### FINAL DRAFT

## INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

## ISO/FDIS 23150

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### Road vehicles — Data communication between sensors and data fusion unit for automated driving functions — Logical interface

Véhicules routiers - Communication de données entre capteurs et unité de fusion de données pour les fonctions de conduite automatisée iTeh ST-Interface logique PREVIEW

## (standards.iteh.ai)

ISO/FDIS 23150 https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/318b7f5d-0813-48d4-8f06d657645f56a9/iso-fdis-23150

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### Contents

Page

Forew	ord		v		
Introductionvi					
1	Scope				
2	Norma	ative references	1		
3	Terms and definitions				
5	31	Architectural components	1		
	3.2	Level of detail terms	2		
	3.3	Structure terms			
	3.4	Measurement terms			
	3.5	Requirement level terms			
	3.6	Road user relevant entity types	5		
	3.7	Axis and coordinate system terms	7		
4	Abbre	viated terms			
5	Struct	ure of the interface description			
	5.1	General			
	5.2	Signal			
	5.3	Interface			
	5.4	Specific signal grouping			
	5.5	Profile Profile PREVERV			
6	Logical interface from a sensor as well as a sensor cluster to a fusion unit				
	6.1	General (standards.iteh.ai)			
	6.2	Generic interface header			
	6.3	Generic interface entity			
	6.4	Profile: Uniqueness of interface versioning: b7f5d-0813-48d4-8f06-			
7	Object level d657645f56a9/iso-fdis-23150				
-	7.1	General			
	7.2	Generic object level interface			
		7.2.1 Generic object level header			
		7.2.2 Generic object level entity			
	7.3	Potentially moving object interface			
		7.3.1 Potentially moving object header			
		7.3.2 Potentially moving object entity			
		7.3.3 Profile: Motion			
	7.4	Road object interface			
		7.4.1 Road object header			
		7.4.2 Road object entity			
	7 5	7.4.3 Profile: Colour model for KDUI			
	7.5	7 E 1 Static object Interface			
		7.5.1 Static object meduel			
		7.5.2 Static object entry			
0	Footu		61		
0	Realure level				
	82	Generic sensor cluster feature interface	01 67		
	0.2	8 2 1 Generic sensor cluster feature header			
		822 Generic sensor cluster feature entity			
	8.3	Camera feature interface	63		
	0.0	8.3.1 Camera feature header			
		8.3.2 Camera feature entity			
		8.3.3 Profile: Colour model for CFI			
	8.4	Ultrasonic feature interface			

