# INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

ISO 9902-6

Second edition 2018-08

# **Textile machinery** — **Noise test code** — Part 6: **Fabric manufacturing machinery**

Matériel pour l'industrie textile — Code d'essai acoustique — Partie 6: Machines de production des étoffes

# iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW (standards.iteh.ai)

ISO 9902-6:2018 https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/07766c87-e684-43ff-a43b-84b1b1322565/iso-9902-6-2018



# iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW (standards.iteh.ai)

ISO 9902-6:2018 https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/07766c87-e684-43ff-a43b-84b1b1322565/iso-9902-6-2018



#### COPYRIGHT PROTECTED DOCUMENT

#### © ISO 2018

All rights reserved. Unless otherwise specified, or required in the context of its implementation, no part of this publication may be reproduced or utilized otherwise in any form or by any means, electronic or mechanical, including photocopying, or posting on the internet or an intranet, without prior written permission. Permission can be requested from either ISO at the address below or ISO's member body in the country of the requester.

ISO copyright office CP 401 • Ch. de Blandonnet 8 CH-1214 Vernier, Geneva Phone: +41 22 749 01 11 Fax: +41 22 749 09 47 Email: copyright@iso.org Website: www.iso.org

Published in Switzerland

Contents  Forewordi			Page
			iv
1	Scop	e	1
2	Normative references		1
3	Terms and definitions		2
4	Defining the test object		2
5		International Standards required for basic measurements 5.1.1 General 5.1.2 Determination of sound power level by measuring sound intensity 5.1.3 Determination of sound power level using emission sound pressure levels on a measurement surface	2 2 2
6	_	Very large machines  sion sound pressure level determination  International Standards required for basic measurements Selection of work station and other specified positions 6.2.1 General 6.2.2 Weaving machinery other than circular and narrow fabric machines 6.2.3 Flatbed knitting machine, straight-bar knitting machine and flat warping knitting machine in the circular knitting machines 6.2.4 Circular weaving and circular knitting machines 6.2.5 Narrow fabric weaving machines 6.2.6 Jacquard machines	3 3 3 3 3 4 4
7	Insta	Installation and mounting conditions	
8	Opei	rating comditions rds.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/07766c87-e684-43ff-a43b- 84b1b1322565/iso-9902-6-2018	6
9	Measurement uncertainties		6
10	Information to be recorded		6
11	Information to be reported		6
12	Declaration and verification of noise emission values		7
Bibli	iograpł	nv	16

#### **Foreword**

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular, the different approval criteria needed for the different types of ISO documents should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2 (see <a href="www.iso.org/directives">www.iso.org/directives</a>).

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights. Details of any patent rights identified during the development of the document will be in the Introduction and/or on the ISO list of patent declarations received (see <a href="https://www.iso.org/patents">www.iso.org/patents</a>).

Any trade name used in this document is information given for the convenience of users and does not constitute an endorsement.

For an explanation of the voluntary nature of standards, the meaning of ISO specific terms and expressions related to conformity assessment, as well as information about ISO's adherence to the World Trade Organization (WTO) principles in the Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT) see <a href="https://www.iso.org/iso/foreword.html">www.iso.org/iso/foreword.html</a>. (Standards.iteh.ai)

This document was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 72, *Textile machinery and accessories*, Subcommittee SC 8, *Safety requirements for textile machinery*. 8 https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/07766c87-e684-43ff-a43b-

Any feedback or questions on this document should be directed to the user's national standards body. A complete listing of these bodies can be found at <a href="https://www.iso.org/members.html">www.iso.org/members.html</a>.

This second edition cancels and replaces the first edition (ISO 9902-6:2001), which has been technically revised. It also incorporates the Amendments ISO 9902-6:2001/Amd 1:2009 and ISO 9902-6:2001/Amd 2:2014.

The main changes compared to the previous edition are as follows:

- the normative references have been updated;
- <u>Table 1</u> has been revised;
- editorial changes have been made.

This document is intended to be used in conjunction with ISO 9902-1.

A list of all parts in the ISO 9902 series can be found on the ISO website.

### Textile machinery — Noise test code —

#### Part 6:

### Fabric manufacturing machinery

#### 1 Scope

This document covers the different types of weaving and knitting machines defined in ISO 5247 (all parts)[ $^2$ ] and ISO 7839[ $^3$ ], respectively.

It is applicable to:

- full-width weaving machines with weft insertion by:
  - shuttles;
  - rigid, telescopic or flexible rapiers;
  - projectiles;
  - hydraulic (waterjet) or by pneumatic (airjet) nozzle;
- narrow fabric weaving machines with weft insertion by shuttles or needles;
- jacquard machines;

ISO 9902-6:2018

- knitting machinepy/includingeh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/07766c87-e684-43ff-a43b-84b1b1322565/iso-9902-6-2018
  - circular knitting;
  - flat bed knitting;
  - warp knitting;
  - raschel;
  - cotton (flat weft weaving);
- other fabric manufacturing machines e.g.:
  - multi-phase weaving machines;
  - circular weaving machines;
  - stitch bonding machines.

