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**AMENDMENT 3: Ethernet data
encryption devices**

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IEEE Std 802.1AEcg™-2017

(Amendment to
IEEE Std 802.1AE™-2006
as amended by
IEEE Std 802.1AEbn™-2011
and IEEE Std 802.1AEbw™-2013)

**IEEE Standard for
Local and metropolitan area networks—**

Media Access Control (MAC) Security

**Amendment 3:
Ethernet Data Encryption devices**

Sponsor

**LAN/MAN Standards Committee
of the
IEEE Computer Society**

Approved 14 February 2017
IEEE-SA Standards Board

Abstract: Ethernet Data Encryption devices (EDEs) are specified in this amendment. An EDE is a two-port bridge that uses MACsec to provide secure connectivity for attached customer bridges, or for attached provider bridges. EDEs may allow the customer (or provider) bridges to continue to use a VLAN Identifier (VID) in transmitted frames to select (as already specified in IEEE Std 802.1Q™) between provider network or provider backbone network services.

Keywords: amendment, authorized port, confidentiality, data origin authenticity, EDE, Ethernet Data Encryption device, IEEE 802.1AE, IEEE 802.1AEcg, integrity, LANs, local area networks, MAC Bridges, MAC security, MAC Service, MANs, metropolitan area networks, port-based network access control, secure association, security, transparent bridging

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Introduction

This introduction is not part of IEEE Std 802.1AEcg-2017, IEEE Standard for Local and metropolitan area networks—Media Access Control (MAC) Security—Amendment 3: Ethernet Data Encryption devices.

The first edition of IEEE Std 802.1AETM was published in 2006. A first amendment, IEEE Std 802.1AEbnTM-2011, added the option of using the GCM-AES-256 Cipher Suite. A second, IEEE Std 802.1AEbwTM-2013 added the GCM-AES-XPB-128 and GCM-AES-XPB-256 Cipher Suites. These extended packet numbering Cipher Suites allow more than 2^{32} frames to be protected with a single Secure Association Key (SAK) and so ease the timeliness requirements on key agreement protocols for very high speed (100 Gb/s plus) operation. This third amendment, IEEE Std 802.1AEcgTM-2017, specifies Ethernet Data Encryption devices (EDEs).

Relationship between IEEE Std 802.1AE and other IEEE Std 802 standards

IEEE Std 802.1XTM-2010 specifies Port-based Network Access Control, and provides a means of authenticating and authorizing devices attached to a LAN, and includes the MACsec Key Agreement protocol (MKA) necessary to make use of IEEE 802.1AE.

IEEE Std 802.1AE is not intended for use with IEEE Std 802.11TM Wireless LAN Medium Access Control. An amendment to that standard, IEEE Std 802.11iTM-2004, also makes use of IEEE Std 802.1XTM, thus facilitating the use of a common authentication and authorization framework for LAN media to which this standard applies and for Wireless LANs.

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