



Designation: B251M – 10

Standard Specification for General Requirements for Wrought Seamless Copper and Copper-Alloy Tube (Metric)¹

This standard is issued under the fixed designation B251M; the number immediately following the designation indicates the year of original adoption or, in the case of revision, the year of last revision. A number in parentheses indicates the year of last reapproval. A superscript epsilon (ϵ) indicates an editorial change since the last revision or reapproval.

1. Scope*

1.1 This specification covers a group of general requirements common to several wrought product specifications. Unless otherwise specified in the purchase order, or in an individual specification, these general requirements shall apply to copper and copper-alloy tube supplied under Specifications B68, B75, B135, and B466/B466M.

NOTE 1—This specification is the SI companion to B251.

2. Referenced Documents

2.1 The following documents of the issue in effect on date of material purchase form a part of this specification to the extent referenced herein:

2.2 *ASTM Standards:*²

- B68 Specification for Seamless Copper Tube, Bright Annealed
- B75 Specification for Seamless Copper Tube
- B135 Specification for Seamless Brass Tube
- B153 Test Method for Expansion (Pin Test) of Copper and Copper-Alloy Pipe and Tubing
- B154 Test Method for Mercurous Nitrate Test for Copper Alloys
- B170 Specification for Oxygen-Free Electrolytic Copper—Refinery Shapes
- B193 Test Method for Resistivity of Electrical Conductor Materials
- B428 Test Method for Angle of Twist in Rectangular and Square Copper and Copper Alloy Tube
- B466/B466M Specification for Seamless Copper-Nickel Pipe and Tube
- B643 Specification for Copper-Beryllium Alloy Seamless Tube

¹ This specification is under the jurisdiction of ASTM Committee B05 on Copper and Copper Alloys and is the direct responsibility of Subcommittee B05.04 on Pipe and Tube.

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² For referenced ASTM standards, visit the ASTM website, www.astm.org, or contact ASTM Customer Service at service@astm.org. For Annual Book of ASTM Standards volume information, refer to the standard's Document Summary page on the ASTM website.

- E3 Guide for Preparation of Metallographic Specimens
- E8 Test Methods for Tension Testing of Metallic Materials
- E18 Test Methods for Rockwell Hardness of Metallic Materials
- E29 Practice for Using Significant Digits in Test Data to Determine Conformance with Specifications
- E53 Test Method for Determination of Copper in Unalloyed Copper by Gravimetry
- E62 Test Methods for Chemical Analysis of Copper and Copper Alloys (Photometric Methods) (Withdrawn 2010)³
- E112 Test Methods for Determining Average Grain Size
- E255 Practice for Sampling Copper and Copper Alloys for the Determination of Chemical Composition
- E478 Test Methods for Chemical Analysis of Copper Alloys

3. Terminology

3.1 *Definitions:*

3.1.1 *average diameter (for round tubes only)*—the average of the maximum and minimum outside diameters, or maximum and minimum inside diameters, whichever is applicable, as determined at any one cross section of the tube.

3.1.2 *coil*—a length of the product wound into a series of connected turns. The unqualified term “coil” as applied to tube usually refers to a bunched coil.

3.1.2.1 *bunched*—a coil in which the turns are bunched and held together such that the cross section of the bunched turns is approximately circular.

3.1.2.2 *double layer flat*—a coil in which the product is spirally wound into two connected disk-like layers such that one layer is on top of the other. (Sometimes called “double layer pancake coil” or “double layer spirally wound coil.”)

3.1.2.3 *level or traverse wound*—a coil in which the turns are wound into layers parallel to the axis of the coil such that successive turns in a given layer are next to one another. (Sometimes called “helical coil.”)

3.1.2.4 *level or traverse wound on a reel or spool*—a coil in which the turns are positioned into layers on a reel or spool

³ The last approved version of this historical standard is referenced on www.astm.org.

*A Summary of Changes section appears at the end of this standard

parallel to the axis of the reel or spool such that successive turns in a given layer are next to one another.

