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Ceramic tiling systems — Sustainability for ceramic tiles and installation materials —

Part 1: Specification for ceramic tiles

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ISO copyright office
CP 401 • Ch. de Blandonnet 8
CH-1214 Vernier, Geneva
Phone: +41 22 749 01 11
Email: copyright@iso.org
Website: www.iso.org

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Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular, the different approval criteria needed for the different types of ISO documents should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2 (see www.iso.org/directives).

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For an explanation of the voluntary nature of standards, the meaning of ISO specific terms and expressions related to conformity assessment, as well as information about ISO's adherence to the World Trade Organization (WTO) principles in the Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT) see www.iso.org/iso/foreword.html.

This document was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 189, *Ceramic Tiles*.

A list of all parts in the ISO 17889 series can be found on the ISO website.

Any feedback or questions on this document should be directed to the user's national standards body. A complete listing of these bodies can be found at www.iso.org/members.html.

Introduction

This document outlines the requirements for sustainable tiles and installation materials including environmental, economic and social criteria, in order to:

- promote the development and use of sustainable ceramic tiles and installation materials;
- guide all stakeholders in environmental responsibility throughout the supply chain for tiles and installation materials;
- provide a verifiable resource for tile product specification and for design professionals, contractors and consumers to identify sustainable tiles and installation materials;
- increase the value of sustainable tiles and installation materials throughout the supply chain by creating greater market awareness and demand.

This document provides a system for sustainability assessment of products throughout their life cycle using qualitative and quantitative indicators for environmental performance and for social and economic responsibility pertaining to the design, manufacture, installation, and use of ceramic tiling systems. This document is focused on ceramic tiles, as part of the tiling system.

This document can be used to assess the sustainability performance of the product of interest.

Evaluation schemes, taking into account the materials mentioned in the product standards, to enable comparability of the results of assessment, are part of this document.

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Ceramic tiling systems — Sustainability for ceramic tiles and installation materials —

Part 1: Specification for ceramic tiles

1 Scope

This document specifies sustainability requirements together with assessment methods and evaluation schemes for ceramic tiles.

This document includes relevant criteria across product life cycle from raw material through manufacturing, use and end-of-life management.

2 Normative references

The following documents are referred to in the text in such a way that some or all of their content constitutes requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO 13006, *Ceramic tiles — Definitions, classification, characteristics and marking*

ISO 14024, *Environmental labels and declarations — Type I environmental labelling — Principles and procedures*

ISO 14025, *Environmental labels and declarations — Type III environmental declarations — Principles and procedures*

ISO 16000-3, *Indoor air — Part 3: Determination of formaldehyde and other carbonyl compounds in indoor air and test chamber air — Active sampling method*

ISO 16000-6, *Determination of volatile organic compounds in indoor and test chamber air by active sampling on Tenax TA sorbent, thermal desorption and gas chromatography using MS or MS-FID*

ISO 16000-9, *Indoor air — Part 9: Determination of the emission of volatile organic compounds from building products and furnishing — Emission test chamber method*

ISO 16000-11, *Indoor air — Part 11: Determination of the emission of volatile organic compounds from building products and furnishing — Sampling, storage of samples and preparation of test specimens*

ISO 21930, *Sustainability in buildings and civil engineering works — Core rules for environmental product declarations of construction products and services*

3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the following terms and definitions apply.

ISO and IEC maintain terminological databases for use in standardization at the following addresses:

- ISO Online browsing platform: available at <https://www.iso.org/obp>
- IEC Electropedia: available at <http://www.electropedia.org/>

3.1 Sustainability

3.1.1

environmental sustainability

state in which the ecosystem and its functions are maintained for the present and future generation

3.1.2

economic sustainability

ability to provide sustainable, successful places in an economic context

Note 1 to entry: Economic considerations include employment, competitiveness, wealth and distribution, welfare, accounting and regulation.

3.1.3

social sustainability

ability to provide sustainable, successful places in a social context

Note 1 to entry: Social sustainability combines design of the physical realm with design of the world, infrastructure to support social and cultural life, provides social amenities, systems for citizen engagement and spaces for people and places to evolve.

3.1.4

LCA

life cycle assessment

systematic evaluation of the *environmental impact* (3.2.3) of a product(s) that includes all stages of its life cycle

EXAMPLE Period from installation to uninstalling.

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3.2 Environment

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3.2.1

<https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/5124244e-05f9-419d-a92e-b80a3ba2b757/iso-fdis-17889-1>

environment

surroundings in which an organization operates, including air, water, land, natural resources, flora, fauna, humans and their interrelationships

Note 1 to entry: Surroundings in this context extend from within an organization to the global system.

