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# Standard Guide for Nuclear Facility Decommissioning Plans<sup>1</sup>

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## INTRODUCTION

As a nuclear facility approaches the end of its operational life, the operator should initiate final preparations for decommissioning. As part of this program, a decommissioning plan should be developed to comply with applicable federal and state requirements and regulations, as well as to provide generic and detailed information relevant to decommissioning project planning. This standard is a guideline for the preparation and content of the decommissioning plan.

### 1. Scope

1.1 This guide applies to decommissioning plans for any nuclear facility whose operation was (is) governed by Nuclear Regulatory Commission (NRC) or Agreement State license, or under Department of Energy (DOE) orders.

1.2 The guide applies to the preparation and content of the decommissioning plan document itself.

1.3 The detailed description and development of implementation plans identified in Section 4 is outside the scope of this guide.

NOTE 1—Nuclear facilities operated by the U.S. DOE are not licensed by the U.S. NRC, nor are other nuclear facilities which may come under the control of the U.S. Department of Defense or individual agreement states. The references in this guide to licensee, U.S. NRC Regulatory guides, and Title 10 of the U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* are to imply appropriate alternative nomenclature with respect to DOE, DOD, or agreement state nuclear facilities. This distinction should not alter the content of decommissioning plans for nuclear facilities.

1.4 *This standard does not purport to address all of the safety concerns, if any, associated with its use. It is the responsibility of the user of this standard to establish appropriate safety and health practices and determine the applicability of regulatory limitations prior to use.*

<sup>1</sup> This guide is under the jurisdiction of Committee E10 on Nuclear Technology and Applications and is the direct responsibility of Subcommittee E10.03 on Radiological Protection for Decontamination and Decommissioning of Nuclear Facilities and Components.

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### 2. Referenced Documents

#### 2.1 *ASTM Standards*:<sup>2</sup>

E1034 Specification for Nuclear Facility Transient Worker Records

E1167 Guide for Radiation Protection Program for Decommissioning Operations

E1168 Guide for Radiological Protection Training for Nuclear Facility Workers

E1760 Guide for Unrestricted Disposition of Bulk Materials Containing Residual Amounts of Radioactivity

E1819 Guide for Environmental Monitoring Plans for Decommissioning of Nuclear Facilities

E1893 Guide for Selection and Use of Portable Radiological Survey Instruments for Performing In Situ Radiological Assessments to Support Unrestricted Release from Further Regulatory Controls

E2216 Guide for Evaluating Disposal Options for Concrete from Nuclear Facility Decommissioning

E2420 Guide for Post-Deactivation Surveillance and Maintenance of Radiologically Contaminated Facilities

E2421 Guide for Preparing Waste Management Plans for Decommissioning Nuclear Facilities

2.2 *Code of Federal Regulations*:<sup>3</sup>

10 CFR 19 Notices, Instructions and Reports to Workers; Inspections

<sup>2</sup> For referenced ASTM standards, visit the ASTM website, www.astm.org, or contact ASTM Customer Service at service@astm.org. For *Annual Book of ASTM Standards* volume information, refer to the standard's Document Summary page on the ASTM website.

<sup>3</sup> Available from Superintendent of Documents, U.S. Government Printing Office, Washington, DC 20402.

