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Colorimetry —
Part 3:
CIE tristimulus values

Colorimétrie —

Partie 3: Composantes trichromatiques CIE

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Foreword

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This document was prepared by the International Commission on Illumination (CIE) in cooperation with Technical Committee ISO/TC 274, *Light and lighting*.

This first edition of ISO/CIE 11664-3 cancels and replaces ISO 11664-3:2012 | CIE S 014-3:2011, of which it constitutes a minor revision, incorporating minor editorial updates.

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Any feedback or questions on this document should be directed to the user's national standards body. A complete listing of these bodies can be found at www.iso.org/members.html.

Introduction

Colour stimuli with different spectral distributions can look alike. An important function of colorimetry is to determine which stimuli look alike to a given observer with a given set of colour-matching functions. This is done by calculating a set of three tristimulus values for each stimulus. Equality of tristimulus values indicates equality of colour appearance under equal irradiation and viewing conditions. This document is based on long-standing CIE recommendations (see CIE 15^[1]) for the calculation of tristimulus values.

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