8.4.2     Ultrasonic feature entity     74       9     Detection level     74       9.1     General     74       9.2     Generic sensor detection interface     75       9.2.1     Generic sensor detections header     75       9.2.2     Generic sensor detections header     76       9.3     Radar detection interface     76       9.3.1     Radar detection interface     79       9.3.2     Radar detection interface     81       9.4     Lidar detection interface     81       9.4.1     Lidar detection neader     84       9.4.2     Lidar detection neader     85       9.5     Camera detection entity     89       9.5.1     Camera detection neity     89       9.5.3     Profile: Colour model for CDI     90       9.6     Ultrasonic detection entity     94       9.6.3     Profile: Ultrasonic sensor cluster     95       10     Supportive sensor interface     97       9.6.3     Ultrasonic detection entity     98       10.3     General supportive sensor interface     97       10.2.2     General supportive s			8.4.1 Ultrasonic feature header			
9     Detection level     74       9.1     General     74       9.2     Generic sensor detection interface     75       9.2.1     Generic sensor detections header     75       9.2.2     Generic sensor detections entity     76       9.3     Radar detections header     76       9.3.1     Radar detections entity     80       9.3.2     Radar detections entity     80       9.3.3     Profile: Radar ambiguity     81       9.4     Lidar detection interface     81       9.4.1     Lidar detection interface     85       9.5     Camera detection interface     85       9.5.1     Camera detection entity     89       9.5.2     Camera detection interface     90       9.6     Ultrasonic detection entity     89       9.5.2     Ultrasonic detection entity     94       9.6.1     Ultrasonic detection entity     94       9.6.2     Ultrasonic detection entity     94       9.6.3     Profile: Ultrasonic sensor cluster     95       10     Supportive sensor interface     97       10.2.2     Generic supportive sensor			8.4.2 Ultrasonic feature entity			
9.1     General.     74       9.2     Generic sensor detection interface     75       9.2.1     Generic sensor detections endity.     76       9.2.2     Generic sensor detections entity.     76       9.3     Radar detection interface     76       9.3.1     Radar detections entity.     80       9.3.2     Radar detections entity.     80       9.3.3     Profile: Radar ambiguity.     81       9.4     Lidar detection interface     81       9.4.1     Lidar detection entity.     80       9.4.2     Lidar detection neader     84       9.4.2     Lidar detection neader     84       9.4.2     Lidar detection neader     85       9.5.1     Camera detection neader     88       9.5.2     Camera detection neader     89       9.5.3     Profile: Olour model for CDI     90       9.6.1     Ultrasonic detection neader     93       9.6.2     Ultrasonic detection neader     93       9.6.3     Profile: Ultrasonic sensor cluster     95       10     Supportive sensor interface     97       10.1     Generic supportiv	9	Deteo	ction level	74		
9.2     Generic sensor detection interface     75       9.2.1     Generic sensor detections header     75       9.2.2     Generic sensor detections entity     76       9.3     Radar detection interface     76       9.3.1     Radar detections entity     80       9.3.2     Radar detection sentity     80       9.3.3     Profile: Radar ambiguity     81       9.4     Lidar detection interface     81       9.4.1     Lidar detection interface     81       9.4.1     Lidar detection interface     81       9.4.2     Lidar detection entity     85       9.5     Camera detection header     88       9.5.2     Camera detection entity     89       9.5.3     Profile: Colour model for CDI     90       9.6     Ultrasonic detection header     93       9.6.1     Ultrasonic detection entity     93       9.6.2     Ultrasonic detection entity     94       9.6.3     Profile: Ultrasonic detection entity     96       10     Supportive sensor interfaces     96       10.1     Generic supportive sensor interface     97       10.2	-	9.1	General			
9.2.1     Generic sensor detections header     75       9.2.2     Generic sensor detections entity     76       9.3     Radar detection interface     76       9.3.1     Radar detections header     79       9.3.2     Radar detections entity     80       9.3.3     Profile: Radar ambiguity     81       9.4     Lidar detection interface     81       9.4.1     Lidar detection interface     81       9.4.2     Lidar detection interface     85       9.5     Camera detection interface     85       9.5.1     Camera detection neader     88       9.5.2     Camera detection nedefor     90       9.5.3     Profile: Colour model for CDI     90       9.6.1     Ultrasonic detection neader     93       9.6.2     Ultrasonic sensor cluster     95       10     Supportive sensor interfaces     96       10.1     Generic supportive sensor entity     94       10.2     Generic supportive sensor entity     98       10.3     Sensor performance interface     97       10.2.2     Generic supportive sensor entity     98       10.3.3		9.2	Generic sensor detection interface			
9.2.2     Generic sensor detections entity     76       9.3     Radar detection interface     76       9.3.1     Radar detections header     79       9.3.2     Radar detections entity     80       9.3.3     Profile: Radar ambiguity     81       9.4     Lidar detection interface     81       9.4.1     Lidar detection header     84       9.4.2     Lidar detection header     85       9.5     Camera detection interface     85       9.5.1     Camera detection entity     89       9.5.2     Camera detection entity     89       9.5.3     Profile: Colour model for CDI     90       9.6     Ultrasonic detection netify     94       9.6.1     Ultrasonic detection entity     94       9.6.2     Ultrasonic detection entity     94       9.6.3     Profile: Ultrasonic sensor cluster     95       10     Supportive sensor interfaces     96       10.1     Generic supportive sensor interface     97       10.2.2     Generic supportive sensor entity     98       10.3     Sensor performance interface     104       10.3.2			9.2.1 Generic sensor detections header			
9.3     Radar detection interface     76       9.3.1     Radar detections header     79       9.3.2     Radar detections entity     80       9.3.3     Profile: Radar ambiguity     81       9.4     Lidar detection interface     81       9.4.1     Lidar detection header     84       9.4.2     Lidar detection entity     85       9.5     Camera detection entity     85       9.5.1     Camera detection header     88       9.5.2     Camera detection nedler     89       9.5.3     Profile: Colour model for CDI     90       9.6     Ultrasonic detection netity     94       9.6.1     Ultrasonic detection entity     94       9.6.2     Ultrasonic detection entity     94       9.6.3     Profile: Ultrasonic detection entity     94       9.6.3     Profile: Ultrasonic sensor cluster     95       10     Supportive sensor interfaces     96       10.1     Generic supportive sensor interface     97       10.2.2     Generic supportive sensor entity     98       10.3     Sensor performance interface     104       10.3.3 <td></td> <td>9.2.2 Generic sensor detections entity</td> <td></td>			9.2.2 Generic sensor detections entity			
9.3.1     Radar detections header     79       9.3.2     Radar detections entity     80       9.3.3     Profile: Radar ambiguity     81       9.4     Lidar detection interface     81       9.4.1     Lidar detection header     84       9.4.2     Lidar detection netity     85       9.5     Camera detection header     85       9.5.1     Camera detection netity     89       9.5.2     Camera detection netity     89       9.5.3     Profile: Colour model for CDI     90       9.6     Ultrasonic detection header     93       9.6.1     Ultrasonic detection header     93       9.6.2     Ultrasonic detection header     93       9.6.3     Profile: Ultrasonic sensor cluster     95       10     Supportive sensor interfaces     96       10.1     Generic supportive sensor interface     97       10.2.2     Generic supportive sensor entity     98       10.3     Sensor performance interface     96       10.3.1     Sensor performance entity     98       10.3.2     Sensor performance entity     96       10.3.3		9.3	Radar detection interface			