3.1.2.5 *single layer flat*—a coil in which the product is spirally wound into a single disk-like layer. (Sometimes called a “pancake coil” or “single layer spirally wound coil.”)

3.1.2.6 *stagger wound*—a coil in which the turns are positioned into layers approximately parallel to the axis of the coil, but not necessarily with the fixed regularity of a level or traverse wound coil.

3.1.3 *lengths*—straight pieces of the product.

3.1.3.1 *ends*—straight pieces, shorter than the nominal length, left over after cutting the product into mill lengths, stock lengths, or specific lengths. They are subject to minimum length and maximum weight requirements.

3.1.3.2 *mill*—straight lengths, including ends, that are conveniently manufactured in the mills. Full-length pieces are usually 3000, 4000, or 6000 mm and subject to established length tolerances.

3.1.3.3 *multiple*—straight lengths of integral multiples of a base length, with suitable allowance for cutting, if and when specified.

3.1.3.4 *random*—run of mill lengths without any indicated preferred length.

3.1.3.5 *specific*—straight lengths that are uniform in length, as specified, and subject to established length tolerances.

3.1.3.6 *specific with ends*—specific lengths, including ends.

3.1.3.7 *standard*—uniform lengths recommended in a Simplified Practice Recommendation or established as a Commercial Standard.

3.1.3.8 *stock*—straight lengths that are mill cut and stored in advance of orders. They are usually 3000, 4000, or 6000 mm and subject to established length tolerances.

3.1.3.9 *stock with ends*—stock lengths, including ends.

3.1.4 *reel or spool*—a cylindrical device that has a rim at each end and an axial hole for a shaft or spindle, and on which the product is wound to facilitate handling and shipping.

3.1.5 *tube*—a hollow product of round or any other cross section, having a continuous periphery.

3.1.5.1 *tube, automotive and general service*—a seamless copper tube of small diameter conforming to a standard series of sizes commercially known as Automotive and General Service Tube.

3.1.5.2 *tube, seamless*—a tube produced with a continuous periphery in all stages of the operations.

4. Materials and Manufacture

4.1 The material shall be of such quality and purity that the finished product shall have the properties and characteristics prescribed in the applicable product specification listed in Section 1.

4.2 The material shall be produced by either hot or cold working operations, or both. It shall be finished, unless otherwise specified, by such cold working and annealing or heat treatment as necessary to meet the properties specified.

5. Dimensions and Permissible Variations

5.1 General:

5.1.1 The standard method of specifying wall thickness shall be in decimal fractions of a millimetre.

5.1.2 For the purpose of determining conformance with the dimensional requirements prescribed in this specification, any measured value outside the specified limiting values for any dimension shall be cause for rejection.

5.1.3 Tolerances on a given tube shall be specified with respect to any two, but not all three, of the following: outside diameter, inside diameter, wall thickness.

5.1.4 When round tube is ordered by outside and inside diameters, the maximum plus and minus deviation of the wall

TABLE 1 Wall Thickness Tolerances for Copper and Copper-Alloy Tube
(Applicable to Specifications B68, B75, and B135)

NOTE 1—*Maximum Deviation at Any Point*—The following tolerances are plus and minus; if tolerances all plus or all minus are desired, double the values given.

