DRAFT INTERNATIONAL STANDARD ISO/DIS 3739-1

ISO/TC **31**/SC **7**

Secretariat: ANSI

Voting begins on: **2019-09-30**

Voting terminates on:

2019-12-23

Industrial tyres and rims —

Part 1:

Pneumatic tyres (metric series) on 5 degrees tapered or flat base rims — Designation, dimensions and marking

Pneumatiques et jantes industriels pour matériel de manutention —

Partie 1: Pneumatiques (série millimétrique) montés sur jantes coniques à 5 degrés ou à base plate — Désignation, cotes et marquage

ICS: 83.160.99

iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW (standards.iteh.ai)

ISO/DIS 3739-1 https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/ae5fdb15-346c-4455-acef-02c4212fdb72/iso-dis-3739-1

THIS DOCUMENT IS A DRAFT CIRCULATED FOR COMMENT AND APPROVAL. IT IS THEREFORE SUBJECT TO CHANGE AND MAY NOT BE REFERRED TO AS AN INTERNATIONAL STANDARD UNTIL PUBLISHED AS SUCH.

IN ADDITION TO THEIR EVALUATION AS BEING ACCEPTABLE FOR INDUSTRIAL, TECHNOLOGICAL, COMMERCIAL AND USER PURPOSES, DRAFT INTERNATIONAL STANDARDS MAY ON OCCASION HAVE TO BE CONSIDERED IN THE LIGHT OF THEIR POTENTIAL TO BECOME STANDARDS TO WHICH REFERENCE MAY BE MADE IN NATIONAL REGULATIONS.

RECIPIENTS OF THIS DRAFT ARE INVITED TO SUBMIT, WITH THEIR COMMENTS, NOTIFICATION OF ANY RELEVANT PATENT RIGHTS OF WHICH THEY ARE AWARE AND TO PROVIDE SUPPORTING DOCUMENTATION.

This document is circulated as received from the committee secretariat.



Reference number ISO/DIS 3739-1:2019(E)

iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW (standards.iteh.ai)

ISO/DIS 3739-1 https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/ae5fdb15-346c-4455-acef-02c4212fdb72/iso-dis-3739-1



COPYRIGHT PROTECTED DOCUMENT

© ISO 2019

All rights reserved. Unless otherwise specified, or required in the context of its implementation, no part of this publication may be reproduced or utilized otherwise in any form or by any means, electronic or mechanical, including photocopying, or posting on the internet or an intranet, without prior written permission. Permission can be requested from either ISO at the address below or ISO's member body in the country of the requester.

ISO copyright office CP 401 • Ch. de Blandonnet 8 CH-1214 Vernier, Geneva Phone: +41 22 749 01 11 Fax: +41 22 749 09 47 Email: copyright@iso.org Website: www.iso.org Published in Switzerland

Contents							
Fore	eword		iv				
1	Scop	oe	1				
2	Normative references						
3							
4	Tyre designations						
Т	4.1 Dimensional and constructional characteristics						
	1.1	4.1.1 General					
		4.1.2 Nominal section width					
		4.1.3 Nominal aspect ratio					
		4.1.4 Tyre construction code					
		4.1.5 Nominal rim diameter code					
	4.2	Service description	2				
		4.2.1 General					
		4.2.2 Load index	2				
		4.2.3 Speed symbol	2				
	4.3	Other service characteristics	4				
5	Marking						
	5.1	General marking					
	5.2	Maximum speed marking	5				
6	Tunc	Maximum speed marking dimensions edimensions and speed marking dimensions dimension dimensions di	-				
0	6.1	Conoral	ت ح				
	6.2	General (standards iteh ai) Calculation of design tyre dimensions	5 5				
	0.2	6.2.1 Theoretical rim width R .					
		6.2.2 Design tyre section width $\sqrt[3]{39-1}$	5 5				
		6.2.1 Theoretical rim width, R_{th} 6.2.2 Design tyre section width, S^{39-1} 6.2.3 http://design.tyre/section/reignlt/ $H^{sist/ae5fdb15-346c-4455-acef}$ 6.2.4 Design tyre overall diameter, $D_0^{-3739-1}$	5				
		6.2.4 Design tyre overall diameter D-3739-1	6				
	6.3	Calculation of maximum overall tyre dimensions in service	6				
		6.3.1 General					
		6.3.2 Maximum overall width in service, W_{max}	6				
		6.3.3 Maximum overall diameter in service, $D_{0,\text{max}}$	6				
7	Desi	gn tyre dimensions					
8	Tyre	Tyre size combinations					
9	Method of measurement of tyre dimensions						
Δnn	ον Δ (ir	oformative) Tyre size designation	g				

Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular, the different approval criteria needed for the different types of ISO documents should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2 (see www.iso.org/directives).

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights. Details of any patent rights identified during the development of the document will be in the Introduction and/or on the ISO list of patent declarations received (see www.iso.org/patents).

Any trade name used in this document is information given for the convenience of users and does not constitute an endorsement.

For an explanation of the voluntary nature of standards, the meaning of ISO specific terms and expressions related to conformity assessment, as well as information about ISO's adherence to the World Trade Organization (WTO) principles in the Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT), see www.iso.org/iso/foreword.html. (standards.iteh.ai)

This document was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 31, *Tyres, rims and valves*, Subcommittee SC 7, *Industrial tyres and rims*.

ISO/DIS 3739-1

https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/ae5fdb15-346c-4455-acef-

This third edition cancels and replaces the second edition (ISO 3739-1:2007), which has been technically revised.

A list of all parts in the ISO 3739 series can be found on the ISO website.

Any feedback or questions on this document should be directed to the user's national standards body. A complete listing of these bodies can be found at www.iso.org/members.html.

Industrial tyres and rims —

Part 1:

Pneumatic tyres (metric series) on 5 degrees tapered or flat base rims — Designation, dimensions and marking

1 Scope

This part of ISO 3739 specifies the main requirements of the metric series of pneumatic tyres primarily intended for industrial vehicles, including designations, dimensions and markings. The tyres are based on the following parameters:

- speeds not exceeding 50 km/h;
- use on 5° tapered or flat base rims.

The conversion of code-designated industrial tyres into metric-designated tyres is outside the scope of this part of ISO 3739.

iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW

2 Normative references

(standards.iteh.ai)

The following documents are referred to in the text in such a way that some or all of their content constitutes requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO 31-0:1992, Quantities and units --- Part 0: General principles

ISO 3739-2, Industrial tyres and rims — Part 2: Pneumatic tyres (metric series) on 5 degrees tapered or flat base rims — Load ratings

ISO 3739-3, Industrial tyres and rims — Part 3: Rims

ISO 3877-1, Tyres, valves and tubes — List of equivalent terms — Part 1: Tyres

ISO 4223-1, Definitions of some terms used in the tyre industry — Part 1: Pneumatic tyres

3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the terms and definitions given in ISO 4223-1 and ISO 3877-1 apply.

4 Tyre designations

4.1 Dimensional and constructional characteristics

4.1.1 General

The characteristics shall be indicated as follows:

Nominal /	Nominal Tyre		Nominal		
section /	aspect	construction	rim diameter		
width /	ratio	code	code		

4.1.2 Nominal section width

The nominal section width of the tyre shall be indicated in millimetres, ending in 5. For new tyres that are not to be used on public roads, an ending in 0 is preferable.

4.1.3 Nominal aspect ratio

The nominal aspect ratio shall be expressed as a percentage and shall be a multiple of 5.

4.1.4 Tyre construction code

The tyre construction code shall be as follows:

"—" (dash)indicates diagonal ply construction. "D" may be used instead;

"R"indicates radial ply construction.