9.3.2Radar detections entity809.3.3Profile: Radar ambiguity819.4Lidar detection interface819.4.1Lidar detection header849.4.2Lidar detection header849.4.2Lidar detection netity859.5Camera detection interface889.5.2Camera detection header889.5.3Profile: Colour model for CDI909.6Ultrasonic detection entity999.6.1Ultrasonic detection entity949.6.2Ultrasonic detection entity949.6.3Profile: Ultrasonic sensor cluster9510Supportive sensor interfaces9610.1Generic supportive sensor interface9710.2.2Generic supportive sensor entity9810.3Sensor performance interface9610.3Sensor performance header9810.3.1Sensor performance header9610.3.2Sensor performance header10410.3.3Profile: Uniqueness of interface versioning of SPIs10410.4.2Sensor health information interface10710.4.2Sensor health information entity108Annex A (normative)Interface signals109Annex B (normative)Options and constraints216Bibliography226			9.3.1 Radar detections header			
9.3.3Profile: Radar ambiguity819.4Lidar detection interface819.4.1Lidar detection header849.4.2Lidar detection entity859.5Camera detection interface859.5.1Camera detection header889.5.2Camera detection interface909.5.3Profile: Colour model for CDI909.6Ultrasonic detection entity919.6.1Ultrasonic detection entity939.6.2Ultrasonic detection entity949.6.3Profile: Ultrasonic sensor cluster9510Supportive sensor interfaces9610.1GeneralItem STANDARD PREVIEW9610.2Generic supportive sensor interface9710.2.1Generic supportive sensor interface9710.2.2Generic supportive sensor entity9810.3Sensor performance interface9610.3.1Sensor performance header9610.3.2Sensor performance of interface9810.3.3Profile: Uniqueness of interface10410.3.3Profile: Uniqueness of interface10410.4.1Sensor health information interface10710.4.2Sensor health information entity108Annex A (normative) Interface signals109Annex B (normative) Options and constraints216Bibliography226			9.3.2 Radar detections entity			
9.4     Lidar detection interface     81       9.4.1     Lidar detection header     84       9.4.2     Lidar detection entity     85       9.5     Camera detection interface     85       9.5.1     Camera detection header     88       9.5.2     Camera detection entity     89       9.5.3     Profile: Colour model for CDI     90       9.6     Ultrasonic detection interface     90       9.6.1     Ultrasonic detection header     93       9.6.2     Ultrasonic detection entity     94       9.6.3     Profile: Ultrasonic sensor cluster     95       10     Supportive sensor interfaces     96       10.1     Generic supportive sensor interface     97       10.2.1     Generic supportive sensor entity     98       10.3     Sensor performance interface     97       10.3.1     Sensor performance interface     102       10.3.3     Profile: Uniqueness of interface     104       10.3.3     Profile: Uniqueness of interface     104       10.4.1     Sensor health information interface     104       10.4.2     Sensor health information entity     108			9.3.3 Profile: Radar ambiguity			
9.4.1Lidar detection header849.4.2Lidar detection entity859.5.5Camera detection interface859.5.1Camera detection header889.5.2Camera detection entity899.5.3Profile: Colour model for CDI909.6Ultrasonic detection interface909.6.1Ultrasonic detection entity949.6.2Ultrasonic detection entity949.6.3Profile: Ultrasonic sensor cluster9510Supportive sensor interfaces9610.1GeneralITeh STANDARD PREVIEW9610.2Generic supportive sensor interface10.2Generic supportive sensor interface9710.2.1Generic supportive sensor entity9810.3Sensor performance interface9810.3.1Sensor performance interface10210.3.2Sensor performance entity9810.3.3Profile: Uniqueness of interface versioning of SPIs10410.4.2Sensor health information interface10710.4.2Sensor health information entity108Annex A (normative) Interface signals109Annex B (normative) Options and constraints216Bibliography226		9.4	Lidar detection interface			
9.4.2Lidar detection entity859.5Camera detection interface859.5.1Camera detection header889.5.2Camera detection entity899.5.3Profile: Colour model for CDI909.6Ultrasonic detection interface909.6.1Ultrasonic detection header939.6.2Ultrasonic detection entity949.6.3Profile: Ultrasonic sensor cluster9510Supportive sensor interfaces9610.1GeneralITeh STANDARD PREVIEW9610.2Generic supportive sensor interface10.3Sensor performance interface10010.3Sensor performance interface10210.3Sensor performance interface10210.3Sensor performance entity9810.3Sensor performance entity9810.4Sensor performance entity9810.3Sensor performance interface10010.4Sensor performance entity9810.4Sensor performance entity10410.4Sensor health information interface10410.4Sensor health information interface10410.4.1Sensor health information entity108Annex A (normative) Interface signals109Annex B (normative) Options and constraints216Bibliography226			9.4.1 Lidar detection header			
9.5Camera detection interface859.5.1Camera detection header.889.5.2Camera detection entity899.5.3Profile: Colour model for CDI909.6Ultrasonic detection interface.909.6.1Ultrasonic detection header939.6.2Ultrasonic detection entity949.6.3Profile: Ultrasonic sensor cluster9510Supportive sensor interfaces9610.1GeneralITeh STANDARD PREVIEW9610.2Generic supportive sensor interface9710.2.1Generic supportive sensor entity9810.3Sensor performance interface9910.3.1Sensor performance interface10.3.2Sensor performance interface9810.3.3Profile: Uniqueness of interface versioning of SPIs10410.4.1Sensor health information interface10410.4.2Sensor health information entity108Annex A (normative) Interface signals109Annex B (normative) Options and constraints216Bibliography226			9.4.2 Lidar detection entity			
9.5.1Camera detection header889.5.2Camera detection entity899.5.3Profile: Colour model for CDI909.6Ultrasonic detection interface909.6.1Ultrasonic detection header939.6.2Ultrasonic detection entity949.6.3Profile: Ultrasonic sensor cluster9510Supportive sensor interfaces9610.1General <b>TCNNDARD PREVIEW</b> 9610.2Generic supportive sensor interface9710.2.1Generic supportive sensor entity9810.3Sensor performance interface10.3Sensor performance interface9810.3.1Sensor performance entity9810.3.2Sensor performance interface9810.3.3Profile: Uniqueness of interface versioning of SPIs10410.4Sensor health information interface10410.4.1Sensor health information entity108Annex A (normative) Interface signals109Annex B (normative) Options and constraints216Bibliography226		9.5	Camera detection interface			
9.5.2Camera detection entity899.5.3Profile: Colour model for CDI909.6Ultrasonic detection interface909.6.1Ultrasonic detection header939.6.2Ultrasonic detection entity949.6.3Profile: Ultrasonic sensor cluster9510Supportive sensor interfaces9610.1GeneralIT enders10.2Generic supportive sensor interface9710.2.1Generic supportive sensor entity9810.3Sensor performance interface9710.2.2Generic supportive sensor entity9810.3Sensor performance interface10210.3.1Sensor performance interface10210.3.2Sensor performance entity.9810.3.3Profile: Uniqueness of interface versioning of SPIs10410.4Sensor health information interface10410.4.2Sensor health information entity108Annex A (normative) Interface signals109Annex B (normative) Options and constraints216Bibliography226			9.5.1 Camera detection header			
9.5.3Profile: Colour model for CDI909.6Ultrasonic detection interface909.6.1Ultrasonic detection header939.6.2Ultrasonic detection entity949.6.3Profile: Ultrasonic sensor cluster9510Supportive sensor interfaces9610.1General <b>TCh STANDARD PREVIEW</b> 9610.2Generic supportive sensor interface10.2.1Generic supportive sensor interface9710.2.2Generic supportive sensor entity9810.3Sensor performance interface10210.3.1Sensor performance header statadosxiv318b75d-0813-48d4-80610210.3.2Sensor performance entity9810.3.3Profile: Uniqueness of interface versioning of SPIs10410.4.1Sensor health information header10710.4.2Sensor health information entity108Annex A (normative) Interface signals109Annex B (normative) Options and constraints216Bibliography226			9.5.2 Camera detection entity			
9.6Ultrasonic detection interface909.6.1Ultrasonic detection header939.6.2Ultrasonic detection entity949.6.3Profile: Ultrasonic sensor cluster9510Supportive sensor interfaces9610.1GeneralITch STANDARD PREVIEW9610.2Generic supportive sensor interface9710.2.1Generic supportive sensor entity9810.3Sensor performance interface10.3Sensor performance interface9810.3.1Sensor performance entity sector sensor interface9810.3.2Sensor performance entity sector sensor interface9810.3.3Profile: Uniqueness of interface versioning of SPIs10410.4.1Sensor health information header10710.4.2Sensor health information entity108Annex A (normative) Interface signals109Annex B (normative) Options and constraints216Bibliography226			9.5.3 Profile: Colour model for CDI			
