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Ceramic tiling systems — Sustainability for ceramic tiles and installation materials — Part 2: Specification for tile installation materials

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# Foreword

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The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular, the different approval criteria needed for the different types of ISO documents should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2 (see <a href="https://www.iso.org/directives">www.iso.org/directives</a>).

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights. Details of any patent rights identified during the development of the document will be in the Introduction and/or on the ISO list of patent declarations received (see <a href="https://www.iso.org/patents">www.iso.org/patents</a>).

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For an explanation of the voluntary nature of standards, the meaning of ISO specific terms and expressions related to conformity assessment, as well as information about ISO's adherence to the World Trade Organization (WTO) principles in the Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT), see <a href="http://www.iso.org/iso/foreword.html">www.iso.org/iso/foreword.html</a>.

This document was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 189, *Ceramic tile*.

A list of all parts in the ISO 17889 series can be found on the ISO website. 17889-2

Any feedback or questions on this document should be directed to the user's national standards body. A complete listing of these bodies can be found at <a href="http://www.iso.org/members.html">www.iso.org/members.html</a>

# Introduction

This document outlines the requirements for sustainable tiles and installation materials including environmental, economic and social criteria, in order to:

- promote the development and use of sustainable ceramic tiles and installation materials;
- guide all stakeholders in environmental responsibility throughout the supply chain for tiles and installation materials;
- provide a verifiable resource for tile product specification and for design professionals, contractors and consumers to identify sustainable tiles and installation materials;
- increase the value of sustainable tiles and installation materials throughout the supply chain by creating greater market awareness and demand.

This document provides a system for sustainability assessment using the life cycle approach, qualitative and quantitative indicators for environmental, economic and social performance of ceramic tiling systems. This document is focused on tile installation materials.

This document can be used to assess the sustainability performance of the product of interest. Evaluation schemes, taking into account the materials mentioned in the product standards, to enable comparability of the results of assessment, are part of this document.

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ittps://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/e98d0f23-8/fb-4ef4-9055-e5cb2febba06/isofdis-17889-2 FINAL DRAFT INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

# Ceramic tiling systems — Sustainability for ceramic tiles and installation materials — Part 2: Specification for tile installation materials

# 1 Scope

This document specifies sustainability requirements together with assessment methods and evaluation schemes for ceramic tiles and installation materials.

This document includes relevant criteria across product life cycle from raw material through manufacturing, use, and end-of-life management.

This document applies to ceramic tile installation materials including: ceramic tiles, adhesives, grouts, membranes, etc. This document deals with adhesives and other tiling materials.

### 2 Normative references

The following documents are referred to in the text in such a way that some or all of their content constitutes requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO 11890–ISO 11890-1, Paints and varnishes — Determination of volatile organic compound (VOC) content — Part 1: Difference method

ISO 11890-2, Paints and varnishes — Determination of volatile organic compounds(VOC) and/or semi volatile organic compounds (SVOC) content — Part 1: Difference2: Gas-chromatographic method

<u>ISO 14024, Environmental labels and declarations — Type I environmental labelling — Principles and Dissections procedures</u>

ISO 14025, Environmental labels and declarations — Type III environmental declarations — Principles and procedures

ISO 11890 Paints and varnishes — Determination of volatile organic compounds(VOC) and/or sem volatile organic compounds (SVOC) content — Part 2: Gas chromatographic method

<u>ISO\_ISO</u>16000-<u>-</u>3:2011, Indoor air — Part 3: Determination of formaldehyde and other carbonyl compounds in indoor <del>air</del> and test chamber air — Active sampling method

ISO 16000-<u>-</u>6<del>:2011</del>, Indoor air — Part 6: Determination of volatile organic compounds <u>(VVOC, VOC, SVOC)</u> in indoor and test chamber air by active sampling on <del>Tenax TA</del>-sorbent<u>tubes</u>, thermal desorption and gas chromatography using MS or MS -FID

ISO 16000-\_9<del>:2006</del>, Indoor air — Part 9: Determination of the emission of volatile organic compounds from building products and furnishing —\_ Emission test chamber method

ISO 16000--11:2006, Indoor air — Part 11: Determination of the emission of volatile organic compounds from building products and furnishing — Sampling, storage of samples and preparation of test specimens

ISO<u>17899-17889-</u>1, Ceramic tiling systems — Sustainability for ceramic tiles and installation materials <u>—</u> Part 1: Specification for ceramic tiles



ISO 14024, Environmental labels and declarations Type I environmental labelling Principles and procedures

ISO 14025, Environmental labels and declarations — Type III environmental declarations — Principles and procedures