NOTE Because of the high requirements on measurement conditions, grade 1 methods are normally not feasible for textile machinery.

#### 2 Normative references

The following documents are referred to in the text in such a way that some or all of their content constitutes requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO 3744, Acoustics — Determination of sound power levels and sound energy levels of noise sources using sound pressure — Engineering methods for an essentially free field over a reflecting plane

#### ISO 9902-6:2018(E)

ISO 3746, Acoustics — Determination of sound power levels and sound energy levels of noise sources using sound pressure — Survey method using an enveloping measurement surface over a reflecting plane

ISO 3747, Acoustics — Determination of sound power levels and sound energy levels of noise sources using sound pressure — Engineering/survey methods for use in situ in a reverberant environment

ISO 8188, Textile machinery and accessories — Pitches of knitting machines

ISO 9614-1, Acoustics — Determination of sound power levels of noise sources using sound intensity — Part 1: Measurement at discrete points

ISO 9614-2, Acoustics — Determination of sound power levels of noise sources using sound intensity — Part 2: Measurement by scanning

ISO 9902-1, Textile machinery — Noise test code — Part 1: Common requirements

ISO 11201, Acoustics — Noise emitted by machinery and equipment — Determination of emission sound pressure levels at a work station and at other specified positions in an essentially free field over a reflecting plane with negligible environmental corrections

ISO 11202, Acoustics — Noise emitted by machinery and equipment — Determination of emission sound pressure levels at a work station and at other specified positions applying approximate environmental corrections

ISO 11204, Acoustics — Noise emitted by machinery and equipment — Determination of emission sound pressure levels at a work station and at other specified positions applying accurate environmental corrections

Teh STANDARD PREVIEW

### (standards.iteh.ai)

#### 3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the terms and definitions given in ISO 9902-1 apply.

ISO and IEC maintain terminological databases for use in standardization at the following addresses:

- ISO Online browsing platform: available at <a href="https://www.iso.org/obp">https://www.iso.org/obp</a>
- IEC Electropedia: available at <a href="http://www.electropedia.org/">http://www.electropedia.org/</a>

#### 4 Defining the test object

See Tables 1 to 3 and ISO 9902-1:2001, Clause 4.

#### 5 Sound power level determination

#### 5.1 International Standards required for basic measurements

#### 5.1.1 General

See ISO 9902-1:2001, 5.1.

#### 5.1.2 Determination of sound power level by measuring sound intensity

Determination of the A-weighted sound power level,  $L_{WA}$ , using sound intensity measurements shall be in accordance with ISO 9614-1 (discrete points) or ISO 9614-2 (scanning).

## 5.1.3 Determination of sound power level using emission sound pressure levels on a measurement surface

Determination of the A-weighted sound power level,  $L_{WA}$ , by measurement of A-weighted emission sound pressure levels on a prescribed measurement surface shall be in accordance with one of the following:

- ISO 3744;
- ISO 3747; or
- ISO 3746, where use of ISO 3744 or ISO 3747 is not practicable.

Where its conditions are met (e.g. in the case of small narrow fabric weaving machines or knitting machines), ISO 3743-1[1] provides an alternative method which may be used.

#### 5.2 Very large machines

See ISO 9902-1:2001, 5.2. Very large machines are designated by the letter "L" in Tables 1 to 3.

#### 6 Emission sound pressure level determination

#### 6.1 International Standards required for basic measurements

See ISO 9902-1:2001, **5.27 eh STANDARD PREVIEW** 

The A-weighted emission sound pressure level  $L_{\rm DA}$  shall be determined in accordance with one of the following:

- ISO 11201, <u>ISO 9902-6:2018</u>
  - https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/07766c87-e684-43ff-a43b-84b1b1322565/iso-9902-6-2018
- ISO 11204, or
- ISO 11202, but only where use of ISO 11201 or ISO 11204 is not practicable.

Where its conditions are met (e.g. in the case of small, narrow fabric weaving machines or knitting machines with principally omnidirectional sound radiation) and the sound power level has already been determined, ISO 11203:1995, 6.2.3[4] gives an alternative method which may be used, providing the distance from the machine surface is 1 m.

#### 6.2 Selection of work station and other specified positions

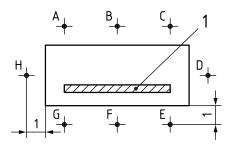
#### 6.2.1 General

See ISO 9902-1:2001, 6.2, and Tables 1 to 3.

#### 6.2.2 Weaving machinery other than circular and narrow fabric machines

For weaving machines that are not of the circular or narrow fabric type, select eight measurement positions, as shown in Figure 1, at a distance of 1 m and a height of 1,6 m above the floor or working platform. In areas where space is restricted, the measurement distance from the machine surface may be reduced to 0,5 m or 0,25 m (this shall be reported and declared). Use the eight values measured at the defined positions to calculate  $L_{\rm pA}$  (see ISO 9902-1:2001, 6.1). If the back of the machine is not accessible during operation with material, the first three positions may be excluded.