9.6.1Ultrasonic detection header939.6.2Ultrasonic detection entity949.6.3Profile: Ultrasonic sensor cluster9510Supportive sensor interfaces9610.1GeneraliTeh STANDARD PREVIEW9610.2Generic supportive sensor interface10.2.1Generic supportive sensor interface9710.2.2Generic supportive sensor entity9810.3Sensor performance interface9810.3.1Sensor performance header standards/str/318b75d-0813-48d4-806-10210.3.2Sensor performance entity standards/str/318b75d-0813-48d4-806-10210.3.3Profile: Uniqueness of interface versioning of SPIs10410.4.1Sensor health information interface10410.4.2Sensor health information entity108Annex A (normative) Interface signals109Annex B (normative) Options and constraints216Bibliography226		9.6	Ultrasonic detection interface			
9.6.2Ultrasonic detection entity949.6.3Profile: Ultrasonic sensor cluster9510Supportive sensor interfaces9610.1GeneralITeh_STANDARD PREVIEW9610.2Generic supportive sensor interface10.2.1Generic supportive sensor entity9610.3Sensor performance interface9710.3.1Sensor performance interface100/TDIS 2315010.3.2Sensor performance header standards/sit/318b7f5d-0813-48d4-8f0610210.3.3Profile: Uniqueness of interface versioning of SPIs10410.4Sensor health information interface10410.4.1Sensor health information entity108Annex A (normative)Interface signals109Annex B (normative)Options and constraints216Bibliography226			9.6.1 Ultrasonic detection header			
9.6.3Profile: Ultrasonic sensor cluster9510Supportive sensor interfaces9610.1GeneralITeh STANDARD PREVIEW9610.2Generic supportive sensor interface10.2.1Generic supportive sensor headers.iteh.ai9710.2.210.3Sensor performance interface10.3.1Sensor performance headers.iteh.ai10.3.2Sensor performance headers.iteh.ai10.3.3Profile: Uniqueness of interface versioning of SPIs10.4Sensor health information interface10.4.1Sensor health information entity10.4.2Sensor health information entity10.4.3Sensor health information entity10.4.4Sensor health information entity10.4.5Sensor health information entity10.4Sensor health information entity10.4Sensor health information anterface10.4Sensor health information entity10.4.2Sensor health information entity10.5Sensor health information entity10.6Sensor health information entity10.710.4.210.8Sensor health information entity108Annex B (normative) Options and constraints216Bibliography226			9.6.2 Ultrasonic detection entity			
10Supportive sensor interfaces9610.1GeneralITeh STANDARD PREVIEW9610.2Generic supportive sensor interface9710.2.1Generic supportive sensor entity9810.3Sensor performance interface102/1032/15010.3.1Sensor performance header standards/sist/318b7f5d+0813-48d4-8f0610210.3.2Sensor performance entity 5f569/iso-fils-2315010410.3.3Profile: Uniqueness of interface versioning of SPIs10410.4.1Sensor health information header10710.4.2Sensor health information entity108Annex A (normative) Interface signals109Annex B (normative) Options and constraints216Bibliography226			9.6.3 Profile: Ultrasonic sensor cluster			
10.1General <b>iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW</b> 9610.2Generic supportive sensor interface9710.2.1Generic supportive sensor entity9810.2.2Generic supportive sensor entity9810.3Sensor performance interface180/FDIS 2315010.3.1Sensor performance header standards/sist/318b7f5d-0813-48d4-8f06-10210.3.2Sensor performance entity 556a9/iso-file-2315010410.3.3Profile: Uniqueness of interface versioning of SPIs10410.4Sensor health information interface10410.4.1Sensor health information entity108Annex A (normative) Interface signals109Annex B (normative) Options and constraints216Bibliography226	10	Supportive sensor interfaces				
10.2Generic supportive sensor interface9710.2.1Generic supportive sensor headers.iten.ai9710.2.2Generic supportive sensor entity9810.3Sensor performance interface180/FDIS 2315010.3.1Sensor performance header standards/sist/318b7f5d-0813-48d4-8f0610210.3.2Sensor performance entity 556a9/iso-fdis-2315010410.3.3Profile: Uniqueness of interface versioning of SPIs10410.4Sensor health information interface10410.4.1Sensor health information header10710.4.2Sensor health information entity108Annex A (normative) Interface signals109Annex B (normative) Options and constraints216Bibliography226		10.1	General <b>iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW</b>			
10.2.1Generic supportive sensor headers.iteh.ai)9710.2.2Generic supportive sensor entity9810.3Sensor performance interfaceISO/FDIS-2315010.3.1Sensor performance header10210.3.2Sensor performance entity 556a9/iso-fdis-2315010410.3.3Profile: Uniqueness of interface versioning of SPIs10410.4Sensor health information interface10410.4.1Sensor health information header10710.4.2Sensor health information entity108Annex A (normative) Interface signals109Annex B (normative) Options and constraints216Bibliography226		10.2	Generic supportive sensor interface			
10.2.2Generic supportive sensor entity9810.3Sensor performance interfaceISO/FDIS-2315010.3.1Sensor performance header standards/sist/318b7f5d-0813-48d4-8f0610210.3.2Sensor performance entity 5f56a9/iso-fdis-2315010410.3.3Profile: Uniqueness of interface versioning of SPIs10410.4Sensor health information interface10410.4.1Sensor health information header10710.4.2Sensor health information entity108Annex A (normative)Interface signals109Annex B (normative)Options and constraints216Bibliography226			10.2.1 Generic supportive sensor headers, iteh, ai)			
10.3Sensor performance interface9810.3.1Sensor performance header standards/sist/318b7f5d-0813-48d4-8f0610210.3.2Sensor performance entity 5f56a9/iso-fdis-2315010410.3.3Profile: Uniqueness of interface versioning of SPIs10410.4Sensor health information interface10410.4.1Sensor health information header10710.4.2Sensor health information entity108Annex A (normative)Interface signals109Annex B (normative)Options and constraints216Bibliography226			10.2.2 Generic supportive sensor entity			
10.3.1Sensor performance header standards/sist/318b7f5d-0813-48d4-8f06-10210.3.2Sensor performance entity 5f56a9/iso-fdis-2315010410.3.3Profile: Uniqueness of interface versioning of SPIs10410.4Sensor health information interface10410.4.1Sensor health information header10710.4.2Sensor health information entity108Annex A (normative)Interface signals109Annex B (normative)Options and constraints216Bibliography226		10.3	Sensor performance interface			
10.3.2Sensor performance entity 5156a9/iso-fdis-2315010410.3.3Profile: Uniqueness of interface versioning of SPIs10410.4Sensor health information interface10410.4.1Sensor health information header10710.4.2Sensor health information entity108Annex A (normative)Interface signals109Annex B (normative)Options and constraints216Bibliography226			10.3.1 Sensor performance header/etanlarie/sist/318h76d_0813_48d4_806			
10.3.3Profile: Uniqueness of interface versioning of SPIs10410.4Sensor health information interface10410.4.1Sensor health information header10710.4.2Sensor health information entity108Annex A (normative)Interface signals109Annex B (normative)Options and constraints216Bibliography226			10.3.2 Sensor performance entity 5/5/60/jon-file-031-50			
10.4Sensor health information interface10410.4.1Sensor health information header10710.4.2Sensor health information entity108Annex A (normative) Interface signals109Annex B (normative) Options and constraints216Bibliography226			10.3.3 Profile: Uniqueness of interface versioning of SPIs			
10.4.1Sensor health information header10710.4.2Sensor health information entity108Annex A (normative) Interface signals109Annex B (normative) Options and constraints216Bibliography226		10.4	Sensor health information interface			
10.4.2Sensor health information entity.108Annex A (normative) Interface signals.109Annex B (normative) Options and constraints216Bibliography226			10.4.1 Sensor health information header			
Annex A (normative) Interface signals109Annex B (normative) Options and constraints216Bibliography226			10.4.2 Sensor health information entity			
Annex B (normative) Options and constraints 216   Bibliography 226	Annex A (normative) Interface signals					
Bibliography 226	Annex B (normative) Options and constraints					
	Bibliography					