4.1.5 Nominal rim diameter code

For tyres mounted on existing rims, the code shall be as given in <u>Table 1</u>. Nominal rim diameter is for calculation of tyre dimensions only. For specified rim diameter, see ISO 3739-3.

Nominal rim diameter Nominal rim $D_{\rm r}$ diameter code standards.iteh_mai 102 /DIS 3739-1 6 152 https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/ae5 346c-4455-ac 8 02c4212fdb72/iso-dis-3739-13 9 229 10 254 12 305 15 381

Table 1 — Nominal rim diameter code

4.2 Service description

4.2.1 General

The service description shall be indicated as follows:

Load index Speed symbol

4.2.2 Load index

The load index is a numerical code associated with the maximum load a tyre can carry at the speed indicated by its speed symbol under service conditions specified by the tyre manufacturer.

The correlation between load indices and tyre load-carrying capacities shall be as given in Table 2.

4.2.3 Speed symbol

The speed symbol shall be as given in <u>Table 3</u>. The speed symbol or speed category indicates the reference speed defined as the speed at which the tyre can carry the load corresponding to its load index under the specified service conditions.

The reference speed for tyre load identification of industrial tyres shall be $25\,\mathrm{km/h}$, i.e. speed symbol A5.

Table 2 — Correlation between Load Index (LI) and Tyre Load-Carrying Capacity (TLCC)

LI	TLCC	LI	TLCC	LI	TLCC	LI	TLCC	LI	TLCC
	kg		kg		kg		kg		kg
40	140	80	450	120	1 400	160	4 500	200	14 000
41	145	81	462	121	1 450	161	4 625	201	14 500
42	150	82	475	122	1 500	162	4 750	202	15 000
43	155	83	487	123	1 550	163	4 875	203	15 500
44	160	84	500	124	1 600	164	5 000	204	16 000
45	165	85	515	125	1 650	165	5 150	205	16 500
46	170	86	530	126	1 700	166	5 300	206	17 000
47	175	87	545	127	1 750	167	5 450	207	17 500
48	180	88	560	128	1 800	168	5 600	208	18 000
49	185	89	580	129	1 850	169	5 800	209	18 500
50	190	90	600	130	1 900	170	6 000	210	19 000
51	195	91	615	131	1 950	171	6 150	211	19 500
52	200	92	630	132	2 000	172	6 300	212	20 000
53	206	93	650	133	2 060	173	6 500	213	20 600
54	212	Tell S	670	134 R	2 120	T 1/14 T	6700	214	21 200
55	218	95	690	135	2 180	175	6 900	215	21 800
56	224	96	710	136	2 240	176	7 100	216	22 400
57	230	97	730	137373	2 300	177	7 300	217	23 000
58	236 _{ps:} /	/stan98rds.ii	eh. <i>2</i> 759talo	g/sta138rds/	sisi2a360b1	5-3 1 78-44	55-7a500	218	23 600
59	243	99	02751212	lfdb 73 9so-c	lis-274301	179	7 750	219	24 300
60	250	100	800	140	2 500	180	8 000	220	25 000
61	257	101	825	141	2 575	181	8 250	221	25 750
62	265	102	850	142	2 650	182	8 500	222	26 500
63	272	103	875	143	2 725	183	8 750	223	27 250
64	280	104	900	144	2 800	184	9 000	224	28 000
65	290	105	925	145	2 900	185	9 250	225	29 000
66	300	106	950	146	3 000	186	9 500	226	30 000
67	307	107	975	147	3 075	187	9 750	227	30 750
68	315	108	1 000	148	3 150	188	10 000	228	31 500
69	325	109	1 030	149	3 250	189	10 300	229	32 500
70	335	110	1 060	150	3 350	190	10 600	230	33 500
71	345	111	1 090	151	3 450	191	10 900	231	34 500
72	355	112	1 120	152	3 550	192	11 200	232	35 500
73	365	113	1 150	153	3 650	193	11 500	233	36 500
74	375	114	1 180	154	3 750	194	11 800	234	37 500
75	387	115	1 215	155	3 875	195	12 150	235	38 750
76	400	116	1 250	156	4 000	196	12 500	236	40 000
77	412	117	1 285	157	4 125	197	12 850	237	41 250
78	425	118	1 320	158	4 250	198	13 200	238	42 500
79	437	119	1 360	159	4 375	199	13 600	239	43 750