EN 13284-1, Stationary source emissions – Determination of low range mass concentration of dust – Part 1: Manual gravimetric method

ISO 21930, Sustainability in buildings and civil engineering works — Core rules for environmental product declarations of construction products and services

EN 13284-1, Stationary source emissions - Determination of low range mass concentration of dust - Part <u>1: Manual gravimetric method</u>

ASTM D2369-10, Standard Test Method for Volatile Content of Coatings

ASTM D6886-18, Standard Test Method for Determination of the Weight Percent Individual Volatile Organic Compounds in Waterborne Air-Dry Coatings by Gas Chromatography

# 3 Terms, definitions, symbols and abbreviated terms

For the purposes of this document, <u>the terms and definitions given in ISO 17899 part 1, and</u> the following terms and definitions apply.

ISO and IEC maintain terminology databases for use in standardization at the following addresses:

ISO Online browsing platform: available at <a href="https://www.iso.org/obp">https://www.iso.org/obp</a>

IEC Electropedia: available at <u>https://www.electropedia.org/</u>

**3.1 Sustainability** s://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/e98d0f23-87fb-4ef4-9055-e5cb2febba06/iso-

# 3.1.1

environmental sustainability

state in which the ecosystem and its functions are maintained for the present and future generation

# 3.1.2

economic sustainability

ability to provide sustainable, successful places in an economic context

Note 1 to entry: Economic considerations include employment, competitiveness, wealth and distribution, welfare, accounting and regulation.

# 3.1.3

# social sustainability

ability to provide sustainable, successful places in a social context

Note 1 to entry: It combines design of the physical realm with design of the world, infrastructure to support social and cultural life, provides social amenities, systems for citizen engagement and spaces for people and places to evolve.

### 3.1.4 <u>LCA</u>

life\_cycle assessment

3

systematic evaluation of the *environmental impact* (3.2.3) of a product(s) that includes all stages of its life cycle

# **3.2 Environment**

#### 3.2.1

#### environment

surroundings in which an organization operates, including air, water, land, natural resources, flora, fauna, humans, and their interrelation

Note 1 to entry: Surroundings in this context extend from within an organization to the global system.

[SOURCE: ISO 14001:2015, 3.2.1, modified - Note 2 to entry deleted.]

#### 3.2.2

#### environmental aspect

element of an organization's activities or products or services that can interact with the *environment* (3.2.1)

[SOURCE: ISO 14001:2015, 3.2.2, modified — Notes to entry deleted.]

# 3.2.3

# environmental impact

change to the *environment* (3.2.1), whether adverse or beneficial, wholly or partially resulting from an organization's *environmental aspects* (3.2.2)

[SOURCE: ISO 14001:2015, 3.2.4]

# 3.3 Materials input

# 3.3.1

raw material

basic material that can be converted by processing or manufacturing, or a combination of both, into a new product

Note 1 to entry: A raw material may be virgin, recycled, harvested, extracted, recovered, or manufactured when used as an ingredient in a new material.

#### 3.3.2

# indigenous raw material

*raw material* (3.3.1) that is recovered, harvested, or extracted within <del>aan</del> 800 km radius of the manufacturing site

Note 1 to entry: Where materials are transported by water or rail, the distance to the manufacturing site shall be determined by multiplying the distance that the materials are transported by water or rail by 0,25 and adding that number to the distance transported by means other than water or rail.

# 3.3.3

# fresh water

surface water and groundwater withdrawn for manufacturing use

### 3.3.5

# packaging material

material intended for presentation to a consumer that is used for the containment, protection, handling, or preservation of a product

Note 1 to entry: Included tools in a kit or parts of the packaging that are used directly in the combining or installation of the product shall be excluded from this definition.

# 3.3.6

primary packaging

material that first envelops and holds the product of interest (3.5.2)

Note 1 to entry: It is intended to be the smallest unit of distribution or use and is the package which is in direct contact with the contents. For *ceramic* tiled*tiles* (3.5.1) the primary packaging is restricted to the following materials: paper, cardboard or corrugate.

#### 3.3.7

L

#### shipping material

material that is used for the containment, protection, handling, or preservation of a product while en route from one location to another and that is generally not intended for presentation to a consumer

EXAMPLE: Pallet, industrial carton, banding, freight panels, wood/lumber bracing, etc.

