INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

ISO 4045

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IULTCS/IUC 11

Third edition

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Leather — Chemical tests — Determination of pH and difference figure

Cuir — Essais chimiques — Détermination du pH et de l'indice de différence

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Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular the different approval criteria needed for the different types of ISO documents should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2 (see www.iso.org/directives).

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For an explanation on the voluntary nature of standards, the meaning of ISO specific terms and expressions related to conformity assessment, as well as information about ISO's adherence to the World Trade Organization (WTO) principles in the Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT) see the following URL: www.iso.org/iso/foreword.html

This document was prepared by the Chemical Tests Commission of the International Union of Leather Technologists and Chemists Societies (IUC Commission, IULTCS) in collaboration with the European Committee for Standardization (CEN) Technical Committee CEN/TC 289, *Leather*, the secretariat of which is held by UNI, in accordance with the <u>agreement</u> on technical cooperation between ISO and CEN (Vienna Agreement).

It is based on IUC 11 published in *J. Soc. Leather Tech. Chem.*, **49**, pp. 25–29, 1965, and declared an official method of the IULTCS in 1965.

IULTCS, originally formed in 1897, is a world-wide organization of professional leather societies to further the advancement of leather science and technology. IULTCS has three Commissions, which are responsible for establishing international methods for the sampling and testing of leather. ISO recognizes IULTCS as an international standardizing body for the preparation of test methods for leather.

This third edition cancels and replaces the second edition (ISO 4045:2008), which has been technically revised as follows:

- change in title to include "and difference figure";
- 5.1 and 6.1 have been revised;
- Clause 7 has been revised: two samples are only prepared when there is enough leather;
- 8.1 has been revised to more clearly explain the procedure;

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- 8.2 has been added (previously part of the next clause);
- 8.3 and 8.4 (previously 8.2 and 8.3) have been revised and the previous title of 8.4 deleted;
- Clause 9 b) and d) have been revised,

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Leather — Chemical tests — Determination of pH and difference figure

1 Scope

This document specifies a method for determining the pH value and the difference figure of an aqueous leather extract. It is applicable to all types of leather.

2 Normative references

The following documents are referred to in the text in such a way that some or all of their content constitutes requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO 2418, Leather — Chemical, physical and mechanical and fastness tests — Sampling location

ISO 3696, Water for analytical laboratory use — Specification and test methods

ISO 4044, Leather — Chemical tests — Preparation of chemical test samples

3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the following terms and definitions apply.

ISO and IEC maintain terminological databases for use in standardization at the following addresses:

- ISO Online browsing platform: available at https://www.iso.org/obp
- IEC Electropedia: available at http://www.electropedia.org/

3.1

difference figure

difference between the pH value of a solution and that of its tenfold dilution

Note 1 to entry: The difference figure is a measure of the strength of acids and bases and can never exceed a value of 1. The difference figure amounts to 0.70 to 1.00 when a solution contains a free strong acid (or a free strong base). The ionization of weak acids and bases increases with greater dilution, and therefore the difference figure can only act as a criterion for the presence of free strong acid or base in aqueous extracts with pH values below 4 or above 10.

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4 Principle

Preparation of an aqueous extract from a test portion of the leather and measurement of the pH of the extract, using a pH meter. In cases where the pH value obtained is below 4,00 or above 10,00, the pH value of a tenfold dilution of the aqueous extract is also determined.