INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

First edition 2020-04

Electrically propelled road vehicles — Magnetic field wireless power transfer — Safety and interoperability requirements

Véhicules routiers électriques — Transmission d'énergie sans fil par champ magnétique — Exigences de sécurité et d'interopérabilité

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Reference number ISO 19363:2020(E)

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Published in Switzerland

Contents

Page

Fore	word	v				
Intro	oduction	vi				
1	Scope					
2	Normative references					
-3	Terms and definitions					
	System structure					
4						
5	Requirements regarding environmental conditions	5				
6	Classification					
7	MF-WPT power transfer requirements					
	7.1 General					
	7.2 Frequency					
	7.3 Geometrical operating space					
	7.4 Requirements for output power					
	7.5 Requirements for power transfer efficiency					
	7.6 Requirements for output voltage					
	7.6.1 Performance requirements at different output voltage levels7.6.2 Voltage ripple and voltage overshoot					
	7.6.2 Voltage hpple and voltage overshoot7.7 MF-WPT power transfer test procedure.	0 Q				
	7.7 Mil-wr i power transfer test procedure					
	7.7.2 Test setup					
	7.7.3 Test procedure					
8	Requirements for communication and MF-WPT activities					
_	EMC requirements					
9	-					
10	Safety requirements	14				
	10.1 Protection in case of unintended power transfer					
	10.2 I Toteetion against electric shock					
	10.2.1 General					
	10.2.2 Insulation coordination					
	10.3 Protection against thermal incidents					
	10.3.1 General					
	 10.3.2 Overload protection and short-circuit protection 10.4 Protection of persons against electromagnetic effects 					
	10.4 Protection of persons against electromagnetic effects					
	10.4.1 General 10.4.2 Protection areas					
	10.4.3 Requirements for protection of persons against exposure to hazardous	1J				
	electromagnetic fields	16				
	10.4.4 Requirements to protect the functionality of AIMDs					
	10.5 Protection against overheating					
4.4						
11	Owner's manual and marking					
	11.1 Owner's manual11.2 Marking					
		1/				
Anne	ex A (normative) Reference supply power circuit for EVPCs with a rated output power ≤3,7 kW					
Anne	ex B (normative) Reference supply power circuit for EVPCs with a rated output power ≤11,1 kW	23				
Anne	ex C (informative) Example for a different implementation of a supply power circuit					
Anne	ex D (informative) Conformance demonstration for protection of persons against					
	electromagnetic effects					
	-					

Bibliography 39

iTeh Standards (https://standards.iteh.ai) Document Preview

ISO 19363:202

https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/iso/eea8b016-fdbe-44f5-971b-a90430297d0d/iso-19363-2020

Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular, the different approval criteria needed for the different types of ISO documents should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2 (see www.iso.org/directives).

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights. Details of any patent rights identified during the development of the document will be in the Introduction and/or on the ISO list of patent declarations received (see www.iso.org/patents).

Any trade name used in this document is information given for the convenience of users and does not constitute an endorsement.

For an explanation of the voluntary nature of standards, the meaning of ISO specific terms and expressions related to conformity assessment, as well as information about ISO's adherence to the World Trade Organization (WTO) principles in the Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT) see www.iso.org/iso/foreword.html.

This document was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 22, *Road vehicles*, SC 37, *Electrically propelled vehicles*.

This first edition cancels and replaces ISO/PAS 19363:2017, which has been technically revised. The main changes compared to the previous edition are as follows:

^{ttps}—stMF-WPT classes and z- classes eliminated; MF-WPT classes and z- classes eliminated;

- compatibility classes introduced;
- reference devices changed to off-board devices and description updated;
- communication and functional requirements deleted.

Any feedback or questions on this document should be directed to the user's national standards body. A complete listing of these bodies can be found at <u>www.iso.org/members.html</u>.