# 3.4 Sustainability management

#### 3.4.1 EEMS

CC .

energy efficiency management system energy management procedures to monitor, control, evaluate and improve the performance of the used energy

# 3.4.2

I

EMS environmental management system

#### EMC

environmental management procedures to monitor, control, evaluate and improve the organization environmental performance

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# 3.4.3 https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/e98d0f23-87fb-4ef4-9055-e5cb2febba06/isc

# <u>OHSMS</u>

fdia 17000 0

occupational health and safety management system OHSMS health and safety management system

procedures to monitor, control, evaluate and improve the system performance as regards health and safety

[SOURCE: ISO 45001: 2018, Chapter 1: Scope]

# 3.4.4

# environmental product declaration EPD

standardized and <u>life-cycle assessment (3.1.4) [LCA-]-based tool</u>type III environmental declaration— \_\_\_\_\_\_to communicate the environmental performance of a product or system

#### 3.4.5

type I label

LCA-life-cycle assessment (3.1.4) (LCA)-based label which identifies products or services proven environmentally preferable overall, within a specific product or service category

# 3.4.6

# certified

product or management system validated by a certification body (3.4.7) in accordance with the relevant standard

# 3.4.7

### certification body

third-party conformity assessment body operating certification schemes

# 3.4.8

maintenance

service

actions which have the objective of retaining or restoring a product in or to a state in which it can perform its intended function

# **3.5 Products and production**

# 3.5.1

# ceramic tile

ceramic surfacing unit, usually relatively thin in relation to facial area, having either a glazed or unglazed face and fired above red heat in the course of manufacture to a temperature sufficiently high to produce specific physical properties and characteristic

# 3.5.2

# product of interest

single product or line of products with homogeneous technical characteristics and equal *environmental impacts* (3.2.3) and performances

Note 1 to entry: In case of product\_specific environmental criteria a "worst case scenario" analysis of a single product may suffice to extend the boundaries of the product of interest to be representative of the facility's entire *production*-(3.5.3).

# 3.5.3

#### production

industrial processes involving steps resulting in the manufacture of products or items

# 3.5.4

### transport

movement of goods from one location to another

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5

Note 1 to entry: The goods can be, for example, products, *raw materials* (3.3.1).

# 3.6 Waste materials

#### 3.6.1

### post-consumer material

waste material generated by households or by commercial, industrial and institutional facilities in their role as end-users of the product, which can no longer be used for its original intended purpose

#### 3.6.2

# pre-consumer material

material, solid and/or liquid, diverted from a waste stream generated by the manufacturing process

Note 1 to entry: Reutilization of materials (i.e. rework, regrind or scrap generated in a process that does not enter the waste stream and that is capable of being reclaimed within the same process that generated it) is excluded.

### 3.6.3

# reclaimed waste

waste, scrap material, or water generated during manufacturing processes that, in lieu of disposal, is captured and reused to manufacture more of the same product

# 3.7 Health and safety

# 3.7.1

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# hazard

source, situation, or act with a potential for harm in terms of human injury or ill health, (3.7.3), or a combination of these

# [SOURCE: OHSAS 18001:2007]

Note 1 to entry: Adapted from ISO 45001.

#### 3.7.2

# hazard identification

process of recognizing that a hazard (3.7.1) exists and defining its characteristics-

# [SOURCE: OHSAS 18001:2007]

#### 3.7.3

### ill health

identifiable, adverse physical or mental condition arising from and/or made worse by a work activity and/or work-related situation

# [SOURCE: OHSAS 18001:2007]

### 3.7.4 safety in use

3.8 Symbols

# level of risks associated with the installation and use of the products (standards.iteh.ai)

Symbols	Description	<u>Units</u>	
-	arithmetical average	O/FDIS 17990.2	
<u>a<sub>ave</sub></u>		0/1/DIS 1/889-2	87fb-4ef4-9055-e5cb2febba06/iso-
<u>Срм,</u> і	PM concentration in the <i>i</i> -th chimney stack g/standa	rds/s1s <u>mg/Nm<sup>3</sup></u> 0123-	5/10-4014-9055-05C021000a00/180-
<del>EFj (<u>F</u> <u>E</u> j g/kg)</del>	emission factor of the pollutant "j" (PM, HF) through emissions into the atmosphere	fdis-1 /g/kg -2	Inserted Cells
L	incidence of indigenous raw materials	<u>%</u>	
$\underline{M}_{\text{post}}$	post-consumer material input	kg	
<u>M<sub>pre</sub></u>	pre-consumer material input	kg	

#### ₽C (TJ/year or Sm<sup>2</sup>/year) Fuel consumption (annual)

FW (L/t) specific fresh water consumption

<u>I (%)p₁</u>	quantity of indigenous raw materials in the body of the product of interest	kg		Inserted Cells
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Nm<sup>3</sup>

6

cubic meter of gas measured in Normal conditions (T = 273 K, p = 101.3 kPa)