SLOVENSKI STANDARD
SIST EN IEC 62471-7:2023

01-maj-2023

Fotobiološka varnost sijalčnih sistemov - 7. del: Svetlobni viri in svetilke, ki oddajo predvsem vidno sevanje (IEC 62471-7:2023)

Photobiological safety of lamps and lamp systems - Part 7: Light sources and luminaires primarily emitting visible radiation (IEC 62471-7:2023)

Photobiologische Sicherheit von Lampen und Lampensystemen - Teil 7: Lichtquellen und Leuchten, die hauptsächlich sichtbare Strahlung aussenden (IEC 62471-7:2023)

Sécurité photobiologique des lampes et des appareils utilisant des lampes - Partie 7: Sources de lumière et luminaires qui émettent principalement un rayonnement visible (IEC 62471-7:2023)

Ta slovenski standard je istoveten z: **EN IEC 62471-7:2023**

ICS:

29.140.01	Žarnice na splošno	Lamps in general

SIST EN IEC 62471-7:2023 **en**

EUROPEAN STANDARD

NORME EUROPÉENNE

EUROPÄISCHE NORM

EN IEC 62471-7

March 2023

ICS 29.140.01; 31.260

English Version

Photobiological safety of lamps and lamp systems - Part 7: Light sources and luminaires primarily emitting visible radiation (IEC 62471-7:2023)

Sécurité photobiologique des lampes et des appareils utilisant des lampes - Partie 7: Sources de lumière et luminaires qui émettent principalement un rayonnement visible
(IEC 62471-7:2023)

Photobiologische Sicherheit von Lampen und Lampensystemen - Teil 7: Lichtquellen und Leuchten, die hauptsächlich sichtbare Strahlung aussenden
(IEC 62471-7:2023)

This European Standard was approved by CENELEC on 2023-03-23. CENELEC members are bound to comply with the CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations which stipulate the conditions for giving this European Standard the status of a national standard without any alteration.

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European Committee for Electrotechnical Standardization
Comité Européen de Normalisation Electrotechnique
Europäisches Komitee für Elektrotechnische Normung

CEN-CENELEC Management Centre: Rue de la Science 23, B-1040 Brussels

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European foreword

The text of document 34/1004/FDIS, future edition 1 of IEC 62471-7, prepared by IEC/TC 34 "Lighting" was submitted to the IEC-CENELEC parallel vote and approved by CENELEC as EN IEC 62471-7:2023.

The following dates are fixed:

- latest date by which the document has to be implemented at national level by publication of an identical national standard or by endorsement (dop) 2023-12-23
- latest date by which the national standards conflicting with the document have to be withdrawn (dow) 2026-03-23

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Any feedback and questions on this document should be directed to the users' national committee. A complete listing of these bodies can be found on the CENELEC website.

Endorsement notice

The text of the International Standard IEC 62471-7:2023 was approved by CENELEC as a European Standard without any modification.

In the official version, for Bibliography, the following notes have to be added for the standard indicated:

IEC 60432-1:1999	NOTE	Approved as EN 60432-1:2000 (modified)
IEC 60432-1:1999/A1:2005	NOTE	Approved as EN 60432-1:2000/A1:2005 (not modified)
IEC 60432-1:1999/A2:2011	NOTE	Approved as EN 60432-1:2000/A2:2012 (not modified)
IEC 60432-2:1999	NOTE	Approved as EN 60432-2:2000 (modified)
IEC 60432-2:1999/A1:2005	NOTE	Approved as EN 60432-2:2000/A1:2005 (modified)
IEC 60432-2:1999/A2:2012	NOTE	Approved as EN 60432-2:2000/A2:2012 (not modified)
IEC 60432-3:2012	NOTE	Approved as EN 60432-3:2013 (not modified)
IEC 60598 (series)	NOTE	Approved as EN 60598 (series)
IEC 60598-2-13:2006	NOTE	Approved as EN 60598-2-13:2006 (not modified) + A11:2021
IEC 60598-2-13:2006/A1:2011	NOTE	Approved as EN 60598-2-13:2006/A1:2012 (not modified)
IEC 60598-2-13:2006/A2:2016	NOTE	Approved as EN 60598-2-13:2006/A2:2016 (not modified)
IEC 60825-1:2014	NOTE	Approved as EN 60825-1:2014 (not modified) + A11:2021
IEC 62031:2018	NOTE	Approved as EN IEC 62031:2020 (not modified) + A11:2021
IEC 62035:2014	NOTE	Approved as EN 62035:2014 (modified)
IEC 62035:2014/A1:2016	NOTE	Approved as EN 62035:2014/A1:2019 (not modified)

Annex ZA
(normative)

Normative references to international publications with their corresponding European publications

The following documents are referred to in the text in such a way that some or all of their content constitutes requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

NOTE 1 Where an International Publication has been modified by common modifications, indicated by (mod), the relevant EN/HD applies.

NOTE 2 Up-to-date information on the latest versions of the European Standards listed in this annex is available here: www.cencenelec.eu.