[SOURCE: ISO 14001:2015]

3.2.2

environmental aspect

element of an organization's activities or products or services that can interact with the *environment* (3.2.1)

[SOURCE: ISO 14001:2015]

3.2.3

environmental impact

any change to the *environment* (3.2.1), whether adverse or beneficial, wholly or partially resulting from an organisation's *environmental aspects* (3.2.2)

[SOURCE: ISO 14001:2015]

3.3 Materials input

3.3.1

raw material

basic material that can be converted by processing or manufacturing, or a combination of both, into a new product

Note 1 to entry: A raw material may be virgin, recycled, harvested, extracted, recovered, or manufactured when used as an ingredient in a new material.

3.3.2

indigenous raw material

raw material (3.3.1) that is recovered, harvested, or extracted within an 800 km radius of the manufacturing site

Note 1 to entry: Where materials are transported by water or rail, the distance to the manufacturing site shall be determined by multiplying the distance that the materials are transported by water or rail by 0,25 and adding that number to the distance transported by means other than water or rail.

3.3.3

fresh water

surface water and groundwater withdrawn for manufacturing use

3.3.4

packaging material

any material intended for presentation to a consumer that is used for the containment, protection, handling, or preservation of a product

Note 1 to entry: Included tools in a kit or parts of the packaging that are used directly in the combining or installation of the product shall be excluded from this definition.

Note 2 to entry: *Shipping material* (3.3.6) is not considered to be packaging material.

3.3.5

primary packaging

any material that first envelops and holds the *product of interest* (3.5.2)

Note 1 to entry: It is intended to be the smallest unit of distribution or use and is the package which is in direct contact with the contents.

Note 2 to entry: For *ceramic tiles* (3.5.1) the primary packaging is restricted to the following materials: paper, cardboard or corrugate.

3.3.6

shipping material

any material that is used for the containment, protection, handling, or preservation of a product while en route from one location to another that is generally not intended for presentation to a consumer

EXAMPLE Pallet, industrial carton, banding, freight panels, wood/lumber bracing, etc.

3.4 Sustainability management

3.4.1

energy efficiency management system

EEMS

procedures to monitor, control, evaluate and improve the performance of the used energy

3.4.2

environmental management system

EMS

procedures to monitor, control, evaluate and improve the organization environmental performance

3.4.3

health and safety management

procedures to monitor, control, evaluate and improve the system performance as regards health and safety

3.4.4

environmental product declaration

EPD

standardized and *LCA* (3.1.4) based tool – type III environmental declaration - to communicate the environmental performance of a product or system

3.4.5

type I environmental label

LCA (3.1.4) based label which identifies products or services proven environmentally preferable overall, within a specific product or service category

3.4.6

certified

product or management system that is certified by a *certification body* (3.4.7) in accordance with the relevant standard

3.4.7

certification body

third-party conformity assessment body operating certification schemes

3.4.8

maintenance service

actions which have the objective of retaining or restoring a product in or to a state in which it can perform its intended function

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3.5 Products and production

3.5.1

ceramic tile

ceramic surfacing unit, usually relatively thin in relation to facial area, having either a glazed or unglazed face and fired above red heat in the course of manufacture to a temperature sufficiently high to produce specific physical properties and characteristic

3.5.2

product of interest

single product or line of products with homogeneous technical characteristics and equal *environmental impacts* (3.2.3) and performances

Note 1 to entry: In case of product specific environmental criteria a “worst case scenario” analysis of a single product may suffice to extend the boundaries of the product of interest to be representative of the facility’s entire *production* (3.5.3).

3.5.3

production

industrial processes involving steps resulting in the manufacture of products or items

3.5.4

transport

movement of goods [e. g. products, *raw materials* (3.3.1)] from one location to another

3.6 Waste materials

3.6.1

post-consumer material

waste material generated by households or by commercial, industrial and institutional facilities in their role as end-users of the product, which can no longer be used for its original intended purpose

3.6.2

pre-consumer material

material, solid and/or liquid, diverted from a waste stream generated by the manufacturing process

Note 1 to entry: Reutilization of materials (i.e. rework, regrind or scrap generated in a process that does not enter the waste stream and that is capable of being reclaimed within the same process that generated it) is excluded.

3.6.3

reclaimed waste

waste, scrap material, or water generated during manufacturing processes that, in lieu of disposal, is captured and reused to manufacture more of the same product

3.6.4

waste water

liquid waste resulting from industrial processes, including but not necessarily limited to water mixed with *raw materials* (3.3.1), contact cooling water, condensing waters, and water that comes in contact with process materials, products or byproduct, but excluding sanitary sewage, cafeterias, irrigation, storm water runoff

3.6.5

waste water discharged

production (3.5.1) *waste water* (3.6.4) generated in the manufacturing process, that is discharged in the external environment (3.2.1)

Note 1 to entry: The waste water can be discharged, for example, to publicly owned treatment works (POTW).