### Foreword

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The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular, the different approval criteria needed for the different types of ISO documents should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2 (see <a href="https://www.iso.org/directives">www.iso.org/directives</a>).

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This document was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 22, *Road vehicles*, Subcommittee SC 31, *Data communication*. ISO/FDIS 23150 https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/318b7f5d-0813-48d4-8f06-

Any feedback or questions on this document should be directed to the user's national standards body. A complete listing of these bodies can be found at <u>www.iso.org/members.html</u>.

### Introduction

Highly-automated driving (AD) functions for road vehicles require a situation awareness of the surroundings of the vehicle and a, preferably, comprehensive scene understanding. For the fast and reliable recognition of real-world objects, a sensor suite is necessary to provide information for the fusion unit. Utilisation of different sensor technologies like radar, lidar, camera and ultrasonic with different detection capabilities is indispensable to ensure both complementary and redundant information. The fusion unit analyses and evaluates the different sensor signals and finally generates a dynamic surround model with sufficient scene understanding.

While current partly-automated functions utilise only particular objects (for example, vehicles, pedestrians, road markings) to generate a simple surround model, it is necessary for future highlyautomated driving functions to merge not only the recognised objects but also to include other sensorspecific properties and characteristics of these objects for the generation of a coherent model of the surroundings. To minimise the development efforts for the sensors and the fusion unit and to maximise the reusability of development and validation efforts for the different functions on the sensor and fusion unit side, a standardised logical interface layer between the sensor suite and the fusion unit is worthwhile and beneficial for both the sensor and the system supplier.



#### Key

- 1 logical interface layer between the fusion unit and automated driving functions
- 2 logical interface layer between a single sensor as well as a single sensor cluster and the fusion unit
- 3 interface layer on raw data level of a sensor's sensing element

#### Figure 1 — Architecture: sensors/sensor clusters - fusion unit - automated driving functions

The logical interface layer between a single sensor as well as a single sensor cluster and the fusion unit [see key 2 in Figure 1] addresses the encapsulation of technical complexity as well as objects, features and detections to enable object level, feature level and detection level fusion. Additional supportive information of the sensor as well as the sensor cluster will supplement the data for the fusion unit.

### Road vehicles — Data communication between sensors and data fusion unit for automated driving functions — Logical interface

#### 1 Scope

This document is applicable to road vehicles with automated driving functions. The document specifies the logical interface between in-vehicle environmental perception sensors (for example radar, lidar, camera, ultrasonic) and the fusion unit which generates a surround model and interprets the scene around the vehicle based on the sensor data. The interface is described in a modular and semantic representation and provides information on object level (for example, potentially moving objects, road objects, static objects) as well as information on feature and detection levels and sensor technology specific information.

This document does not provide electrical and mechanical interface specifications. Raw data interfaces are also excluded.

#### 2 Normative references

## There are no normative references in this document.

### (standards.iteh.ai)

#### 3 Terms and definitions

#### <u>ISO/FDIS 23150</u>

For the purposes of this document, the following terms and definitions apply.

d657645f56a9/iso-fdis-23150 ISO and IEC maintain terminological databases for use in standardization at the following addresses:

- ISO Online browsing platform: available at <u>https://www.iso.org/obp</u>
- IEC Electropedia: available at <u>http://www.electropedia.org/</u>

#### 3.1 Architectural components

#### 3.1.1

#### fusion

act of uniting *signals* (3.3.1) from two or more *sensors* (3.1.5) as well as *sensor clusters* (3.1.6) to create a *surround model* (3.1.7)

#### 3.1.2

#### fusion unit

computing unit where the *fusion* (3.1.1) of *sensor* (3.1.5) data as well as a *sensor cluster* (3.1.6) data is performed

#### 3.1.3

#### interface

shared boundary between two functional units, defined by various characteristics pertaining to the functions, physical interconnections, *signal* (3.3.1) exchanges, and other characteristics of the units, as appropriate

[SOURCE: ISO/IEC 2382:2015, 2124351, modified — Notes to entry have been removed.]

