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Electronic fee collection - Application interface definition for dedicated short-range communication (ISO 14906:2022)

Elektronische Gebührenerhebung - Anwendungsschnittstelle zur dezidierten Nahbereich- Kommunikation (ISO 14906:2022)

Perception du télépéage - Définition de l'interface d'application relative aux communications dédiées à courte portée (ISO 14906:2022)

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Perception de télépéage - Définition de l'interface
d'application relative aux communications dédiées à
courte portée (ISO 14906:2022)

Elektronische Gebührenerhebung -
Anwendungsschnittstelle zur dezidierten Nahbereich-
Kommunikation (ISO 14906:2022)

This European Standard was approved by CEN on 28 October 2022.

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Contents	Page
European foreword.....	3

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European foreword

This document (EN ISO 14906:2023) has been prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 204 "Intelligent transport systems" in collaboration with Technical Committee CEN/TC 278 "Intelligent transport systems" the secretariat of which is held by NEN.

This European Standard shall be given the status of a national standard, either by publication of an identical text or by endorsement, at the latest by July 2023, and conflicting national standards shall be withdrawn at the latest by July 2023.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. CEN shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

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INTERNATIONAL
STANDARD

ISO
14906

Fourth edition
2022-12

**Electronic fee collection — Application
interface definition for dedicated
short-range communication**

*Perception de télépéage — Définition de l'interface d'application
relative aux communications dédiées à courte portée*

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CP 401 • Ch. de Blandonnet 8
CH-1214 Vernier, Geneva
Phone: +41 22 749 01 11
Email: copyright@iso.org
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Contents

	Page
Foreword.....	v
Introduction.....	vi
1 Scope.....	1
2 Normative references.....	2
3 Terms and definitions.....	2
4 Abbreviated terms.....	4
5 EFC application interface architecture.....	6
5.1 Relation to the DSRC communication architecture.....	6
5.2 Usage of DSRC application layer by the EFC application interface.....	8
5.3 Addressing of EFC attributes.....	8
5.3.1 Basic mechanism.....	8
5.3.2 Role of the Element Identifier (EID).....	9
5.3.3 Multiple instances of Attributes.....	9
5.4 Addressing of components.....	10
6 EFC transaction model.....	11
6.1 General.....	11
6.2 Initialisation phase.....	11
6.2.1 Overview.....	11
6.2.2 EFC application-specific contents of the BST.....	12
6.2.3 EFC application-specific contents of the VST.....	13
6.3 Transaction phase.....	14
7 EFC functions.....	15
7.1 Overview and general concepts.....	15
7.1.1 EFC functions and service primitives.....	15
7.1.2 Overview of EFC functions.....	16
7.1.3 Handling of multiple instances.....	17
7.1.4 Security.....	19
7.2 EFC functions.....	22
7.2.1 General.....	22
7.2.2 GET_STAMPED.....	22
7.2.3 SET_STAMPED.....	23
7.2.4 GET_SECURE.....	24
7.2.5 SET_SECURE.....	25
7.2.6 GET_INSTANCE.....	25
7.2.7 SET_INSTANCE.....	26
7.2.8 GET_NONCE.....	27
7.2.9 SET_NONCE.....	28
7.2.10 TRANSFER_CHANNEL.....	28
7.2.11 COPY.....	29
7.2.12 SET_MMI.....	30
7.2.13 SUBTRACT.....	30
7.2.14 ADD.....	31
7.2.15 DEBIT.....	32
7.2.16 CREDIT.....	33
7.2.17 ECHO.....	34
8 EFC Attributes.....	34
8.1 General.....	34
8.2 Data group contract.....	36
8.3 Data group receipt.....	39
8.4 Data group vehicle.....	45
8.5 Data group equipment.....	50

ISO 14906:2022(E)

8.6	Data group driver.....	52
8.7	Data group payment.....	54
Annex A (normative) EFC data type specifications.....		56
Annex B (informative) CARDME transaction.....		57
Annex C (informative) Examples of EFC transaction types.....		89
Annex D (informative) Mapping table from LatinAlphabetNo2, LatinCyrillicAlphabet, LatinGreekAlphabet and LatinAlphabetNo10 to LatinAlphabetNo1.....		101
Annex E (informative) Mapping table between EFC Vehicledata attribute and European registration certificate.....		102
Annex F (normative) Security calculations for DES.....		105
Annex G (informative) Security computation examples for DES.....		111
Annex H (normative) Security calculations for AES.....		114
Annex I (informative) Security computation examples for AES.....		119
Bibliography.....		121

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[SIST EN ISO 14906:2023](https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/0e9b1f09-b4c5-4b45-b043-c9da2528f303/sist-en-iso-14906-2023)

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Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular, the different approval criteria needed for the different types of ISO documents should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2 (see www.iso.org/directives).