Introduction

This document prescribes the usage of the wireless power transfer technology to charge electrically propelled road vehicles and has been developed based on ISO/PAS 19363.

Status of technological development:

This document specifies requirements for on-board components of a wireless power transfer systems. It gives guidance in terms of safety and performance and additionally addresses interoperability to off-board components from different manufacturers to, for example support the development of public wireless charging infrastructure. Even if the technology itself is well known, the implementation in a vehicle is new and demands to meet the very specific requirements of the automotive industry. This document is based on limited experience with series development and production. Current and future product developments will continuously prove (and disprove) the applicability of this document to further improve the contents, especially regarding the interoperability between systems from different manufacturers.

Cooperation during document development:

This document has been developed in intense cooperation with IEC/TC 69 WG7, which is establishing the IEC 61980 series. The IEC 61980 series covers the requirements for the off-board components in correspondence to the application of on-board components according to this document. Furthermore, SAE J2954 is standardising wireless power transfer systems in the United States of America. An exchange between the groups was continuously sustained during the document development. Even though there is no complete harmonization at this stage, several contents are comparable.

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Electrically propelled road vehicles — Magnetic field wireless power transfer — Safety and interoperability requirements

1 Scope

This document defines the requirements and operation of the on-board vehicle equipment that enables magnetic field wireless power transfer (MF-WPT) for traction battery charging of electric vehicles. It is intended to be used for passenger cars and light duty vehicles.

This document addresses the following aspects for an EV device:

- safety requirements;
- transferred power and power transfer efficiency;
- ground clearance of the EV device;
- functionality with associated off-board systems under various conditions and independent of manufacturer;
- test procedures.

EV devices that fulfil the requirements in this document are intended to operate with supply devices that fulfil the MF-WPT related requirements in the IEC 61980 series.

NOTE 1 Charging of a vehicle in motion is not considered in this edition.

NOTE 2 Bi-directional power transfer is not considered in this edition.

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2 Normative references

The following documents are referred to in the text in such a way that some or all of their content constitutes requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO 6469-3:2018, Electrically propelled road vehicles — Safety specifications — Part 3: Electrical safety

ISO 20653, Road vehicles — Degrees of protection (IP code) — Protection of electrical equipment against foreign objects, water and access

IEC 61980-2, Electric vehicle wireless power transfer (WPT) Systems — Part 2: specific requirements for communication between electric road vehicle (EV) and infrastructure with respect to wireless power transfer (WPT) systems

IEC 61980-3, Electric vehicle wireless power transfer (WPT) systems — Part 3: Specific requirements for the magnetic field power transfer systems

ICNIRP 2010, Guidelines for limiting exposure to time-varying electric and magnetic fields (1 Hz – 100 kHz)

CISPR 11, Industrial, scientific and medical equipment — Radio-frequency disturbance characteristics — Limits and methods of measurement

IEC 60664 (all parts), Insulation coordination for equipment within low-voltage systems

3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the following terms and definitions apply.

ISO and IEC maintain terminological databases for use in standardization at the following addresses:

- ISO Online browsing platform: available at https://www.iso.org/obp
- IEC Electropedia: available at http://www.electropedia.org/

3.1

alignment

relative position in x- and y-direction of the secondary device (3.15) to the primary device (3.9) for a given secondary device ground clearance (3.16)

Note 1 to entry: The coordinate system conforms with ISO 4130.

3.2

alignment tolerance area

intended WPT (3.22) operating area in x- and y-direction for a given secondary device ground clearance (3.16)

3.3

centre alignment point

geometrical centre of the alignment tolerance area (3.2)

Note 1 to entry: The position of the centre alignment point of an *MF-WPT system* (3.8) depends on the specific centre alignment points of the *primary device* (3.9) and *secondary device* (3.15).

