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Aerospace — Standard-weight polytetrafluoroethylene (PTFE) hose assemblies, classification 204 °C/21 000 kPa — Procurement specification

*Aéronautique et espace — Tuyauteries flexibles en
polytétrafluoroéthylène (PTFE), série normale, classification 204
°C/21 000 kPa — Spécification d'approvisionnement*

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Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular, the different approval criteria needed for the different types of ISO documents should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2 (see www.iso.org/directives).

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For an explanation of the voluntary nature of standards, the meaning of ISO specific terms and expressions related to conformity assessment, as well as information about ISO's adherence to the World Trade Organization (WTO) principles in the Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT), see www.iso.org/iso/foreword.html (standards.iteh.ai).

This document was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 20, *Aircraft and space vehicles*, Subcommittee SC 10, *Aerospace fluid systems and components*.

This third edition cancels and replaces the second edition (ISO 9528:1994), which has been technically revised.

The main changes are as follows:

- [Clause 2](#) was updated;
- references in the whole document were updated;
- column "Material No." was added to [Table 1](#);
- NOTE in [4.4.4.1](#) was deleted;
- [Annex A](#) now only contains the equivalent components.

Any feedback or questions on this document should be directed to the user's national standards body. A complete listing of these bodies can be found at www.iso.org/members.html.

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Aerospace — Standard-weight polytetrafluoroethylene (PTFE) hose assemblies, classification 204 °C/21 000 kPa — Procurement specification

1 Scope

This document specifies requirements for standard-weight polytetrafluoroethylene (PTFE) hose assemblies for use in aircraft hydraulic systems at temperatures between -55 °C and +204 °C and at a nominal pressure up to 21 000 kPa (210 bar). The hose assemblies are also suitable for use within the same temperature and pressure limitations in aircraft pneumatic systems where some gaseous diffusion through the wall of the PTFE liner can be tolerated.

2 Normative references

The following documents are referred to in the text in such a way that some or all of their content constitutes requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO 2685, *Aircraft — Environmental test procedure for airborne equipment — Resistance to fire in designated fire zones*

ISO 2859-1, *Sampling procedures for inspection by attributes — Part 1: Sampling schemes indexed by acceptance quality limit (AQL) for lot-by-lot inspection*

ISO 5855-3, *Aerospace — MJ threads — Part 3: Limit dimensions for fittings for fluid systems*

ISO 6772, *Aerospace — Fluid systems — Impulse testing of hydraulic hose, tubing and fitting assemblies*

ISO 7258, *Polytetrafluoroethylene (PTFE) tubing for aerospace applications — Methods for the determination of the density and relative density*

ISO 8829-1:2009, *Aerospace — Test methods for polytetrafluoroethylene (PTFE) inner-tube hose assemblies — Part 1: Metallic (stainless steel) braid*

3 Terms and definitions

No terms and definitions are listed in this document.

ISO and IEC maintain terminology databases for use in standardization at the following addresses:

- ISO Online browsing platform: available at <https://www.iso.org/obp>
- IEC Electropedia: available at <https://www.electropedia.org/>

4 Requirements

4.1 General

The use of these hose assemblies in high-pressure pneumatic storage systems is not recommended. In addition, installations in which the limits specified in this document are exceeded, or in which the application is not covered specifically by this document, for example for oxygen, shall be subject to the approval of the purchaser.

4.2 Qualification

Hose assemblies supplied in accordance with this document shall be representative of products which have been subjected to and which have successfully passed the requirements and tests specified in this document.

4.3 Materials

4.3.1 General

The hose assembly materials shall be as described in this document. All materials not specifically described in this document shall be of the highest quality and suitable for the purpose intended.

4.3.2 Metals

Metals used in the hose and fittings shall be corrosion-resistant or titanium and shall conform to the applicable specifications described in [Table 1](#).