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights. Details of any patent rights identified during the development of the document will be in the Introduction and/or on the ISO list of patent declarations received (see www.iso.org/patents).

Any trade name used in this document is information given for the convenience of users and does not constitute an endorsement.

For an explanation of the voluntary nature of standards, the meaning of ISO specific terms and expressions related to conformity assessment, as well as information about ISO's adherence to the World Trade Organization (WTO) principles in the Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT), see www.iso.org/iso/foreword.html.

This document was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 204, *Intelligent transport systems*, in collaboration with the European Committee for Standardization (CEN) Technical Committee CEN/TC 278, *Intelligent Transport Systems*, in accordance with the Agreement on technical cooperation between ISO and CEN (Vienna Agreement).

This fourth edition cancels and replaces the third edition (ISO 14906:2018), which has been technically revised. It also incorporates the Amendment ISO 14906:2018/Amd 1:2020.

The main changes are as follows:

- updating of terms and definitions, including reference to ISO/TS 17573-2 as the primary source;
- updating of data definitions, including reference to ISO 17573-3:—¹⁾ as the primary source;
- addition of a second level of the version identifier (i.e. minor version) of the abstract syntax notation one (ASN.1) module to provide enhanced support to standards that import data types from this document;
- introduction of use of imported ASN.1 types with successors (i.e. including all future minor versions).

Any feedback or questions on this document should be directed to the user's national standards body. A complete listing of these bodies can be found at www.iso.org/members.html.

1) Under preparation. Stage at the time of publication: ISO/DIS 17573-3:2022.

Introduction

This document specifies an application interface for electronic fee collection (EFC) systems, which is based on dedicated short-range communication (DSRC). It supports interoperability between EFC systems on an EFC-DSRC application interface level. This document is intended for DSRC charging applications, but specifically the definition of EFC data elements is valid beyond the use of a DSRC charging interface and can potentially be used for other DSRC applications (e.g. compliance checking communication) and/or on other interfaces (e.g. the application interface of autonomous systems).

This document provides specifications for the EFC transaction model, EFC data elements (referred to as attributes) and functions, from which an EFC transaction can be built. The EFC transaction model provides a mechanism that allows the handling of different versions of EFC transactions and associated contracts. A certain EFC transaction supports a certain set of EFC attributes and EFC functions as defined in this document. It is not envisaged that the complete set of EFC attributes and functions be present in each piece of EFC equipment, on-board equipment (OBE) or roadside equipment (RSE).

This document provides the basis for agreements between operators, which are needed to achieve interoperability. Based on the tools specified in this document, interoperability can be reached by operators recognizing each others' EFC transactions (including the exchange of security algorithms and keys) and implementing the EFC transactions in each others' RSE, or they can reach an agreement to define a new transaction (and contract) that is common to both. Considerations should also be made by each operator so that the RSE has sufficient resources to implement such additional EFC transactions.

In order to achieve interoperability, operators should agree on issues such as:

- which optional features are actually being implemented and used;
- access rights and ownership of EFC application data in the OBE;
- security policy (including encryption algorithms and key management, if applicable);
- operational issues, such as how many receipts may be stored for privacy reasons, how many receipts are necessary for operational reasons (for example as entry tickets or as proof of payment);
- the agreements needed between operators in order to regulate the handling of different EFC transactions.

In this edition of this document, users are faced with issues related to backward compatibility. Such issues can be managed by using the following:

- EfcModule ASN.1 module, including a version number;
- EfcContextMark (incl. the ContextVersion), denoting the implementation version; this provides a means to ensure co-existence of different implementation versions by means of a look-up table and associated appropriate transaction processing. This will enable the software of the RSE to determine the version of the OBE and its capability to accept the new features introduced by this edition of ISO 14906.

This application interface definition can also be used with other DSRC media which do not use layer 7 according to ISO 15628/EN 12834. Any DSRC medium which provides services to read and write data, to initialise communication and to perform actions is suitable to be used as a basis for this application interface. Adaptations are medium-specific and are not further covered here. As [Annex B](#) provides a detailed description of a transaction for central account systems, this document can also be used for on-board account systems, in conjunction with ISO 25110, which provides examples of systems based on on-board accounts.