Dimensions in metres



Key

1 sley

A to H measurement positions

Figure 1 — Weaving machines other than circular and narrow fabric machines

#### 6.2.3 Flatbed knitting machine, straight-bar knitting machine and flat warping knitting machine

For flatbed knitting machines, warp knitting machines, Raschel machines and stitch-bonding machines (including particular warp knitting machines such as carpet warp knitting and cotton machines) with a maximum working width of 8 m, select eight measurement positions, as shown in Figure 2, at a distance of 1 m and a height of 1,6 m above the floor or working platform. For larger machines, increase the number of positions such that the distance between two adjacent positions does not exceed 3 m. Where access to the rear is prevented by the delivered yarn, omit the measurement positions on the rear. Use the eight values measured at the defined positions to calculate  $L_{\rm pA}$  (see ISO 9902-1:2001, 6.1).

Dimensions in metres A ISB 9902-6:2018 https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/07766c87-e684-43ff-a43b-84b1b1322565/iso-9902-(-2018 D +  $\frac{1}{2}$ 

Key

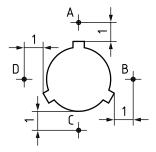
A to H measurement positions

Figure 2 — Knitting machines other than circular machines

#### 6.2.4 Circular weaving and circular knitting machines

For circular weaving as well as circular knitting machines, select four measurement positions, as shown in Figure 3, at a distance of 1 m and a height of 1,6 m above the floor or working platform. Use the four values measured at the defined positions to calculate  $L_{\rm pA}$  (see ISO 9902-1:2001, 6.1).

Dimensions in metres



#### Key

A to D measurement positions

Figure 3 — Circular weaving and circular knitting machines

#### 6.2.5 Narrow fabric weaving machines

For narrow fabric weaving machines, select a single measurement position, as shown in Figure 4, at a distance of 1 m from the middle of the front of the machine and at a height of 1,6 m above the floor or working platform. Use the value measured at this position to calculate  $L_{\rm pA}$  (see ISO 9902-1:2001, 6.1).

Dimensions in metres



#### Key

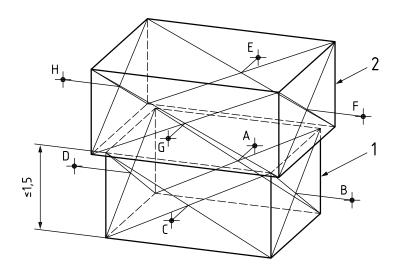
A measurement position

Figure 4 — Narrow fabric weaving machines

#### 6.2.6 Jacquard machines

For Jacquard machines, select eight measurement positions, as shown in Figure 5. Take two series of measurements at a distance of 1 m from the centre of each side. The height of measurement positions 1 to 4 shall be half the height of the frame, while the height of measurement positions 5 to 8 shall be that of the height of the centreline of the Jacquard. Use the eight values to calculate  $L_{\rm pA}$  (see ISO 9902-1:2001, 6.1).

Dimensions in metres



#### Key

1 frame

2 jacquard machineA to H measurement positions

# Figure 5 — Jacquard machines **iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW**

### 7 Installation and mounting conditions ards.iteh.ai)

See ISO 9902-1:2001, Clause 7.

ISO 9902-6:2018

https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/07766c87-e684-43ff-a43b-84b1b1322565/iso-9902-6-2018

#### 8 Operating conditions

See ISO 9902-1:2001, Clause 8 and <u>Tables 1</u> to <u>3</u>.

For weaving machines having two or more variable parameters, as an alternative to the method given in <u>Table 1</u> (see ISO 9902-1:2001, Clause 8), the noise emission values depending on speed and other variable parameters (e.g. width and number of heald frames) can be determined. In such cases, the values shall be reported and declared, preferably in tabular or graphical form, or by means of a correction factor, or both.

#### 9 Measurement uncertainties

See ISO 9902-1:2001, Clause 9.

#### 10 Information to be recorded

See ISO 9902-1:2001, Clause 10.

#### 11 Information to be reported

See ISO 9902-1:2001, Clause 11. The information required to be reported includes that contained in Tables 1 to 3.

#### 12 Declaration and verification of noise emission values

See ISO 9902-1:2001, Clause 12.

If the alternative given in <u>Clause 8</u> is chosen, provide an explanation of how  $L_{\rm pA}$  and  $L_{\rm WA}$  can be obtained from the table or graph, or, using the correction factor, for the specified values of the variable parameters. In addition, the uncertainties  $K_{\rm pA}$  and  $K_{\rm WA}$  shall be declared.

# iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW (standards.iteh.ai)

ISO 9902-6:2018 https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/07766c87-e684-43ff-a43b-84b1b1322565/iso-9902-6-2018