#### 3.1.4

#### logical interface

*interface* (3.1.3) between a *sensor* (3.1.5) as well as a *sensor cluster* (3.1.6) and the *fusion unit* (3.1.2), defined by logical characteristics

Note 1 to entry: Logical means a semantic description of the interface.

Note 2 to entry: Mechanical and electrical interfaces are excluded.

Note 3 to entry: This document uses the term interface as a shortcut for the term logical interfaces.

#### 3.1.5

#### sensor

in-vehicle unit which detects entities external of the vehicle with preprocessing capabilities serving at least one *logical interface* (3.1.4)

Note 1 to entry: A sensor may use one or more sensing elements.

#### 3.1.6

#### sensor cluster

group of *sensors* (3.1.5) of the same technology serving a common *logical interface* (3.1.4)

Note 1 to entry: A sensor cluster can exceptionally consist of only one sensor.

EXAMPLE A stereo camera, a surround-view camera, an ultrasonic sensor array, a corner radar system.

#### 3.1.7

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surround model representation of the real world adjacent to the egorychicleiteh.ai)

#### 3.2 Level of detail terms

ISO/FDIS 23150

https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/318b7f5d-0813-48d4-8f06d657645f56a9/iso-fdis-23150

### 3.2.1 detection

sensor technology specific entity represented in the *sensor coordinate system* (3.7.18) based on a single *measurement* (3.4.1) of a *sensor* (3.1.5)

Note 1 to entry: A small amount of history can be used for some detection *signals* (3.3.1), for example model-free filtering may be used in track-before-detect algorithms.

#### 3.2.2

#### detection level

set of *logical interfaces* (3.1.4) that provides *detections* (3.2.1)

#### 3.2.3

#### feature

sensor technology specific entity represented in the *vehicle coordinate system* (3.7.16) based on multiple *measurements* (3.4.1)

Note 1 to entry: Multiple measurements can originate from a *sensor cluster* (3.1.6).

Note 2 to entry: Multiple measurements can originate from multiple *measurement cycles* (3.4.2).

Note 3 to entry: The term feature is used in this document not as function or group of functions as specified in ISO/SAE PAS 22736<sup>1</sup>).

#### 3.2.4 feature level

set of *logical interfaces* (3.1.4) that provides *features* (3.2.3)

1) Under development. Stage at the time of publication: ISO/SAE DPAS 22736:2021.

#### 3.2.5

#### obiect

representation of a real-world entity with defined boundaries and characteristics in the vehicle *coordinate system* (3.7.16)

Note 1 to entry: The geometric description of the object is in the vehicle coordinate system.

Note 2 to entry: Object *signals* (3.3.1) are basically sensor technology independent. Sensor technology specific signals may extend the object signals.

A potentially moving object (3.6.1), a road object (3.6.2), a static object (3.6.3). EXAMPLE

#### 3.2.6

#### object level

set of *logical interfaces* (3.1.4) that provides *objects* (3.2.5)

#### 3.3 Structure terms

#### 3.3.1

signal

entity consisting of one or more values and which is part of a *logical interface* (3.1.4)

#### 3.3.2

logical signal group grouping of *signals* (3.3.1) that has a logical relationship and a name for the grouping

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### 3.3.3

attribute-based differentiation (standards.iteh.ai)

Note 1 to entry: An attribute is defined by a list of enumerators.

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#### **3.4 Measurement terms**

#### 3.4.1

#### measurement

measuring and processing result of a *measurement cycle* (3.4.2)

#### 3.4.2

#### measurement cycle

time period from the start of a data acquisition event to the start of the next data acquisition event

Note 1 to entry: A measurement cycle of one sensor (3.1.5) is a consistent view of an observed scene and not overlapping in time.

#### 3.4.3

#### accuracy

closeness of agreement between a measured quantity value and a true quantity value

Note 1 to entry: The concept accuracy is not a quantity and is not given a numerical quantity value. A measurement (3.4.1) is said to be more accurate when it offers a smaller error (3.4.6).

Note 2 to entry: The term accuracy should not be used for *trueness* (3.4.4) and the term *precision* (3.4.5) should not be used for accuracy, which, however, is related to both these concepts.

Note 3 to entry: Accuracy is sometimes understood as closeness of agreement between measured quantity values that are being attributed to the measurand.

[SOURCE: ISO/IEC Guide 99:2007, 2.13, modified — The terms "measurement accuracy" and "accuracy of measurement" were deleted and the Notes to entry have been adapted.]

#### 3.4.4

#### trueness

closeness of agreement between the average of an infinite number of replicated measured quantity values and a reference quantity value

Note 1 to entry: Trueness is not a quantity and thus cannot be expressed numerically, but measures for closeness of agreement are given in the ISO 5725 series.

Note 2 to entry: Trueness is inversely related to systematic error, but is not related to random error.

Note 3 to entry: The term *accuracy* (<u>3.4.3</u>) should not be used for trueness.

[SOURCE: ISO/IEC Guide 99:2007, 2.14, modified — The terms "measurement trueness" and "trueness of measurement" were deleted and the Notes to entry have been adapted.]

#### 3.4.5

#### precision

closeness of agreement between indications or measured quantity values obtained by replicate *measurements* (3.4.1) on the same or similar measurands under specified conditions

Note 1 to entry: Precision is usually expressed numerically by measures of imprecision, such as standard deviation, variance, or coefficient of variation under the specified conditions of measurement.

Note 2 to entry: The specified conditions can be, for example, repeatability conditions of measurement, intermediate precision conditions of measurement, or reproducibility conditions of measurement (see ISO 5725-1:1994).

Note 3 to entry: Precision is used to define measurement repeatability, intermediate measurement precision, and measurement reproducibility. (standards.iteh.ai)

Note 4 to entry: Sometimes precision is erroneously used to mean *accuracy* (3.4.3).