3.4

electrically propelled vehicle

EV

vehicle with one or more electric drive(s) for vehicle propulsion

[SOURCE: ISO 6469-3:2018, 3.15, modified — The abbreviation "EV" has been added.]

a.5 https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/iso/eea8b016-fdbe-44f5-971b-a90430297d0d/iso-19363-2020

EV device

on-board component assembly of WPT system (3.23)

Note 1 to entry: See Figure 1.

3.6 EV power circuit EVPC

on-board component assembly, comprising the *secondary device* (3.15) and *EV power electronics* (3.7), as well as the electrical and mechanical connections

Note 1 to entry: See Figure 1.

3.7

EV power electronics

on-board component that converts the power and frequency from the *secondary device* (3.15) to the DC power output of the *EVPC* (3.6)

Note 1 to entry: See Figure 1.

3.8

magnetic field WPT system

MF-WPT system *WPT system* (3.23) using magnetic field

3.9

primary device

off-board component that generates and shapes the magnetic field for WPT (3.22)

Note 1 to entry: See Figure 1.

3.10

protection area

volume in and around the vehicle that has uniform requirements with regard to effects of exposure to electromagnetic fields

3.11

rated output power

maximum power the EVPC (3.6) is designed to deliver consistently during a charging cycle

3.12

rechargeable energy storage system

RESS

rechargeable system that stores energy for delivery of electric energy for the electric drive

EXAMPLE Battery, capacitor, flywheel.

[SOURCE: ISO 6469-1:2019, 3.22]

3.13

reference EVPC

EVPC (3.6) that serves for testing purposes candards

3.14

reference supply power circuit

supply power circuit (3.19) that serves for testing purposes

3.15

secondary device

on-board component that captures the magnetic field

tandards/iso/eea8b016-fdbe-44f5-971b-a90430297d0d/iso-19363-2020 Note 1 to entry: See Figure 1.

3.16

secondary device ground clearance

vertical distance between the ground surface and the lowest point of the secondary device (3.15) including the housing

Note 1 to entry: Note to entry: The lower surface does not need to be planar or parallel to the ground surface

3.17

steady state

state of a system at which all state and output variables remain constant in time while all input variables are constant

[SOURCE: IEC 60050-351:2006, 351-24-09]

3.18

supply device off-board component assembly of *WPT system* (3.23)

Note 1 to entry: See Figure 1.

3.19

supply power circuit

off-board component assembly, comprising the *primary device* (<u>3.9</u>) and *supply power electronics* (<u>3.20</u>), as well as the electrical and mechanical connections

Note 1 to entry: See Figure 1.

3.20

supply power electronics

off-board component that converts the power and frequency from the supply network to the power and frequency needed by the *primary device* (3.9)

Note 1 to entry: See Figure 1.

3.21

voltage class B

classification of an electric component or circuit with a maximum working voltage of (>30 and \leq 1 000) V AC (rms) or (>60 and \leq 1 500) V DC, respectively

3.22

wireless power transfer

WPT

transfer of electrical energy from a power source to an electrical load without galvanic connection

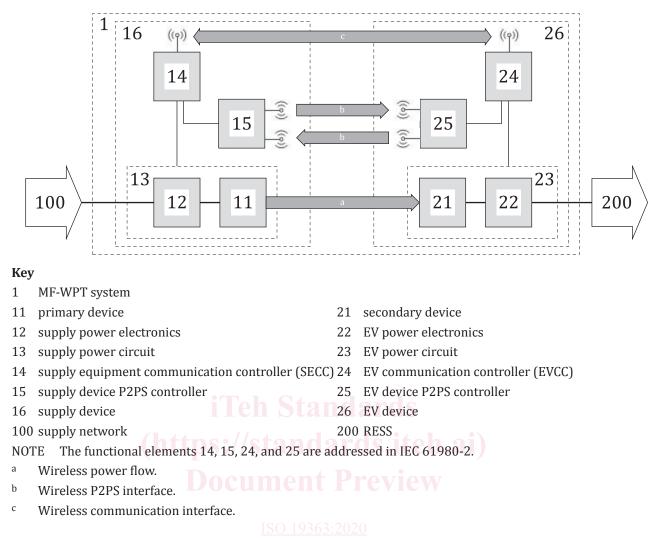
3.23

WPT system

system comprising all necessary components for WPT (3.22) and control

4 System structure

To establish a general baseline for the requirements defined in this document, in IEC 61980-2 and in IEC 61980-3, the MF-WPT system is structured into functional entities. Figure 1 shows this structure of functional entities in an exemplary architecture.



