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**Papir, karton, lepenka in vlaknine ter celulozni nanomateriali - Določevanje v  
kislini topnega magnezija, kalcija, mangana, železa, bakra, natrija in kalija**

Paper, board, pulps and cellulose nanomaterials -- Determination of acid-soluble  
magnesium, calcium, manganese, iron, copper, sodium and potassium

Papiers, cartons, pâtes et nanomatériaux à base de cellulose -- Détermination de la  
teneur en magnésium, calcium, manganèse, fer, cuivre, sodium et potassium soluble  
dans l'acide

**Ta slovenski standard je istoveten z: ISO 12830:2019**

**ICS:**

85.040	Vlaknine	Pulps
85.060	Papir, karton in lepenka	Paper and board

**oSIST ISO 12830:2020**

**en,fr,de**

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# INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

# ISO 12830

Second edition  
2019-07

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## Paper, board, pulps and cellulose nanomaterials — Determination of acid-soluble magnesium, calcium, manganese, iron, copper, sodium and potassium

*Papiers, cartons, pâtes et nanomatériaux à base de cellulose —  
Détermination de la teneur en magnésium, calcium, manganèse, fer,  
cuivre, sodium et potassium soluble dans l'acide*

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CP 401 • Ch. de Blandonnet 8  
CH-1214 Vernier, Geneva  
Phone: +41 22 749 01 11  
Fax: +41 22 749 09 47  
Email: [copyright@iso.org](mailto:copyright@iso.org)  
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## ISO 12830:2019(E)

### Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular, the different approval criteria needed for the different types of ISO documents should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2 (see [www.iso.org/directives](http://www.iso.org/directives)).

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights. Details of any patent rights identified during the development of the document will be in the Introduction and/or on the ISO list of patent declarations received (see [www.iso.org/patents](http://www.iso.org/patents)).

Any trade name used in this document is information given for the convenience of users and does not constitute an endorsement.

For an explanation of the voluntary nature of standards, the meaning of ISO specific terms and expressions related to conformity assessment, as well as information about ISO's adherence to the World Trade Organization (WTO) principles in the Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT) see [www.iso.org/iso/foreword.html](http://www.iso.org/iso/foreword.html).

This document was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 6, *Paper, board and pulps*.

This second edition cancels and replaces the first edition (ISO 12830:2011), which has been technically revised. The main changes to the previous edition are as follows:

- the scope has been changed to include cellulose nanomaterials in addition to paper, board and pulps;
- a definition of cellulose nanomaterial has been incorporated, along with additional instructions for sampling, sample preparation, incineration and dissolution of the residue for cellulose nanomaterials;
- additional instructions are given on how to express results when an element is not detected.

Any feedback or questions on this document should be directed to the user's national standards body. A complete listing of these bodies can be found at [www.iso.org/members.html](http://www.iso.org/members.html).

## Introduction

This document combines the determination of the acid-soluble part of magnesium (Mg), calcium (Ca), manganese (Mn), iron (Fe), copper (Cu), sodium (Na) and potassium (K) into a single document. The scope of this document covers only the acid-soluble part of the elements.

ISO 17812<sup>[1]</sup> specifies the procedure for the determination of total magnesium, total calcium, total manganese, total iron and total copper by atomic absorption spectrometry (AAS) or by inductively coupled plasma emission spectrometry (ICP/ES).

In the context of this document, “cellulose nanomaterial” refers specifically to cellulose nano-objects (see 3.1 to 3.3). Owing to their nanoscale dimensions, these cellulose nano-objects can have intrinsic properties, behaviours or functionalities that are distinct from those associated with paper, board and pulps.

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# Paper, board, pulps and cellulose nanomaterials — Determination of acid-soluble magnesium, calcium, manganese, iron, copper, sodium and potassium

**WARNING** — The method specified in this document involves the use of some hazardous chemicals and of gases that may form explosive mixtures with air. Care should be taken to ensure that the relevant precautions are observed.