Table 3 — Correlation between speed symbol and speed category

Cnood gymbol	Speed category		
Speed symbol	km/h		
A2	10		
A3	15		
A4	20		
A5 ^a	25 a		
A6	30		
A7	35		
A8	40		
В	50		
a Reference speed for industrial	Reference speed for industrial tyres related to load capacity.		

4.3 Other service characteristics

- **4.3.1** The word "TUBELESS" shall be used to characterize tyres that do not require a tube.
- **4.3.2** Specific indications (if required) may be added to show, for example, the preferred direction of rotation, indicated by an arrow.

5 Marking

iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW (standards.iteh.ai)

5.1 General marking

ISO/DIS 3739-1

The marking shall consist of tps://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/ae5fdb15-346c-4455-acef-02c4212fdb72/jso-dis-3739-1

- a) the designation of the dimensional and constructional characteristics,
- b) the designation of the service description (load index and speed symbol),
- c) the designation of other service characteristics.

The location of the marking of the service description (load index and speed symbol) shall be distinct but in the vicinity of the marking of the dimensional and constructional characteristics.

No location is specified for the markings related to other service characteristics (see $\underline{4.3.1}$ and $\underline{4.3.2}$).

EXAMPLE

180/65R9 marking of dimensional and constructional characteristics

marking of load index and speed symbol (distinct location but in the vicinity of

the preceding marking)

TUBELESS location left to the discretion of the tyre manufacturer

The characteristics of a tyre with the above markings are as follows:

nominal section width equal to 180 mm;

65 nominal aspect ratio equal to 65;

R radial ply construction;

9 nominal rim diameter code, corresponding to 229 mm;

load index (LI) corresponding to a tyre load of 1 250 kg;

TUBELESS tyre that does not require a tube.

5.2 Maximum speed marking

If the maximum speed of a tyre is less than 50 km/h (see ISO 3739-2, Table 3), its actual maximum speed shall be marked on the tyre, e.g. "40 km/h max." or "max. 40 km/h".

6 Tyre dimensions

6.1 General

The formulae-derived values for design tyre dimensions shall be rounded to the nearest millimetre. For rounding of values, see ISO 31-0:1992, Annex B.

6.2 Calculation of design tyre dimensions

6.2.1 Theoretical rim width, R_{th}

The theoretical rim width, $R_{\rm th}$, is equal to the product of the nominal section width, $S_{\rm N}$, and the rim/section ratio, K_1 :

$$R_{th} = K_1 \times S_N$$
 (standards.iteh.ai)

For industrial tyres mounted on 5° tapered or flat base rims $K_1 = 0.7$ applies to tyres with nominal aspect ratios (H/S) from 60 to 95 inclusive, and $K_1 = 0.8$ applies to tyres with aspect ratios (H/S) from 50 to 55 (where H is the design tyre section height and S is the design tyre section width).

6.2.2 Design tyre section width, S

The design tyre section width, $S_{\rm N}$, is the nominal section width, $S_{\rm N}$, transferred from the theoretical rim, $R_{\rm th}$, to the measuring rim, $R_{\rm m}$:

$$S = S_N + 0.4 (R_m - R_{th})$$

where $R_{\rm m}$ and $R_{\rm th}$ are expressed in millimetres.

6.2.3 Design tyre section height, *H*

The design tyre section height, H, is equal to the product of the nominal section width, S_N , and the nominal aspect ratio, H/S, divided by 100 (H/S expressed as a percentage):

$$H = S_{\rm N} \times \frac{H}{S} \times \frac{1}{100}$$