Wall Thickness, mm	Outside Diameter, ^A mm						
	0.80 to 3.0, incl	Over 3.0 to 16, incl	Over 16 to 25, incl	Over 25 to 50, incl	Over 50 to 100, incl	Over 100 to 180, incl	Over 180 to 250, incl
Up to 0.40, incl	0.05	0.03	0.04	0.05	...	...	...
Over 0.40 to 0.60, incl	0.08	0.05	0.05	0.06	...	...	...
Over 0.60 to 0.90, incl	0.08	0.06	0.06	0.08	0.10	...	...
Over 0.90 to 1.5, incl	0.08	0.08	0.09	0.09	0.12	0.20	...
Over 1.5 to 2.0, incl	...	0.09	0.10	0.10	0.15	0.20	0.25
Over 2.0 to 3.0, incl	...	0.10	0.12	0.12	0.20	0.20	0.28
Over 3.0 to 4.0, incl	...	0.12	0.15	0.15	0.20	0.25	0.30
Over 4.0 to 5.5, incl	...	0.20	0.20	0.20	0.25	0.30	0.35
Over 5.5 to 7.0, incl	...	...	0.25	0.25	0.30	0.35	0.40
Over 7.0 to 10, incl	...	...	0.30	5 ^B %	5 ^B %	6 ^B %	6 ^B %
Over 10	...	...	...	5 ^B %	5 ^B %	6 ^B %	6 ^B %

^A When round tube is ordered by outside and inside diameters, the maximum plus and minus deviation of the wall thickness from the nominal at any point shall not exceed the values given in the table by more than 50 %.

^B Percent of specified wall expressed to the nearest 0.025 mm.

thickness from the nominal at any point shall not exceed the values given in **Table 1** by more than 50 %.

NOTE 2—Blank spaces in the tolerance tables indicate either that the material is not generally available or that no tolerances have been established.

5.2 Wall Thickness Tolerances for Copper and Copper-Alloy Tube—Wall thickness tolerances applicable to Specifications **B68**, **B75**, and **B135** for round tubes only shall be in accordance with **Table 1**. Wall thickness tolerances for rectangular including square tube applicable to **B75** and **B135** shall be in accordance with **Table 2**.

5.3 Diameter or Distance between Parallel Surfaces, Tolerances for Copper and Copper-Alloy Tube—Diameter tolerances applicable to Specifications **B68**, **B75**, and **B135** for round tubes only shall be in accordance with **Table 3**. Tolerances on distance between parallel surfaces for rectangular including square tube applicable to Specifications **B75** and **B135** shall be in accordance with **Table 4**.

5.4 Roundness (Applicable to Specifications B75, B135, and B466/B466M)—For drawn unannealed tube in straight lengths, the roundness tolerances shall be as follows:

t/D (Ratio of Nominal Wall Thickness to Outside Diameter)	Roundness Tolerance as Percent of Outside Diameter (Expressed to the Nearest 0.025 mm)
0.01 to 0.03, incl	1.5
Over 0.03 to 0.05, incl	1.0
Over 0.05 to 0.10, incl	0.8 or 0.05 mm, whichever is greater
Over 0.10	0.7 or 0.05 mm, whichever is greater

5.4.1 Compliance with the roundness tolerances shall be determined by taking measurements on the outside diameter only, irrespective of the manner in which the tube dimensions are specified. The deviation from roundness is measured as the difference between major and minor diameters as determined at any one cross section of the tube. The major and minor diameters are the diameters of two concentric circles just enclosing the outside surface of the tube at the cross section.

5.4.2 No tolerances have been established for as-extruded tube, redraw tube, annealed tube, any tube furnished in coils or drawn tube whose wall thickness is under 0.40 mm.

5.5 Length Tolerances:

TABLE 3 Average Diameter Tolerances for Copper and Copper-Alloy Tube^A
(Applicable to Specifications **B68**, **B75**, and **B135**)

Specified Diameter, mm	Tolerance, plus and minus, mm
Up to 3.0, incl	0.05
Over 3.0 to 16, incl	0.05
Over 16 to 25, incl	0.06
Over 25 to 50, incl	0.08
Over 50 to 75, incl	0.10
Over 75 to 100, incl	0.12
Over 100 to 125, incl	0.15
Over 125 to 150, incl	0.18
Over 150 to 200, incl	0.20
Over 200 to 250, incl	0.25

^A Applicable to inside or outside diameter.

5.5.1 Straight Lengths—Length tolerances, straight lengths, applicable to Specifications **B68**, **B75**, **B135**, and **B466/B466M** shall be in accordance with **Table 5**.