- 10 CFR 20 Standards for Protection Against Radiation
- 10 CFR 30 Rules of General Applicability to Domestic Licensing of Byproduct Material
- 10 CFR 40 Domestic Licensing of Source Material
- 10 CFR 50 Domestic Licensing of Production and Utilization Facilities
- 10 CFR 51 Environmental Protection Regulations for Domestic Licensing and Related Regulatory Functions
- 10 CFR 61 Licensing Requirements for Land Disposal of Radioactive Waste
- 10 CFR 70 Domestic Licensing of Special Nuclear Material
- 10 CFR 71 Packaging and Transportation of Radioactive Materials
- 10 CFR 73 Physical Protection of Plants and Materials
- 10 CFR 140 Financial Protection Requirements and Indemnity Agreements
- 10 CFR 150 Exemption and Continued Regulatory Authority in Agreement States Under Section 274
- 10 CFR 170 Fees for Facilities, Materials, Import and Export Licenses and Other Regulatory Services Under the Atomic Energy Act of 1954, as Amended
- 10 CFR 830 Nuclear Safety Rules
- 10 CFR 835 Occupational Radiation Safety
- 29 CFR 1910.120 Hazardous Waste Operations and Emergency Response
- 40 CFR 190 Environmental Radiation Protection Standards for Nuclear Power Operations
- 40 CFR 191 Environmental Radiation Protection Standards for Management and Disposal of Spent Nuclear Fuel, High Level Waste and Transuranic Waste
- 40 CFR 192 Health and Environmental Protection for Uranium and Thorium Mill Tailings
- 40 CFR 260 Land Disposal Restrictions
- 49 CFR 190 and above Hazardous Materials Transportation Regulations
- 2.3 *Nuclear Regulatory Commission Standards:*<sup>4</sup>
  - NRC Regulatory Guide 1.86, Termination of Operating Licenses for Nuclear Reactors
  - NUREG-1757 Consolidated Decommissioning Guidance; Volume 1, Decommissioning Process for Material Licenses; Volume 2, Characterization, Survey and Determination of Radiological Criteria; Volume 3, Financial Assurance, Recordkeeping, and Timeliness
  - NUREG-1575 Multi-Agency Radiation Survey and Site Investigation Manual (MARSSIM), Rev 1, August 2000
  - NUREG-2082 Monitoring for Compliance with Decommissioning Termination Survey Criteria
  - Regulatory Guide 1.179 Standard Format and Content for License Termination Plans for Nuclear Power Reactors (NRC 1999)
- 2.4 *Department of Energy Standard:*<sup>5</sup>
  - DOE Order O 435.1-1 “Radioactive Waste Management” and Supporting Guides and Manuals
  - DOE Order 430.1B Real Property Assess Management

## DOE Guide G430.1-3 Deactivation Implementation Guide

### 3. Terminology

#### 3.1 *Definitions of Terms Specific to This Standard:*

3.1.1 *decommission*, *vt*—to remove a nuclear facility safely from service and reduce residual radioactivity to levels that permit release of the property or facility for unrestricted use and termination of any applicable license(s).

3.1.2 *decontamination*, *n*—those activities employed to reduce the levels of (radioactive) contamination in or on structures, equipment, materials, and personnel.

3.1.3 *dismantlement*, *n*—the alternative in which the equipment, structures, and portions of a facility and site containing radioactive contaminants are removed or decontaminated to a level that permits the property to be released for unrestricted use shortly after cessation of operations.

3.1.4 *entombment*, *n*—consists of placing the facility into protective storage. Initial entombment activities consist of removing the balance of plant contaminated components, systems, and structures from the site and sealing all the remaining contaminated and activated plant components and systems within the entombment boundary. This structure provides for containment of the entire radioactive inventory remaining on site during the entombment period. Other initial activities would consist of processing and removing radioactive waste, securing a possession-only license, and implementing security and surveillance plans for the delay period. Decommissioning is completed by either radioactive decay to unrestricted use levels or by dismantlement to unrestricted use levels. If dismantlement were selected following entombment, additional activities would be initiated after 30 or more years and would consist of radiation surveys, removal of the entombment structure and materials within it, processing and removal of any remaining solid and liquid radioactive wastes, and restoring/releasing the site for unrestricted use.

3.1.5 *nuclear facility*, *n*—a facility whose operations involve (or involved) radioactive materials in such form or quantity that a radiological hazard potentially exists to the employees or the general public. Included are facilities that are (or were) used to produce, process, or store radioactive materials. Some examples are nuclear reactors (power, test, or research), fuel fabrication plants, fuel reprocessing plants, uranium/thorium mills, UF-6 production and enrichment plants, radiochemical laboratories, and radioactive waste disposal sites.

3.1.6 *safe storage*, *n*—consists of placing and maintaining the facility in protective storage. Initial safe storage operations would consist of general plant decontamination activities, radiation surveys, the processing and removal of radioactive waste materials, securing a possession-only license, and the implementation of security, surveillance, and maintenance plans for the delay period. Decommissioning is completed by dismantling following the protective storage period. The additional activities initiated after 30 or more years would be essentially the same as those described for entombment, except that there would be more systems removed after safe storage than after entombment.

<sup>4</sup> Available from Nuclear Regulatory Commission, Public Document Room, 1717 H St., N.W., Washington, DC 20555.

<sup>5</sup> Available from Dept. of Energy, National Technical Information Service, U.S. Dept. of Commerce, Springfield, VA 22161.

#### 4. Significance and Use

4.1 The standardization of decommissioning plans will provide the nuclear facility owner with a greater assurance that all basic planning elements and requirements have been identified, examined, and addressed.

