
Polimerni materiali - Določanje aerobne biorazgradljivosti polimernih materialov, izpostavljenih morski vodi - 2. del: Metoda z merjenjem porabe kisika v zaprtem respirometru (ISO 23977-2:2020)

Plastics - Determination of the aerobic biodegradation of plastic materials exposed to seawater - Part 2: Method by measuring the oxygen demand in closed respirometer (ISO 23977-2:2020)

Kunststoffe - Bestimmung des aeroben Bioabbaus von Meerwasser ausgesetzten Kunststoff-Materialien - Teil 2: Verfahren mittels Messung des Sauerstoffbedarfs in einem geschlossenen Respirometer (ISO 23977-2:2020)

Plastiques - Détermination de la biodegradation aérobie des matières plastiques exposées à l'eau de mer - Partie 2: Méthode par mesure de la demande en oxygène dans un respiromètre fermé (ISO 23977-2:2020)

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This European Standard was approved by CEN on 8 November 2021.

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Contents	Page
European foreword.....	3

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European foreword

The text of ISO 23977-2:2020 has been prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 61 "Plastics" of the International Organization for Standardization (ISO) and has been taken over as EN ISO 23977-2:2021 by Technical Committee CEN/TC 249 "Plastics" the secretariat of which is held by NBN.

This European Standard shall be given the status of a national standard, either by publication of an identical text or by endorsement, at the latest by May 2022, and conflicting national standards shall be withdrawn at the latest by May 2022.

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Contents		Page
Foreword		iv
Introduction		v
1 Scope		1
2 Normative references		1
3 Terms and definitions		1
4 Principle		3
5 Test environment		3
6 Reagents		3
7 Apparatus		4
8 Procedure		5
8.1 Test material.....		5
8.2 Reference materials.....		6
8.3 Test set up.....		6
8.4 Pre-conditioning phase.....		6
8.5 Start of the test.....		7
8.6 End of the test.....		7
9 Calculation and expression of results		7
9.1 Calculation.....		7
9.2 Visual inspection.....		8
9.3 Expression and interpretation of results.....		8
10 Validity of results		9
11 Test report		9
Annex A (informative) Example of a respirometric system		10
Bibliography		12

ISO 23977-2:2020(E)

Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular, the different approval criteria needed for the different types of ISO documents should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2 (see www.iso.org/directives).

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For an explanation of the voluntary nature of standards, the meaning of ISO specific terms and expressions related to conformity assessment, as well as information about ISO's adherence to the World Trade Organization (WTO) principles in the Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT), see www.iso.org/iso/foreword.html.

This document was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 61, *Plastics*, Subcommittee SC 14, *Environmental aspects*.

A list of all parts in the ISO 23997 series can be found on the ISO website.

Any feedback or questions on this document should be directed to the user's national standards body. A complete listing of these bodies can be found at www.iso.org/members.html.

Introduction

According to the United Nations Environment Program (UNEP), one of the most notable properties of synthetic polymers and plastics is their durability which, combined with their accidental loss, deliberate release and poor waste management has resulted in the ubiquitous presence of plastic in oceans (UNEP, 2015^[15]).

It is well known and documented that marine litter can pose risks and a negative impact on living marine organisms and on human beings. Degradability of plastic materials exposed to the marine environment is one of the factors affecting impact and strength of effects. The uncontrolled dispersion of biodegradable plastics in natural environments is not desirable. The biodegradability of products cannot be considered as an excuse to spread wastes that should be recovered and recycled. However, test methods to measure rate and level of biodegradation in natural environments are of interest in order to better characterize the behaviour of plastics in these very particular environments. Thus, the degree and rate of biodegradation is of major interest in order to obtain an indication of the potential biodegradability of plastic materials when exposed to different marine habitats.

ISO/TC 61/SC 14 has established several test methods for biodegradation testing of plastic materials under laboratory conditions covering different environmental compartments and test conditions, as shown in [Table 1](#).

Table 1 — Test methods for biodegradation testing of plastics

Environmental compartment	Conditions	Test methods
	Presence/absence of oxygen	
Controlled composting conditions	Aerobic conditions	ISO 14855-1
		ISO 14855-2
High-solids anaerobic-digestion conditions	Anaerobic conditions	ISO 15985
Controlled anaerobic slurry system	Anaerobic conditions	ISO 13975
Soil	Aerobic conditions	ISO 17556
Aqueous medium	Aerobic conditions	ISO 14851
	Anaerobic conditions	ISO 14852
Seawater/sandy sediment interface	Aerobic conditions	ISO 18830 ^a
		ISO 19679 ^a
Marine sediment	Aerobic conditions	ISO 22404 ^a
Seawater	Aerobic conditions	ISO 23977-1 ^a
		ISO 23977-2 ^a

^a Test method for measuring biodegradation of plastic materials when exposed to marine microbes.

All marine biodegradation test methods are based on exposure of plastic materials to marine samples (seawater and/or sediment) taken from shoreline areas. By a quantitative viewpoint, these methods are not equivalent, because, for example, the microbial density in seawater is generally lower compared to the density determined in sediment. In addition, the microbial composition and diversity can be different. Moreover, as a rule, the nutrient concentration found in sediment is normally higher compared to the concentration in seawater.

This document provides a test method for determining the biodegradation level of plastic materials exposed to the microbial population present in seawater from a pelagic zone under laboratory conditions. The biodegradation is followed by measuring the oxygen demand in a closed respirometer.

The test is performed with either seawater only (“pelagic seawater test”) or with seawater to which little sediment was added (“suspended sediment seawater test”).