This document also includes:

- [Annex A](#), which provides the normative ASN.1 data type specifications (EFC action parameters and attributes);

- [Annex B](#), which presents an example of a transaction based on the CARDME specification, including bit-level specification;
- [Annex C](#), which presents examples of EFC transaction types, using the specified EFC functions and attributes;
- [Annex D](#), which presents a mapping table from LatinAlphabetNo2 & 5 to LatinAlphabetNo1 to facilitate for a service provider the use of LatinAlphabetNo1 to encode an OBE for data available written with non-Latin1 characters;
- [Annex E](#), which presents a mapping table between EFC vehicle data attributes and European registration certificates to facilitate the task of a service provider in OBE-personalization with vehicle data;
- [Annex F](#), which presents the security calculations according to the data encryption standard (DES).
NOTE 1 [Annex F](#) is based on EN 15509:2014, Annex B.
- [Annex G](#), which presents security computations examples for DES;
NOTE 2 [Annex G](#) is based on EN 15509:2014, Annex E.
- [Annex H](#), which presents the security calculations for advanced encryption standard (AES);
NOTE 3 [Annex H](#) is an adaptation of EN 15509:2014, Annex B for the case of AES.
- [Annex I](#), which presents the security computations examples for AES.
NOTE 4 [Annex I](#) is an adaptation of EN 15509:2014, Annex E for the case of AES.

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Electronic fee collection — Application interface definition for dedicated short-range communication

1 Scope

This document specifies the application interface in the context of electronic fee collection (EFC) systems using dedicated short-range communication (DSRC).

The EFC application interface is the EFC application process interface to the DSRC application layer, as can be seen in [Figure 1](#). This document comprises specifications of:

- EFC attributes (i.e. EFC application information) that can also be used for other applications and/or interfaces;
- the addressing procedures of EFC attributes and (hardware) components (e.g. integrated circuit(s) card);
- EFC application functions, i.e. further qualification of actions by definitions of the concerned services, assignment of associated ActionType values, and content and meaning of action parameters;
- the EFC transaction model, which defines the common elements and steps of any EFC transaction;
- the behaviour of the interface so as to ensure interoperability on an EFC-DSRC application interface level.

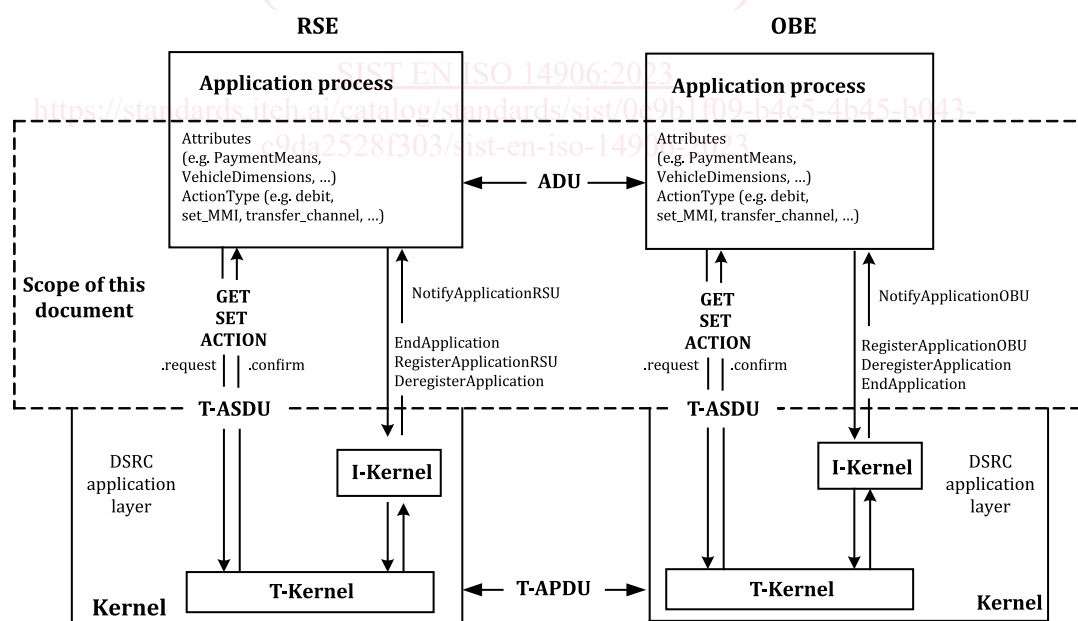


Figure 1 — The EFC application interface

This is an interface standard, adhering to the open systems interconnection (OSI) philosophy (see ISO/IEC 7498-1), and it is as such not primarily concerned with the implementation choices to be realized at either side of the interface.

This document provides security-specific functionality as place holders (data and functions) to enable the implementation of secure EFC transactions. Yet the specification of the security policy (including specific security algorithms and key management) remains at the discretion and under the control of the EFC operator, and hence is outside the scope of this document.