**WARNING** — The method specified in this document involves the use of nanomaterials. Care should be taken to ensure observation of the relevant precautions and guidelines for nanotechnology laboratory safety and best practices.

## 1 Scope

This document specifies the procedure for the determination of acid-soluble magnesium, calcium, manganese, iron, copper, sodium and potassium by atomic absorption spectrometry (AAS) or by inductively coupled plasma emission spectrometry (ICP/ES). The acid-soluble element comprises the acid-soluble part of the incineration residue, i.e. that part of the ignition residue obtained after incineration which is soluble in hydrochloric acid or nitric acid. In cases where the residue is completely soluble, the result obtained by the procedure specified in this document is a measure of the total amount of each element in the sample.

This document is applicable to all types of paper, board, pulps and cellulose nanomaterials.

The limit of determination depends on the element and on the instrument used.

## 2 Normative references

The following documents are referred to in the text in such a way that some or all of their content constitutes requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO 186, *Paper and board — Sampling to determine average quality*

ISO 638, *Paper, board and pulps — Determination of dry matter content — Oven-drying method*

ISO 1762, *Paper, board and pulps — Determination of residue (ash) on ignition at 525 °C*

ISO 3696, *Water for analytical laboratory use — Specification and test methods*

ISO 7213, *Pulps — Sampling for testing*

## 3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the following terms and definitions apply.

ISO and IEC maintain terminological databases for use in standardization at the following addresses:

- ISO Online browsing platform: available at <https://www.iso.org/obp/>
- IEC Electropedia: available at <http://www.electropedia.org/>

## ISO 12830:2019(E)

**3.1 cellulose nanomaterial**  
material composed predominantly of cellulose, with any external dimension between approximately 1 nm and 100 nm, or a material having internal structure or surface structure in the *nanoscale* (3.4), with the internal structure or surface structure composed predominantly of cellulose

Note 1 to entry: The terms nanocellulose and cellulosic nanomaterial are synonymous with cellulose nanomaterial.

Note 2 to entry: Some cellulose nanomaterials can be composed of chemically modified cellulose.

Note 3 to entry: This generic term is inclusive of cellulose nano-object and cellulose nanostructured material.

Note 4 to entry: See also definitions of cellulose, nanoscale, cellulose nano-object and cellulose nanostructured material in ISO/TS 20477:2017.

[SOURCE: ISO/TS 20477:2017, 3.3.1, modified — “1 nm to 100 nm” changed to “1 nm and 100 nm”; abbreviations deleted from Note 1 to entry; Note 4 to entry added.]

**3.2 nano-object**  
discrete piece of material with one, two or three external dimensions in the *nanoscale* (3.4)

Note 1 to entry: The second and third external dimensions are orthogonal to the first dimension and to each other.

[SOURCE: ISO/TS 80004-1:2015, 2.5]

**3.3 cellulose nano-object**  
*nano-object* (3.2) composed predominantly of cellulose

[SOURCE: ISO/TS 20477:2017, 3.3.2]

**3.4 nanoscale**  
length range approximately from 1 nm to 100 nm

Note 1 to entry: Properties that are not extrapolations from larger sizes are predominantly exhibited in this length range.

[SOURCE: ISO/TS 80004-1:2015, 2.1]

## 4 Principle

A test specimen is incinerated at 525 °C and the residue is dissolved in hydrochloric acid or nitric acid. The concentration of each element in the test solution is then determined by AAS or ICP/ES. Techniques using other types of instrumentation, such as ICP-mass spectrometry (ICP/MS), may also be used provided that they give at least the same level of precision as AAS or ICP/ES, and that they have been properly validated. The use of any such instrumentation shall also be reported.

## 5 Reagents and materials

### 5.1 General

All chemicals shall be of reagent grade or better unless otherwise indicated. Water shall be distilled or deionized, of grade 2 or better in accordance with ISO 3696.

**5.2 Hydrochloric acid (HCl)**, 6 mol/l, trace metal grade. Dilute 500 ml of concentrated hydrochloric acid (specific gravity 1,19 g/ml) to 1 000 ml with water.