5.5.2 Schedule of Tube Lengths—Specific and stock lengths of tube with ends, applicable to Specifications **B68**, **B75**, **B135**, and **B466/B466M**, shall be in accordance with **Table 6**. Tube in straight lengths shall be furnished in stock lengths with ends, unless the order requires specific lengths or specific lengths with ends.

5.6 Squareness of Cut (Applicable to Specifications B68, B75, B135, and B466/B466M)—For tube in straight lengths, the departure from squareness of the end of any tube shall not exceed the following:

5.6.1 Round Tube:

Specified Outside Diameter, mm	Tolerance
Up to 16, incl	0.25 mm
Over 16	0.016 mm/mm of diameter

5.6.2 Rectangular and Square Tube:

Specified Distance Between Major Outside Parallel Surfaces, mm	Tolerance
Up to 15.9 incl	0.40 mm
Over 15.9	0.025 mm/mm of distance between outside parallel surfaces

5.7 Straightness Tolerances:

TABLE 2 Wall Thickness Tolerances for Copper and Copper-Alloy Rectangular and Square Tube
(Applicable to Specifications **B75** and **B135**)

NOTE 1—*Maximum Deviation at Any Point*—The following tolerances are plus and minus; if tolerances all plus or all minus are desired, double the values given.

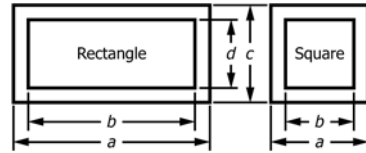
Wall Thickness, mm	Distance Between Outside Parallel Surface, ^A mm						
	0.80 to 3.0, incl	3.0 to 16, incl	16 to 25, incl	25 to 50, incl	50 to 100, incl	100 to 180, incl	180 to 250, incl
Up to 0.40, incl	0.05	0.05	0.06	0.08	...	...	...
Over 0.40 to 0.60, incl	0.08	0.06	0.08	0.09	...	...	...
Over 0.60 to 0.90, incl	0.09	0.09	0.09	0.10	0.15	...	...
Over 0.90 to 1.5, incl	0.10	0.10	0.12	0.12	0.20	0.25	...
Over 1.5 to 2.0, incl	...	0.12	0.15	0.20	0.20	0.25	0.30
Over 2.0 to 3.0, incl	...	0.20	0.20	0.25	0.25	0.30	0.35
Over 3.0 to 4.0, incl	...	0.25	0.25	0.28	0.30	0.36	0.40
Over 4.0 to 5.5, incl	...	0.28	0.30	0.33	0.38	0.45	0.50
Over 5.5 to 7.0, incl	...	...	0.38	0.40	0.45	0.50	0.55

^A In the case of rectangular tube the major dimension determines the thickness tolerance applicable to all walls.

TABLE 4 Tolerances on Distance Between Parallel Surfaces for Copper and Copper-Alloy Rectangular and Square Tube
(Applicable to Specifications B75 and B135)

NOTE 1—The following tolerances are plus and minus; if tolerances all plus or all minus are desired, double the values given.

Dimension <i>a</i> or <i>b</i> (see sketches), mm	Tolerances, mm
Up to 3.0, incl	0.08
Over 3.0 to 16, incl	0.10
Over 16 to 25, incl	0.12
Over 25 to 50, incl	0.15
Over 50 to 100, incl	0.20
Over 100 to 120, incl	0.25
Over 150 to 200, incl	0.30
Over 200 to 250, incl	0.30



Nominal dimension *a* determines tolerance applicable to both *a* and *c*.
Nominal dimension *b* determines tolerance applicable to both *b* and *d*.

TABLE 5 Length Tolerances for Copper and Copper-Alloy Tube, Straight Lengths
(Applicable to Specifications B68, B75, B135, and B466/B466M)

NOTE 1—Tolerances are all plus; if all minus tolerances are desired, use the same values; if tolerances plus and minus are desired, halve the values given.

