ISO/DIS-FDIS 23124 :2023(E)

Date: 2023-11-0

ISO-/TC-201/ WG!

Secretariat:-JISC

Date: 2024-01-11

Surface chemical analysis— Measurement of lateral and axial resolutions of a Raman microscope

iTeh Standards (https://standards.iteh.ai) FDIS stagent Preview

ISO/FDIS 23124

https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/iso/828bd6e9-03aa-46cd-94b7-8938fbe21c5d/iso-fdis-23124

ISO/DIS-FDIS23124:20232024(E)

© ISO 20232024

All rights reserved. Unless otherwise specified, or required in the context of its implementation, no part of this publication may be reproduced or utilized otherwise in any form or by any means, electronic or mechanical, including photocopying, or posting on the internet or an intranet, without prior written permission. Permission can be requested from either ISO at the address below or ISO's member body in the country of the requester.

ISO copyright office CP 401 • Ch. de Blandonnet 8 CH-1214 Vernier, Geneva Phone: +_41 22 749 01 11

Fax: +41 22 749 09 47

EmailE-mail: copyright@iso.org
Website: www.iso.orgwww.iso.org

Published in Switzerland

iTeh Standards (https://standards.iteh.ai) Document Preview

ISO/FDIS 23124

https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/iso/828bd6e9-03aa-46cd-94b7-8938fbe21c5d/iso-fdis-23124

© ISO 2023 - All rights reserved

ISO/DIS-FDIS23124:20232024(E)

Contents

<u>Fore</u>	word	
Intro	ductionv	i
1	Scope	
2	Normative references	L
3	Terms and definitions	L
4	General information	2
4.1	Outline of proposed method	2
4.2	Lateral resolution	2
4.3	Axial resolution	}
<u>5</u>	Sample requirements	ł.
<u>5.1</u>	Selection of the sample and sample requirement to measure the lateral resolution	ł.
<u>5.2</u>	Selection of the sample and sample requirement to measure the axial resolution	ł.
6	Experimental parameters to be specified	
6.1	<u>Overview</u>	
6.2	Numerical aperture of objective lens	
6.3	Size of confocal pinhole or the optics which works with similar function	5
6.4	Setting the parameters before the operation of the instrument	ai)
7	Data acquisition	
7.1	Data collection and analysis for lateral resolution	
7.2	Data collection and analysis for axial resolution	
7.3	Recording of the data	i i
Anne	ex A (informative) Examples using dispersed carbon nanotubes and suspended graphene as sample	2
A.1	Case study 1	
	ography1	
DIUII	ography1	
Fare	werd iv	
	duction v	
1	— Scope 1	
2	— Stope 1 — Terms and definitions 1	
2	— Fernis and definitions 1 — General information 2	
21	— General Miormation — 2 — Outline of proposed method — 2	
	Lateral resolution 2	
3.4		
3.3	-Axial resolution 3	
4	Sample requirements 3	

© ISO 2024 – All rights reserved

© ISO 2023 All rights reserved

Edited DIS - MUST BE USED FOR FINAL DRAFT

ISO/DIS-FDIS23124:20232024(E)

4.1 Selection of the sample and sample requirement to measure the lateral resolution 3		
Selection of the sample and sample requirement to measure the axial resolution 3		
5 Experimental parameters to be specified 4		
5.1 Overview 4		
5.2 Numerical aperture of objective lens 4		
5.3 Size of confocal pinhole or the optics which works with similar function 4		
5.4 Setting the parameters before the operation of the instrument 4		
6 Data Acquisition 5		
6.1 Data collection and analysis for lateral resolution 5		
6.2 Data collection and analysis for axial resolution 5		
6.3 Recording of the data 5		
Annex A 7		
Bibliography 11		

iTeh Standards (https://standards.iteh.ai) Document Preview

ISO/FDIS 23124

https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/iso/828bd6e9-03aa-46cd-94b7-8938fbe21c5d/iso-fdis-23124

© ISO 2023 - All rights reserved

iv

ISO/DIS-FDIS 23124:20232024(E)

Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part-1. In particular, the different approval criteria needed for the different types of ISO documents document should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part-2 (see www.iso.org/directives).

Attention is drawn[SO draws attention to the possibility that some of the elementsimplementation of this document may be involve the subjectuse of (a) patent(s). ISO takes no position concerning the evidence validity or applicability of any claimed patent rights, in respect thereof. As of the date of publication of this document, ISO had not received notice of (a) patent(s) which may be required to implement this document. However, implementers are cautioned that this may not represent the latest information, which may be obtained from the patent database available at www.iso.org/patents, ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights. Details of any patent rights identified during the development of the document will be in the Introduction and/or on the ISO list of patent declarations received (see www.iso.org/patents).

Any trade name used in this document is information given for the convenience of users and does not constitute an endorsement.

For an explanation of the voluntary nature of standards, the meaning of ISO specific terms and expressions related to conformity assessment, as well as information about ISO's adherence to the World Trade Organization (WTO) principles in the Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT), see www.iso.org/iso/foreword.html.

This document was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 201, Surface Chemical Analysis. 9467-8938fbe21c5d/iso-fdis-23124

Any feedback or questions on this document should be directed to the user's national standards body. A complete listing of these bodies can be found at www.iso.org/members.html.

Field Code Changed

© ISO 2023 - All rights reserved

© ISO 2024 - All rights reserved

Edited DIS - MUST BE USED FOR FINAL DRAFT

ISO/DIS-FDIS 23124:20232024(E)

Introduction

The Raman microscope is usually built on an optical micro-spectroscopy platform and integrated with laser input, laser line filter and spectrometer output. The laser focus is scanned on the sample and the Raman-scattered photons are collected from each pixelspixel to record the full spectrum. Raman spectral images contain a variety of spectral information, such as the intensity, peak position, or peak width of certain Raman bands.

Spatial resolution is one of the main specifications of the Raman microscope. However, the definition and the measurement procedures largely vary depending on the manufacturers of the Raman microscope, therefore the general assessment of the spatial resolution has been limited. In this document, we provide a standardized protocol that describes the measurement of the spatial resolution of a Raman microscope by performing simple measurements using specific standard specimens.

In the Raman microscope, spatial resolution includes the lateral resolution and axial resolution. For this evaluation, there are several methods, such as straight edge method, narrow line method and grating method. This standarddocument describes only one of those, which is the narrow line method, for the evaluation of the spatial resolution one on Raman measurement. A case study of the measurement is provided in Annex A-Annex A.

iTeh Standards (https://standards.iteh.ai) Document Preview

ISO/FDIS 23124

https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/iso/828bd6e9-03aa-46cd-94b7-8938fbe21c5d/iso-fdis-23124

© ISO 2023 – All rights reserved