**ISO/FDIS 23150** 

Note 5 to entry: Precision is inversely related to random erron but is not related to systematic error.

[SOURCE: ISO/IEC Guide 99:2007, 2.15, modified — The term "measurement precision" was deleted, the word "objects" was replaced by "measurands", the Notes to entry have been adapted and Note 5 to entry has been added.]

#### 3.4.6

#### error

measured quantity value minus a reference quantity value

Note 1 to entry: The concept of error can be used both:

Note 2 to entry: a) when there is a single reference quantity value to refer to, which occurs if a calibration is made by means of a measurement standard with a measured quantity value having a negligible measurement uncertainty or if a conventional quantity value is given, in which case the error is known, and

Note 3 to entry: b) if a measurand is supposed to be represented by a unique true quantity value or a set of true quantity values of negligible range, in which case the error is not known.

Note 4 to entry: Error should not be confused with production error or mistake.

[SOURCE: ISO/IEC Guide 99:2007, 2.16, modified — The terms "measurement error" and "error of measurement" were deleted and the Notes to entry have been adapted.]

#### 3.5 Requirement level terms

### 3.5.1

#### conditional

required under certain specified conditions

Note 1 to entry: One of three obligation statuses applied to a *requirement level* (3.5.4) of a *logical interface* (3.1.4) specification, indicating the conditions under which the *signal* (3.3.1) or *logical signal group* (3.3.2) is required. See also *mandatory* (3.5.2) and *optional* (3.5.3). In other cases, the signal or logical signal group is optional.

[SOURCE: ISO/IEC 11179-3:2013, 3.2.22, modified — Notes to entry have been adapted.]

#### **3.5.2 mandatory** always required

Note 1 to entry: One of three obligation statuses applied to a *requirement level* (3.5.4) of a *logical interface* (3.1.4) specification, indicating the conditions under which the *signal* (3.3.1) or *logical signal group* (3.3.2) is required. See also *conditional* (3.5.1) and *optional* (3.5.3).

[SOURCE: ISO/IEC 11179-3:2013, 3.2.71, modified — Notes to entry have been adapted.]

#### **3.5.3 optional** permitted but not required

Note 1 to entry: One of three obligation statuses applied to a requirement level (3.5.4) of a logical interface (3.1.4) specification, indicating the conditions under which the signal (3.3.1) or logical signal group (3.3.2) is required. See also conditional (3.5.1) and mandatory (3.5.2) or (3.5.2) of a logical signal group (3.3.2) is required.

[SOURCE: ISO/IEC 11179-3:2013, 3.2.89, modified — Notes to entry have been adapted.]

ISO/FDIS 23150

3.5.4 https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/318b7f5d-0813-48d4-8f06-

requirement level d657645f56a9/iso-fdis-23150

definition of the obligation status of a *logical interface's* (3.1.4) *logical signal group* (3.3.2), *signal* (3.3.1) as well as a signal's identifier or signal's enumerator

Note 1 to entry: Each requirement level entry has one of three possible obligation statuses applied: *conditional* (3.5.1), *mandatory* (3.5.2) or *optional* (3.5.3).

#### 3.6 Road user relevant entity types

#### 3.6.1

#### potentially moving object

real-world entity which potentially can move and is relevant for driving situations

Note 1 to entry: A representation of a potentially moving object is part of *object level* (3.2.6) *logical interfaces* (3.1.4).

EXAMPLE A vehicle, a bicycle, a pedestrian, an obstacle.

### 3.6.2

#### road object

marking or structure of a road which is relevant for driving situations

Note 1 to entry: A representation of a road object is part of *object level* (3.2.6) *logical interfaces* (3.1.4).

EXAMPLE A road marking (3.6.2.1), a road boundary (3.6.2.2), the road surface (3.6.2.3).

#### 3.6.2.1

#### road marking

line, symbol or other mark on the surface of a road or a structure intended to limit, regulate, warn, guide or inform road users

Note 1 to entry: Other marks could be text, numbers, arrows or combinations.

**EXAMPLE** A lane marking, Botts' dots.

[SOURCE: ISO 6707-1:2020, 3.3.5.80, modified — "user" was modified to "road users", "a road surface" was modified to "the surface of a road" and the Note 1 to entry and example have been added.]

#### 3.6.2.2

#### road boundary

structure that limits the road

**EXAMPLE** A curb stone, a guard rail, the end of the surface of the road.

#### 3.6.2.3

#### road surface

surface supporting the tyre and providing friction necessary to generate shear forces in the road *plane* (3.7.6)

Note 1 to entry: The surface may be flat, curved, undulated or of other shape.

#### [SOURCE: ISO 8855:2011, 2.6]

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#### 3.6.3 static object

static object (standards.iteh.ai) real-world stationary entity which can be used for information and/or localisation

Note 1 to entry: A representation of a static object is part of object level (3.2.6) logical interfaces (3.1.4). https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/318b7f5d-081

EXAMPLE A general landmark (3.6.3.1), a traffic sign (3.6.3.2), a traffic light (3.6.3.3).

#### 3.6.3.1

#### general landmark

real-world stationary entity which can be used for localisation

Note 1 to entry: A stationary traffic sign (3.6.3.2) or traffic light (3.6.3.3) is also regarded as a general landmark.

EXAMPLE A building, a tunnel, a bridge, a sign gantry structure, a tree.

#### 3.6.3.2

#### traffic sign

traffic relevant, authorised sign that limits, regulates, warns, guides or informs road users

Note 1 to entry: One traffic sign usually consists of one main sign (3.6.3.2.1) and none, one or several supplementary signs (<u>3.6.3.2.2</u>).

**EXAMPLE** A speed limit which is restricted for trucks.

### 3.6.3.2.1

#### main sign

*traffic sign* (3.6.3.2) which gives a general message, obtained by a combination of colour and geometric shape and which, by the addition of a graphical symbol or text, gives a particular message for road users

[SOURCE: ISO 3864-1:2011, 3.12, modified — The original term was "safety sign", "sign" has been replaced by "traffic sign", and the phrases "or text" and "for road users" have been added to the definition.]