Length, mm	Tolerances, mm, Applicable Only to Full-Length Pieces		
	For Major Outside Dimensions up to 25 mm, incl	For Major Outside Dimensions over 25 mm to 100 mm, incl	For Major Outside Dimensions over 100 mm
Specific lengths:			
Up to 150, incl	0.80	1.5	...
Over 150 to 600, incl	1.5	2.5	3.0
Over 600 to 2000, incl	2.5	3.0	6.0
Over 2000 to 4000, incl	6.0	6.0	6.0
Over 4000	12	12	12
Specific lengths with ends	25	25	25 ^A
Stock lengths with or without ends	25 ^A	25 ^A	25 ^A

^A As stock lengths are cut and placed in stock in advance of orders, departure from this tolerance is not practicable.

TABLE 6 Schedule of Tube Lengths (Specific and Stock) with Ends for Copper and Copper-Alloy Tube
(Applicable to Specifications B68, B75, B135, and B466/B466M)

Major Outside Dimensions, mm	Specific Length, mm	Shortest Permissible Length, ^A % of Specific Length	Maximum Permissible Weight of Ends, % of Lot Weight
Up to 25, incl	2000 to 6000, incl	70	20
Over 25 to 50, incl	2000 to 6000, incl	60	25
Over 50 to 75, incl	2000 to 6000, incl	55	30
Over 75 to 100, incl	2000 to 6000, incl	50	40

^A Expressed to the nearest 150 mm.

5.7.1 *Round Tubes*—For round tubes of any drawn temper, 6 to 100 mm in outside diameter, inclusive, but not redraw tube, extruded tube, or any annealed tube, the straightness tolerances applicable to Specifications B75, B135, and B466/B466M shall be in accordance with Table 7.

5.7.2 *Rectangular and Square Tubes*—For rectangular and square tubes of any drawn temper, the straightness tolerance applicable to Specifications B75 and B135 shall be 12 mm maximum curvature (depth of arc) in any 2000-mm portion of

TABLE 7 Straightness Tolerances for Copper and Copper-Alloy Tube^A in Any Drawn Temper
(Applicable to Specifications B75, B135, B466/B466M and B643)

NOTE 1—Applies to round tube in any drawn temper from 6.0 to 100 mm, incl, in outside diameter.

Length, mm ^B	Maximum Curvature (Depth of Arc), mm
Over 1000 to 2000, incl	5.0
Over 2000 to 2500, incl	8.0
Over 2500 to 3000, incl	12

^A Not applicable to pipe, redraw tube, extruded tube, or any annealed tube.

^B For lengths greater than 3000 mm the maximum curvature shall not exceed 12 mm in any 3000-mm portion of the total length.

the total length. (Not applicable to extruded tube, redraw tube, or any annealed tube.)

5.8 *Corner Radius, Rectangular and Square Tubes*—The permissible radii for commercially square corners applicable to Specifications B75 and B135 shall be in accordance with Table 8.

5.9 *Twist Tolerances, Rectangular and Square Tubes*—The maximum twist about the longitudinal axis of drawn temper rectangular and square tubes applicable to Specifications B75 and B135 shall not exceed 1°/300 mm of length, measured to the nearest degree, and the total angle of twist shall not exceed 20° when measured in accordance with Test Method B428. The requirement is not applicable to tubes in the annealed temper or to tubes whose specified major dimension is less than 12 mm.

6. Workmanship, Finish, and Appearance

6.1 The material shall be free from defects of a nature that interfere with normal commercial applications. It shall be well cleaned and free from dirt.

TABLE 8 Permissible Radii for Commercially Square Corners for Copper and Copper-Alloy Rectangular and Square Tube
(Applicable to Specifications B75 and B135)

Wall Thickness, mm	Maximum Radii, mm	
	Outside Corners	Inside Corners
Up to 1.5, incl	1.2	0.80
Over 1.5 to 3.0, incl	1.6	0.80
Over 3.0 to 6.0, incl	2.4	0.80
Over 6.0	none established	none established