Publication	Year	Title	EN/HD	Year
IEC 60050-845	-	International Electrotechnical Vocabulary. Lighting	-	-
IEC 60598-1	2020	Luminaires - Part 1: General requirements and tests	EN IEC 60598-1	2021
IEC 62471 (mod)	2006	Photobiological safety of lamps and lamp systems	EN 62471	2008
IEC 62471-5	2015	Photobiological safety of lamps and lamp systems - Part 5: Image projectors	EN 62471-5	2015

IEC 62471-7

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INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

NORME INTERNATIONALE

colour inside

Photobiological safety of lamps and lamp systems – Part 7: Light sources and luminaires primarily emitting visible radiation

Sécurité photobiologique des lampes et des appareils utilisant des lampes – Partie 7: Sources de lumière et luminaires qui émettent principalement un rayonnement visible

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PHOTOBIOLOGICAL SAFETY OF LAMPS AND LAMP SYSTEMS –

Part 7: Light sources and luminaires primarily emitting visible radiation

FOREWORD

1) The International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) is a worldwide organization for standardization comprising all national electrotechnical committees (IEC National Committees). The object of IEC is to promote international co-operation on all questions concerning standardization in the electrical and electronic fields. To this end and in addition to other activities, IEC publishes International Standards, Technical Specifications, Technical Reports, Publicly Available Specifications (PAS) and Guides (hereafter referred to as "IEC Publication(s)"). Their preparation is entrusted to technical committees; any IEC National Committee interested in the subject dealt with may participate in this preparatory work. International, governmental and non-governmental organizations liaising with the IEC also participate in this preparation. IEC collaborates closely with the International Organization for Standardization (ISO) in accordance with conditions determined by agreement between the two organizations.
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IEC 62471-7 has been prepared by IEC technical committee 34: Lighting. It is an International Standard.

The text of this International Standard is based on the following documents:

Draft	Report on voting
34/1004/FDIS	34/1011/RVD

Full information on the voting for its approval can be found in the report on voting indicated in the above table.

The language used for the development of this International Standard is English.

This document was drafted in accordance with ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2, and developed in accordance with ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1 and ISO/IEC Directives, IEC Supplement, available at www.iec.ch/members_experts/refdocs. The main document types developed by IEC are described in greater detail at www.iec.ch/publications.

A list of all parts in the IEC 62471 series, published under the general title *Photobiological safety of lamps and lamp systems*, can be found on the IEC website.

The committee has decided that the contents of this document will remain unchanged until the stability date indicated on the IEC website under webstore.iec.ch in the data related to the specific document. At this date, the document will be

- reconfirmed,
- withdrawn,
- replaced by a revised edition, or
- amended.

IMPORTANT – The "colour inside" logo on the cover page of this document indicates that it contains colours which are considered to be useful for the correct understanding of its contents. Users should therefore print this document using a colour printer.

INTRODUCTION

The wording "lamps and lamp systems" is used in the title of the IEC 62471 series. However, in the title of this Part 7, the wording "light sources and luminaires" is used. The reason for this is that due to the introduction of new LED technologies the characteristics of the light-generating components have changed. Therefore, the terms "electrical light source" and "luminaire" are nowadays used in TC 34 instead of "lamp" and "lamp system".

"Electric light source" is the generic term for products which produce light; the term "lamp" (light source with a lamp cap-holder system) is thereby included.

"Luminaire" is the basic term (see IEC 60050-845:2020, 845-30-001) for a product that includes all necessary accessories and describes a device that distributes, filters, or transforms the light produced from at least one source of optical radiation and which includes, except the sources themselves, all the parts necessary for fixing and protecting the sources and, where necessary, circuit auxiliaries together with the means for connecting them to the power supply.

When luminaires are designed and constructed in accordance with the requirements of this document, they are presumed to function safely under normal use and present a photobiological hazard. Conformity of luminaires can be verified by application of the assessment procedures described in this document.

The light sources can be interchangeable or an integral part of the luminaire. If the light source is an integral part of the luminaire, the luminaire can also be considered a light source system (corresponding to a lamp system).

Most electrical light sources and luminaires within the scope of this document will not present a photobiological hazard due to their spectra, their light distribution, the light levels, and the natural aversion responses – people do not usually stare into bright sources, for example. There remain, however, some light sources and luminaires, which have the potential to pose adverse health effects from the emitted optical radiation. Exposure limits for a range of photobiological hazards associated with broad-band optical radiation sources have been developed and published by the International Commission on Non-Ionizing Radiation Protection (ICNIRP).

This document introduces a new assessment procedure to address the various lighting applications in which the intended purpose is the illumination of objects and scenes and in signalling applications. This new approach uses revised time bases (and emission limits) related to the intentional or unintentional direct viewing of the luminaire and assessment distances depending on application. These emission limits are based on the exposure limits of the ICNIRP.

In this document, a complete procedure is used to cover all photobiological hazards in the range of 200 nm to 3 000 nm as implemented in IEC 62471.

This procedure, based on a product- and application-related assessment, leads to a pass/fail result for a specific product in that given application.