
 - Visual and dimensional inspection: 100 % of all welds; penetrant or and magnetic particle testing or any other surface test method: 100 % of all welds; testing of the sub-surface characteristics: 100 % of all welds.
- Class II: A welded joint whose failure causes malfunctions without compromising continued safe flight until the end of the mission.
 - Visual and dimensional inspection, 100 % of all welds and penetrant or and magnetic particle testing or any other adequate test method, 100 % of all welds.
- Class III: A welded joint whose failure does not affect the safety and the transport function of the aircraft/spacecraft.

Visual and dimensional inspection, 100 % of all welds.

For the purpose of series preparation/pre-production or in the case of critical welding operations, it can be necessary, also for classes II and III, to increase the scope of testing beyond that specified here. Likewise, in the course of series production, the scope of testing may be reduced if sufficient evidence of process reliability can be provided.

Refer to design/engineering authority for design documents not specifying a classification and/or inspection requirements.

6 Quality levels

Quality level A weld: Weld with high quality acceptance requirements.

Quality level B weld: Weld with moderate quality acceptance requirements.

Quality level C weld: Weld with typical quality acceptance requirements.

The quality levels are as defined by the engineering/drawing and/or specified by the design/engineering authority.

7 Weldment design

The design/engineering authority is responsible for the design of the weldment and defines the requirements to ensure compliance with all mission and systems requirements. The engineering documentation shall clearly define special requirements, such as fracture critical, durability critical, mission critical, or safety critical, imposed over and above the general requirements. Also, the design/engineering authority shall define process controls to ensure that all design requirements can be met by welds produced in accordance with specified procedure, fabrication, and inspection requirements.

For fillet welds, the weld size specified on the drawing is the minimum.

8 Welding procedure specification (WPS)

8.1 General

A welding procedure specification is required for each weld. For an example of a WPS, see Annex B.

The welding procedure specification (WPS) shall include the information as given in Table 3.

Table 3 — Welding procedure specification (WPS) data

Essential variable		Electron beam welding	TIG welding (GTAW ^a)	Laser beam welding	Oxyfuel welding	Plasma arc welding	
Joint design							
*	Joint type and dimensions	X	X	X	X	X	
*	Treatment of backside, method of gouging/preparation	0	0	0	0	0	
*	Backing	0	0	0	0	0	
Base metal(s)							
*	Base metal(s) designation(s)	Х	X	X	X	X	
*	Heat treatment condition	Х	X	X	X	X	
*	Base metal form (sheet, tube etc.)	X	X	X	X	X	
*	Thickness	X	X	X	X	X	
	Diameter (tubular only)	X	X	X	X	X	

X Data that shall be included in a WPS.

O Data that only need to be included in a WPS if used for that particular welding procedure.

Gas tungsten arc welding.

 Table 3 (continued)

Essential variable		Electron beam welding	TIG welding (GTAW ^a)	Laser beam welding	Oxyfuel welding	Plasma arc welding			
*	Coating description or type	0	0	0	0	0			
	Material group number according to Table 2	X	X	X	X	X			
	Filler material								
*	Specification, alloy designation, or the nominal composition	0	0	0	0	0			
*	Filler material size or diameter	0	0	0	0	0			
*	Flux		O		0				
*	Filler material feed rate	0	0	0		0			
*	Consumable insert and type		0			0			
*	Hot wire		0	0		0			
		Position							
*	Welding position(s)	X	Х	X	X	X			
	Preheat a	nd interpass	temperatur	e					
	Preheat method	0	0	0	0	0			
*	Preheat minimum and/or maximum temperature	ita ⁰ nd	0	0	0	0			
*	Interpass temperature minimum and/or maximum	0		0	0	0			
	(Interport State	Shielding g	as	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •					
*	Torch shielding gas and flow rate range	ent Pr	evxew	X		X			
*	Root shielding gas and flow rate range	17927-1:202	<u>N</u> X	X		X			
ps://standards	Environmental shielding and vacuum pressure	0f92f8-96c1 X	-43b4-9f3c-	aecf22a067 0	1d/iso-1792	7-1-2020			
*	Shielding gas devices and flow rate ranges		0	0		0			
*	Gas cup design/size or gas lens		0			0			
	Energy characteristics								
*	Current type and polarity		Х			X			
*	Current range	X	X			X			
*	Voltage range	X	0			X			
*	Beam power; focus, current; pulse frequency range; filament type, shape, size	Х		X					
*	Specification, classification, and diameter of tungsten electrode		X			X			
*	Electrode geometry		X			X			
*	Control of electrode to work piece distance (mechanized welding)		X			X			
*	Pulsed current parameters		0			0			
-	<u> </u>			1	I.				

X Data that shall be included in a WPS.

O Data that only need to be included in a WPS if used for that particular welding procedure.

Gas tungsten arc welding.