

Designation: E1332 - 10

Standard Classification for Determination of Outdoor-Indoor Transmission Class¹

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INTRODUCTION

This classification is part of a set of ratings for the sound isolating properties of materials, building elements, and structures. It is based on A-weighted reduction of a transportation noise source. Other ratings include Classification E413 that rates the ability of a partition to reduce speech and other sounds within a limited frequency range, and Classification E989 that provides a rating method for comparing the impact-insulation properties of floor-ceiling assemblies.

1. Scope

- 1.1 The purpose of this classification is to provide a singlenumber rating that can be used for comparing building facade designs, including walls, doors, windows, and combinations thereof. This rating is designed to correlate with subjective impressions of the ability of building elements to reduce the overall loudness of ground and air transportation noise.² It is intended to be used as a rank ordering device.
- 1.2 The rating does not necessarily relate to the perceived aesthetic quality of the transmitted sound. Different facade elements with similar ratings may differ significantly in the proportion of low and high frequency sound that they transmit. It is best to use specific sound transmission loss values, in conjunction with actual spectra of outdoor and indoor sound levels, for making final selections of facade elements.
- 1.3 Excluded from the scope of this classification are applications involving noise spectra differing markedly from those described in 4.1. Thus excluded, for example, would be certain industrial noises with high levels at frequencies below the 80 Hz one-third octave band, relative to levels at higher frequencies. However, for any source with a spectrum similar to those in 4.1, this classification provides a more reliable ranking of the performance of partitions and facade elements than do other classifications such as Classification E413.
- 1.4 The values stated in SI units are to be regarded as standard. No other units of measurement are included in this standard.
- 1.5 This standard does not purport to address all of the safety concerns, if any, associated with its use. It is the

responsibility of the user of this standard to establish appropriate safety and health practices and determine the applicability of regulatory limitations prior to use.

2. Referenced Documents

- 2.1 ASTM Standards:³
- C634 Terminology Relating to Building and Environmental Acoustics
- E90 Test Method for Laboratory Measurement of Airborne
 Sound Transmission Loss of Building Partitions and Elements
- E413 Classification for Rating Sound Insulation
- E966 Guide for Field Measurements of Airborne Sound Insulation of Building Facades and Facade Elements
- E989 Classification for Determination of Impact Insulation Class (IIC)
- 2.2 ANSI Standard: 3669ee75/astm-e1332-10
- \$1.4 Specifications for Sound Level Meters⁴
- 2.3 ISO Standard:
- ISO 532 Acoustics–Method for Calculating Loudness Level⁴

3. Terminology

3.1 *Definitions*—For definitions used in this classification, see Terminology C634.

4. Significance and Use

4.1 This classification provides the A-weighted sound level reduction for a test specimen, based upon the sound spectrum given in Table 1. The spectrum shape is an average of three

¹ This classification is under the jurisdiction of ASTM Committee E33 on Building and Environmental Acoustics and is the direct responsibility of Subcommittee E33.03 on Sound Transmission.

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² This classification may be used in conjunction with Test Method E90 or Guide E966.

³ For referenced ASTM standards, visit the ASTM website, www.astm.org, or contact ASTM Customer Service at service@astm.org. For *Annual Book of ASTM Standards* volume information, refer to the standard's Document Summary page on the ASTM website.

⁴ Available from American National Standards Institute (ANSI), 25 W. 43rd St., 4th Floor, New York, NY 10036, http://www.ansi.org.