### 3.6.3.2.2

#### supplementary sign

*traffic sign* (3.6.3.2) that is supportive of a *main sign* (3.6.3.2.1) and the main purpose of which is to provide additional clarification

[SOURCE: ISO 3864-1:2011, 3.14, modified — "traffic sign" now replaces "sign" and "main sign" replaces "traffic sign".]

#### **3.6.3.3 traffic light** traffic relevant, official lights

Note 1 to entry: One traffic light consists of one or several light spots with different light colours and shapes.

EXAMPLE A pedestrian traffic light.

#### 3.7 Axis and coordinate system terms

#### 3.7.1

#### reference frame

geometric environment in which all points remain fixed with respect to each other at all times

[SOURCE: ISO 8855:2011, 2.1]

#### 3.7.2

## axis system Teh STANDARD PREVIEW set of three orthogonal directions associated with X, Y and Z axes

Note 1 to entry: A right-handed axis system is assumed throughout this document, where:  $\vec{Z} = \vec{X} \times \vec{Y}$ .

[SOURCE: ISO 8855:2011, 2.3, modified - Notes to entry have been adapted.]

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#### 3.7.3 coordinate system

numbering convention used to assign a unique ordered trio of values to each point in a *reference frame* (3.7.1), and which consists of an *axis system* (3.7.2) plus an origin point

[SOURCE: ISO 8855:2011, 2.4, modified — "(*x*, *y*, *z*)" has been removed from the definition.]

#### 3.7.4

#### cartesian coordinate system

set of numerical coordinates (*x*, *y*, *z*), which are the signed distances to the YZ-, ZX- and XY-planes

#### 3.7.5

#### spherical coordinate system

set of two angles and a distance vector associated with radial distance, azimuth and elevation

Note 1 to entry: The azimuth angle is the angle in *XY*-plane of the *axis system* (3.7.2) counted from the *X*-axis. The elevation angle is the angle from the azimuth direction in the *XY*-plane of the axis system towards the direction of the distance vector, i.e. *XY*-plane has an elevation angle = 0 rad.

Note 2 to entry: The angles of the spherical coordinate system have increasing values in counter-clockwise direction.

### 3.7.6

#### road plane

plane representing the *road surface* (3.6.2.3) within the front tyre contact patches and the *vehicle road-level reference point* (3.7.13)

Note 1 to entry: See Figure 2.

Note 2 to entry: For tyre contact patches, see ISO 8855:2011, 4.1.5.



#### Key

- 1 vehicle front
- 2 vehicle's front tyre contact patches
- 3 vehicle road-level reference point (<u>3.7.13</u>)
- 4 vehicle *road plane* (3.7.6)

#### Figure 2 — Road plane

# [SOURCE: ISO 8855:2011, 2.7, modified — The phrase "and the vehicle road-level reference point" and the figure have been added, and the Notes to entry have been modified.]

#### 3.7.7

#### (standards.iteh.ai)

road level ISO/FDIS 23150 point related to a *road plane* (3.7.6) dards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/318b7f5d-0813-48d4-8f06d657645f56a9/iso-fdis-23150

#### 3.7.8

#### vehicle unsprung mass

unsprung mass mass that is not carried by the suspension, but is supported directly by the tyres

[SOURCE: ISO 8855:2011, 4.11, modified — The term "vehicle unsprung mass" has been added.]

#### 3.7.9

#### vehicle sprung mass

sprung mass mass that is supported by the suspension, i.e. the total vehicle mass less the *vehicle unsprung mass* (3.7.8)

[SOURCE: ISO 8855:2011, 4.12, modified — The term vehicle sprung mass has been added and Note 1 to entry has been removed.]

#### 3.7.10

#### vehicle rear-axle reference point

point fixed in the vehicle sprung mass (3.7.9) and located at the centre of the rear-axle

#### 3.7.11

#### vehicle sprung mass axis system

axis system (3.7.2) fixed in the *reference frame* (3.7.1) of the *vehicle sprung mass* (3.7.9), so that the *X*-axis is substantially horizontal and forwards (with the vehicle at rest), and is parallel to the vehicle's longitudinal plane of symmetry, and the *Y*-axis is perpendicular to the vehicle's longitudinal plane of symmetry and points to the left with the *Z*-axis pointing upward

#### 3.7.12

#### vehicle rear-axle coordinate system

*coordinate system* (3.7.3) based on the *vehicle sprung mass axis system* (3.7.11) with the origin located at the vehicle rear-axle reference point (3.7.10)

Note 1 to entry: The vehicle rear-axle coordinate system is a *vehicle coordinate system* (3.7.16).

Note 2 to entry: See Figure 3.



#### Kev

- 1 vehicle front
- DARD PREVIEW vehicle rear-axle reference point 2

#### standards.iteh.ai)

#### Figure 3 — Vehicle rear-axle coordinate system

**ISO/FDIS 23150** 

#### https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/318b7f5d-0813-48d4-8f06-3.7.13

vehicle road-level reference point<sup>d657645f56a9/iso-fdis-23150</sup>

point at *road level* (3.7.7) located in the middle of the rear tyre contact patches

Note 1 to entry: For tyre contact patches, see ISO 8855:2011, 4.1.5.

#### 3.7.14

#### vehicle road-level axis system

axis system (3.7.2) fixed in the reference frame (3.7.1) of the vehicle unsprung mass (3.7.8), so that the *X*-axis is parallel to the vehicle's longitudinal plane of symmetry and points into forward moving direction and the *Y*-axis is perpendicular to the vehicle's longitudinal plane of symmetry and points to the left with the *Z*-axis pointing upward

Note 1 to entry: Vehicle road-level axis system's XY-plane is parallel to the ego-vehicle's road plane (3.7.6).

#### 3.7.15

#### vehicle road-level coordinate system

coordinate system (3.7.3) based on the vehicle road-level axis system (3.7.14) with the origin located at the vehicle road-level reference point (3.7.13) at the vehicle road level (3.7.7)

Note 1 to entry: The vehicle road-level coordinate system is a *vehicle coordinate system* (3.7.16).

Note 2 to entry: See Figure 4.