3.6.6

waste management

collection, transport, processing, recycling or disposal, and monitoring of waste materials

3.7 Health and safety

3.7.1

hazard

source, situation, or act with a potential for harm in terms of human injury or *ill health* (3.7.3), or a combination of these

3.7.2

hazard identification

process of recognizing that a *hazard* (3.7.1) exists and defining its characteristics

3.7.3

ill health

identifiable, adverse physical or mental condition arising from and/or made worse by a work activity and/or work-related situation

3.7.4

safety in use

level of risks associated with the installation and use of the products

3.7.5

sanitary employers' control

surveillance program including generic or specific medical check-up, according to risk assessment

4 Symbols and abbreviated terms

4.1 Symbols

Symbols	Description	Units
a_{ave}	arithmetical average	
A_{ch}	exposed surface area of the test specimen in the chamber	m^2
c_B	estimated emission concentration within the context of a building	$\mu g/m^3$
$c_{HF,i}$	HF concentration in the i-th chimney stack	mg/Nm^3
$c_{PM,i}$	is the PM concentration in the i-th chimney stack	mg/Nm^3
c_{ta}	measured concentration of the target VOC, formaldehyde or other carbonyl compound	$\mu g/m^3$
c_0	corresponding measured concentration in the chamber operating without a test specimen	$\mu g/m^3$
C_f	fuel consumption (annual)	(GJ/year, TJ/year, or $Sm^3/year$)
C_{FW}	specific fresh water consumption	(L/ m^2 or L/t)
$F_{E,A}$	area-specific emission factor	$\mu g m^{-2} h^{-1}$
$F_{E,j}$	emission factor of the pollutant "j" (PM, HF) through emissions into the atmosphere	(g/ m^2 or g/kg)
$F_{N,1}$	normalization factor	1 GJ/ m^2
$F_{N,2}$	normalization factor	1 GJ/t
F_R	process waste recycle/reuse factor	%
F_{SFC}	normalized specific fuel consumption factor	adimensional
I	quantity of indigenous raw materials in the body of the product of interest	%
M_{post}	post-consumer material input	kg
M_{pre}	pre-consumer material input	kg
p_I	quantity of indigenous raw materials in the body of the product of interest	kg
p_t	body of the product of interest	kg
P_{sm}	annual ceramic tile production	$m^2/year$
P_t	annual ceramic tile production	t/year
P_W	annual production water utilized	L/year
P_{WD}	annual production waste water discharged	L/year
q_A	area specific air flow rate	m/h
Q_i	volume flow rate of the i-th chimney stack	Nm^3/h
R_C	recycled and/or reclaimed waste content in the body of the product of interest	%
$R_{C, post}$	post-consumer recycled content	%
$R_{C, pre}$	pre-consumer recycled content	%
R_{WC}	reclaimed waste content	
R_{MC}	recycled materials content of packaging materials	%
R_w	reclaimed waste input	kg
S_{ra}	sustainability rating	%
t_i	operation time of the i-th chimney stack	h/year

T_{FWC}	total fresh water consumption	L/year
T_{GW}	total grinding water	kg
T_{RM}	total raw materials used in the product of interest	kg
V_1	voluntary pass/fail requirements (V1)	
V_2	voluntary multirating managerial requirements (V2)	
V_3	voluntary multirating quantitative and performance requirements (V3)	
w_P	total process wastes produced in the production unit of interest	t/years
W_D	waste water discharge	%

4.2 Abbreviated terms

For the purposes of this document, the following abbreviated terms are used:

Abbreviated terms	Description
EEMS	energy efficiency management system
EMAS	eco management and auditing scheme
EMS	environmental management system
EPD	environmental product declaration
HF	hydrogen fluoride
LP gas	liquefied petroleum gas
M	mandatory requirements
NCV	net calorific value
Nm³	cubic meter of gas measured in Normal conditions (T = 273 K, p = 101,3 kPa)
PM	particulate matter
POTW	publicly owned treatment works for waste water
PPE	personal protective equipment
RCS	respirable crystalline silica
SDS	safety data sheet
Sm³	cubic meter of gas measured in Standard conditions (T = 298 K, p = 101,3 kPa)
V1	voluntary pass-fail requirements
V2	voluntary multirating managerial requirements
V3	voluntary multirating quantitative and performance requirements
VOC	volatile organic compounds

5 Principle criteria for sustainable products

5.1 General

The criteria are based on the “three pillar model” of sustainability: environmental sustainability, economic sustainability and social sustainability, as stipulated in the World Summit Conference 2005.