Table 1 — Metals to be used in hose assemblies

Form	Metal	Material No.
Bars and forgings	Austenitic, annealed or as-rolled, corrosion-resistant steel	AMS 5639 (304)
	Austenitic, annealed or as-rolled, stabilized, corrosion-resistant steel	AMS 5645 (321), AMS 5646 (347)
	Precipitation-hardening, corrosion-resistant steel	AMS 5643 (17-4), AMS 5644, AMS 5743
	Titanium 6Al-4V	AMS 4928 (6-4)
Tubing	Austenitic, seamless or welded, annealed, corrosion-resistant steel	MIL-T-8504 (304),
	Steel, corrosion-resistant, seamless or welded hydraulic tubing, 19Cr - 10Ni, solution heat treated	AMS 5567 (304)
	Austenitic, seamless or welded, stabilized, corrosion-resistant steel	MIL-T-8808 (321), MIL-T-8808 (321),
	Steel, corrosion and heat-resistant, seamless or welded hydraulic tubing, 18.5Cr - 10.5Ni - 0.40Ti, solution heat treated	AMS 5557 (321)
	Cold-worked, stress-relieved titanium alloy	AMS 4945
Wire	Austenitic, cold-drawn, corrosion-resistant steel	AMS 5689, AMS 5690, AMS 5697
	Steel, corrosion-resistant, wire, 18Cr - 9.0Ni, spring temper	AMS 5688 (302)

4.4 Construction

4.4.1 General

The hose assembly shall consist of

- a seamless PTFE inner tube (see [4.4.2](#)),
- corrosion-resistant steel-wire reinforcement (see [4.4.3](#)), and

— corrosion-resistant steel and/or titanium end fittings (see 4.4.4),

as required to meet the construction and performance requirements laid down in this document and as required for its intended use.

4.4.2 Inner tube

The inner tube shall be of a seamless construction of virgin PTFE resin of uniform gauge; it shall have a smooth bore and shall be free from pitting or projections on the inner surface. Additives may be included in the compound from which the tube is extruded with no more than 2 % of such additives being retained in the mixture.

4.4.3 Reinforcement

The reinforcement shall consist of corrosion-resistant steel wire conforming to the applicable specifications given in 4.3.2. The wires shall be arranged over the inner tube so as to provide sufficient strength to ensure conformity to the requirements laid down in this document.

Broken or missing reinforcing wires shall be cause for rejection; crossed-over reinforcing wires shall not be cause for rejection of the hose assembly.

4.4.4 Fittings

4.4.4.1 General

It shall be proven that all fittings conform to the requirements laid down in this document. Unless otherwise specified by the purchaser, the hose assemblies shall have flareless fittings (24° cone coupling).

4.4.4.2 Insert fittings

Insert fittings shall be manufactured in one piece wherever possible; those made of other than one-piece construction shall be butt-welded, unless otherwise agreed by the purchaser, fabricated from annealed, austenitic, corrosion-resistant steel tubing. Welded and redrawn tubing may be used.

4.5 Inner tube

4.5.1 Density and relative density

The relative density of the hose inner tube shall not exceed 2,155, when tested in accordance with ISO 7258, either method A or method B (as specified in ISO 8829-1). The density shall not exceed 2,204 g/cm³, when tested in accordance with ISO 7258, method C (as specified in ISO 8829-1).

4.5.2 Tensile strength

When tested in accordance with ISO 8829-1:2009, 4.3, the longitudinal tensile strength for all sizes of tubes shall be at least 15,1 N/mm²¹⁾.

When tested in accordance with ISO 8829-1:2009, 4.3, the transverse tensile strength for sizes DN 16 and larger shall be at least 12,4 N/mm²; for sizes under DN 16, the transverse strength doesn't need to be tested.

4.5.3 Elongation

When tested in accordance with ISO 8829-1:2009, 4.3, the elongation shall be at least 200 %.

1) 1 N/mm² = 1 MPa.

4.5.4 Tube roll

The tube shall not leak, split, burst or show any signs of malfunction, when tested through the sequence as specified in ISO 8829-1:2009, 4.4.2.

4.5.5 Tube proof-pressure

After being subjected to the tube roll test sequence (see 4.5.4), the tube, without reinforcing wires, shall not leak, burst or show any signs of malfunction, when tested as specified in ISO 8829-1:2009, 4.3.3.

4.5.6 Electrical conductivity

When tested in accordance with ISO 8829-1:2009, 4.5, the electrical current shall be equal to or greater than:

- a) 10 μA for sizes DN 06 to DN 12 (inclusive);
- b) 20 μA for sizes DN 16 and over.