4.2 In applying the guidance contained in this standard, the nuclear facility owner will address the significant subject areas necessary to describe a comprehensive decommissioning plan. Additional guidance on the planning of decommissioning projects, and the preparation of decommissioning plans can be found in such references as NUREG-1757 on decommissioning standard review plans, and Regulatory Guide 1.179 on the format and content of license termination plans. Recent new guidance on all aspects of decommissioning is contained in an ASME publication titled *The Decommissioning Handbook*.<sup>6</sup>

4.3 This decommissioning plan will be developed to serve as the executive document that describes the objectives of the decommissioning program and identifies and defines the elements necessary to accomplish the program.

4.4 A detailed implementation plan describing how the objectives of the decommissioning plan will be met should be prepared. Some of the documents or implementation plans that may be required to support the overall decommissioning program include an engineering plan; a cost, schedule, and financing plan (10 CFR 140 and 170); a field implementation plan; a health and safety plan (29 CFR 1910.120, Guide E1167); a quality assurance plan (10 CFR 50.59 and 10 CFR 830.120); an emergency plan; an environmental monitoring plan (Guide E1819); a radiological protection plan (10 CFR 20, 10 CFR 835, Guide E1167); and a physical security plan (10 CFR 73). These implementation plans shall be separate from and consistent with the decommissioning plan.

#### 5. Elements of the Decommissioning Plan

5.1 The plan should identify and describe the major elements of the decommissioning program. These elements should be addressed in their approximate chronological order and should be expanded to provide descriptive information and details.

5.2 The following are provided as typical decommissioning elements for some types of nuclear facilities:

5.2.1 Facility description,

5.2.2 Operating history, and

5.2.3 A description of the history of operation at the nuclear facility should be included to provide general information and an indication of the scope of effort required for decommissioning. This description should include the initial construction and licensing history, the operating record, and a summary of all operating events that could affect decommissioning activities (such as spills or releases of radioactive or contaminated materials).

<sup>6</sup> Taboas, A. L., Moghissi, A. A., and LaGuardia, T. S., Eds., ASME, Three Park Ave., New York, NY, 2004.

#### 6. Characterization

6.1 A description of the entire nuclear facility to be decommissioned should be provided including results of a radiation survey prior to initiation of other decommissioning activities. Site characteristics that should be addressed include topography, soils and geology, hydrology, seismology, demography, and meteorology. Specific details such as those found in safety analysis reports may be provided in appendices or by reference. Plant characteristics that should be addressed include a general plant description, a plant structures description, and a plant systems description. Radiological and hazardous material characteristics of the nuclear facility shall be included as well. The radionuclide inventory for the facility should be presented with all of the major contributors identified and quantified. Environmental radiological characteristics of the site should be discussed. Guidance for developing the Characterization Plan may be found in the MARSSIM manual (NUREG-1575) and Guide E1893.

#### 7. Program Objectives

7.1 The objective(s) of the decommissioning program should be stated concisely. The selected or proposed decommissioning alternative (dismantlement, safe storage followed by dismantlement, or entombment to unrestricted use levels) shall be included as a minimum (DOE Order 430.1B).

7.2 A qualitative description of any interim status of the facility should be provided when applicable, that is, when the safe storage or entombment alternatives are selected, and when a surveillance/maintenance period is proposed for the facility (DOE Guide G430.1-1, Guide E2420).

7.3 Cleanup criteria should be stated herein, such as NRC Regulatory Guide 1.86, or other specific federal and state requirements. Termination survey requirements should be as detailed in 13.5.

7.4 The interim and ultimate desired status of all facility licenses should be discussed. For facilities where the unrestricted release criteria will be achieved without a planned and significant delay period, this should be stated. For this case, an ongoing surveillance/maintenance program will not be necessary.

#### 8. Program Management and Administration

8.1 The decommissioning plan should include a description of the organization and responsibilities with respect to the overall program. The discussion should address the decommissioning project team, decommissioning manpower; worker health and safety training (Specification E1034 and Guide E1168); and the use, control, and management of subcontractors. When safe storage or entombment alternatives are selected, then the organization and responsibilities structure for the protected storage and delayed dismantlement phases of the program should be provided as well (DOE Guide G430.1-3, Guide E2420).

#### 9. Program Schedule and Cost

9.1 *Major Milestone Schedule*—The plan should include decommissioning schedule information. Identification of major