https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/st Figure 1 — Example of system structure 30297d0d/iso-19363-2020

5 Requirements regarding environmental conditions

Components of the EV device installed at the underbody of the EV shall have IP degree IP6K7 and IP6K9K according to ISO 20653.

The environmental requirements applicable to a particular EV device shall be identified and agreed between the vehicle manufacturer and the supplier. The EV device shall withstand and retain its degree of protection under the typical mechanical loads and stresses the EV device is subjected to in its intended mounting position.

NOTE ISO 16750 (all parts) and ISO 21498 (all parts) contain information for guidance.

6 Classification

This document specifies requirements that address the following aspects of MF-WPT systems:

- system safety (<u>Clause 10</u>),
- system performance (<u>Clause 7</u>), and
- interoperability.

Requirements regarding system safety and system performance are relevant and applicable for safe operation of any MF-WPT system (including dedicated single-supplier solutions) while still assuring some base level of performance.

The interoperability requirements supplement the safety and performance requirements in order to allow for interoperability of a supply device and an EV device provided by independent suppliers.

Two compatibility classes have been specified to accommodate these design considerations:

- Compatibility class A: EV devices of this class are intended for interoperable application and are required to meet a set of safety and performance requirements. Cross-supplier interoperability is tested with the normative reference supply power circuits as specified in this document.
- Compatibility class B: EV devices of this class are not intended for interoperable application but still are required to meet the set of safety requirements; performance requirements may be different than those of compatibility class A. EV devices of this class are tested with supplier-specified supply power circuits.

7 MF-WPT power transfer requirements

7.1 General

Unless otherwise specified the requirements in <u>Clause 7</u> refer to EVPCs of both compatibility classes.

Conformance to the requirements in $\underline{7.2}$ to $\underline{7.6}$ is tested according to $\underline{7.7}$, whereas EVPCs of compatibility class A are tested with the normative reference supply power circuits described in <u>Annexes A</u> and <u>B</u>, and EVPCs of compatibility class B are tested with supplier specific supply power circuits.

The supplier shall specify the rated conditions of an EVPC according to Table 1.

Specifications of EVPC		Compatibility class A	Compatibility class B
https://sFrequency range catalog/st		indards/iso/cea8b0 Operation within 79 – 90 kHz297d0d/iso-19363	
Secondary device ground clearance range		EVPC specific within 100 mm – 250 mm	EVPC specific
Alignment	x-direction	±75 mm	EVPC specific
tolerance area	y-direction	±100 mm	EVPC specific
Centre alignment	point(s)	EVPC specific	
Output voltage	range	EVPC specific within voltage classes A and B according to ISO 6469-3.	
Rated output p	oower	EVPC specific up to 11,1 kW	EVPC specific

Table 1 — EPVC rated conditions

NOTE 1 Typically, the output voltage range of the EVPC is aligned with the voltage range of the RESS.

NOTE 2 <u>7.3</u> gives additional information for the determination of centre alignment point(s).

7.2 Frequency

MF-WPT for EVs is allowed to operate in the frequency range of 79 - 90 kHz. The operating frequency during power transfer is set by the supply device based on negotiations with the EV device.

7.3 Geometrical operating space

An EVPC shall meet the requirements of 7.4 and 7.5 within its geometrical operating space defined by its secondary device ground clearance range and the alignment tolerance area according to Table 2.