4.6 Hose

4.6.1 Dimensional requirements

The hose assembly dimensions, except for length, shall be as specified in [Figure 1](#) and [Table 2](#).

4.6.2 Physical requirements

Hose assemblies shall conform to the physical and linear density (weight) requirements specified in [Table 3](#).

4.6.3 Bore check

When bent to the appropriate minimum bend radius as specified in [Table 3](#), the hose assembly shall permit the free passage of a solid rigid sphere throughout its length. The diameter of the sphere shall be 90 % of the appropriate minimum internal diameter of the end fittings as specified in [Table 2](#). For elbow fittings, see footnote ^a in [Table 2](#).

4.7 Screw threads

Unless otherwise specified (see 4.4.4), fitting threads shall be in accordance with ISO 5855-3. A 10 % increase in the tolerance of the fitting thread of the nut during assembly or testing shall not be cause for rejection of the hose assembly.

4.8 Part numbering of interchangeable parts

All parts conforming to this document and having the same manufacturers or standard part number shall be functionally and dimensionally interchangeable.

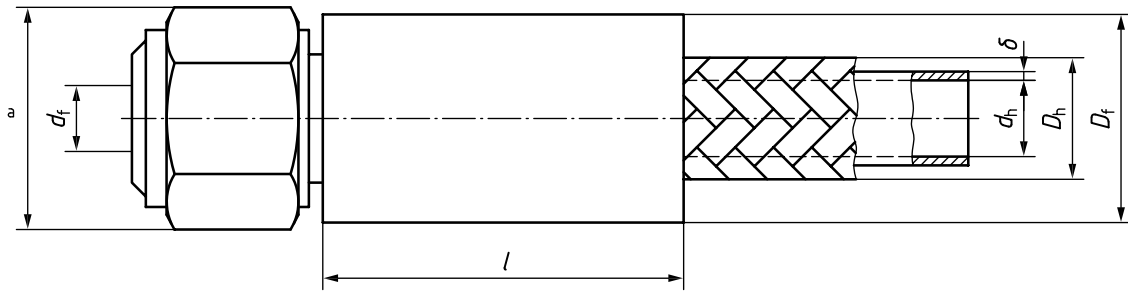
4.9 Identification of products

4.9.1 General

The hose assembly and its component parts shall be permanently marked.

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a See footnote b in Table 2.

Figure 1 — Hose and fitting dimensions

Table 2 — Hose and fitting dimensions (see Figure 1)

Dimensions in millimetres

Hose size (nom.)	Hose (braided)			Fitting		Attachment length <i>l</i> max.	Wall thick-ness of inner tube δ min.
	Inside diameter d_h min.	Outside diameter D_h min. max.		Inside diameter ^a d_f min.	Outside diameter ^b D_f max.		
DN 06	5,3	10,2	11,8	3,4	23	58	0,89
DN 10	7,5	13,6	15,1	6,1	26	64	
DN 12	9,9	17,1	18,6	8,6	31	70	1
DN 16	12,3	22,2	23,7	10,4	36	78	
DN 20	15,3	26,1	27,7	12,9	43	83	1,1
DN 25	21,6	34,2	35,8	19,3	51	96	
DN 32	28	39,6	41,9	23,5	54	99	1,27

^a Minimum inside diameter through the elbow area may be 85 % of the values given for d_f .
^b Width across corners of nut and socket hexagon may exceed the values given for D_f .

Table 3 — Physical requirements of hose assemblies and linear density (weight) of hose

Hose size	Linear density (weight) of hose ^a max. kg/m	Operating pressure kPa	Proof pressure kPa	Burst pressure		Bend radius at Inside of bend min. mm	Volumetric expansion max. ml/m
				at room temperature min. kPa	at high temperature min. kPa		
DN 06	0,295	21 000	42 000	84 000	63 000	76	2,6
DN 10	0,5					127	3,4
DN 12	0,72					146	5,3
DN 16	1,11					165	8,7
DN 20	1,54					197	11,8
DN 25	2,51					245	29,5
DN 32	3,22					305	39,4

^a The linear density (weight) of the hose shall be determined on a minimum length of 300 mm.