



**SLOVENSKI STANDARD**  
**oSIST prEN ISO/IEEE 11073-10404:2022**  
**01-september-2022**

---

**Zdravstvena informatika - Interoperabilnost naprav - 10404. del: Komunikacija osebnih medicinskih naprav - Specialne naprave - Pulzni oksimeter (ISO/IEEE/FDIS 11073-10404:2022)**

Health informatics - Device interoperability - Part 10404: Personal health device communication - Device specialization - Pulse oximeter (ISO/IEEE/FDIS 11073-10404:2022)

Medizinische Informatik - Kommunikation von Geräten für die persönliche Gesundheit - Teil 10404: Gerätespezifikation - Pulsoximeter (ISO/IEEE/FDIS 11073-10404:2022)

Informatique de santé - Interopérabilité des dispositifs - Partie 10404: Spécialisation des dispositifs - Oxymètre de pouls (ISO/IEEE/FDIS 11073-10404:2022)

**Ta slovenski standard je istoveten z: prEN ISO/IEEE 11073-10404**

---

**ICS:**

11.040.55	Diagnostična oprema	Diagnostic equipment
35.240.80	Uporabniške rešitve IT v zdravstveni tehniki	IT applications in health care technology

**oSIST prEN ISO/IEEE 11073-10404:2022 en,fr,de**



FINAL  
DRAFT

INTERNATIONAL  
STANDARD

ISO/IEEE  
FDIS  
11073-10404

ISO/TC 215

Secretariat: ANSI

Voting begins on:  
2022-06-16

Voting terminates on:  
2022-11-03

**Health informatics — Device interoperability —**

Part 10404:  
**Personal health device communication — Device specialization — Pulse oximeter**

iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW  
(standards.iteh.ai)

*Informatique de santé — Interopérabilité des dispositifs —  
Partie 10404: Spécialisation des dispositifs — Oxymètre de pouls*

[oSIST prEN ISO/IEEE 11073-10404:2022](https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/85b60ab1-ad1d-4503-afbb-f28795de5419/osist-pren-iso-ieee-11073-10404-2022)

<https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/85b60ab1-ad1d-4503-afbb-f28795de5419/osist-pren-iso-ieee-11073-10404-2022>

**ISO/CEN PARALLEL PROCESSING**

RECIPIENTS OF THIS DRAFT ARE INVITED TO SUBMIT, WITH THEIR COMMENTS, NOTIFICATION OF ANY RELEVANT PATENT RIGHTS OF WHICH THEY ARE AWARE AND TO PROVIDE SUPPORTING DOCUMENTATION.

IN ADDITION TO THEIR EVALUATION AS BEING ACCEPTABLE FOR INDUSTRIAL, TECHNOLOGICAL, COMMERCIAL AND USER PURPOSES, DRAFT INTERNATIONAL STANDARDS MAY ON OCCASION HAVE TO BE CONSIDERED IN THE LIGHT OF THEIR POTENTIAL TO BECOME STANDARDS TO WHICH REFERENCE MAY BE MADE IN NATIONAL REGULATIONS.



Reference number  
ISO/IEEE FDIS 11073-10404:2022(E)

© IEEE 2022

# iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW (standards.iteh.ai)

[oSIST prEN ISO/IEEE 11073-10404:2022](https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/85b60ab1-ad1d-4503-afbb-f28795de5419/osist-pren-iso-ieee-11073-10404-2022)  
<https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/85b60ab1-ad1d-4503-afbb-f28795de5419/osist-pren-iso-ieee-11073-10404-2022>



## **COPYRIGHT PROTECTED DOCUMENT**

© IEEE 2022

All rights reserved. Unless otherwise specified, or required in the context of its implementation, no part of this publication may be reproduced or utilized otherwise in any form or by any means, electronic or mechanical, including photocopying, or posting on the internet or an intranet, without prior written permission. Permission can be requested from IEEE at the address below.

Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers, Inc  
3 Park Avenue, New York  
NY 10016-5997, USA

Email: [stds.ipr@ieee.org](mailto:stds.ipr@ieee.org)  
Website: [www.ieee.org](http://www.ieee.org)

Published in Switzerland

## Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular, the different approval criteria needed for the different types of ISO documents should be noted (see [www.iso.org/directives](http://www.iso.org/directives)).

IEEE Standards documents are developed within the IEEE Societies and the Standards Coordinating Committees of the IEEE Standards Association (IEEE-SA) Standards Board. The IEEE develops its standards through a consensus development process, approved by the American National Standards Institute, which brings together volunteers representing varied viewpoints and interests to achieve the final product. Volunteers are not necessarily members of the Institute and serve without compensation. While the IEEE administers the process and establishes rules to promote fairness in the consensus development process, the IEEE does not independently evaluate, test, or verify the accuracy of any of the information contained in its standards.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights. Details of any patent rights identified during the development of the document will be in the Introduction and/or on the ISO list of patent declarations received (see [www.iso.org/patents](http://www.iso.org/patents)).

Any trade name used in this document is information given for the convenience of users and does not constitute an endorsement.

For an explanation of the voluntary nature of standards, the meaning of ISO specific terms and expressions related to conformity assessment, as well as information about ISO's adherence to the World Trade Organization (WTO) principles in the Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT), see [www.iso.org/iso/foreword.html](http://www.iso.org/iso/foreword.html).

ISO/IEEE 11073-10404 was prepared by the *IEEE 11073 Standards Committee of the IEEE Engineering in Medicine and Biology Society* (as IEEE Std 11073-10404-2020) and drafted in accordance with its editorial rules. It was adopted, under the “fast-track procedure” defined in the Partner Standards Development Organization cooperation agreement between ISO and IEEE, by Technical Committee ISO/TC 215, *Health informatics*.

This second edition cancels and replaces the first edition (ISO/IEEE 11073-10404:2010), which has been technically revised.

A list of all parts in the ISO/IEEE 11073 series can be found on the ISO website.

Any feedback or questions on this document should be directed to the user's national standards body. A complete listing of these bodies can be found at [www.iso.org/members.html](http://www.iso.org/members.html).



**IEEE Std 11073-10404™-2020**  
(Revision of IEEE Std 11073-10404-2008)

**Health informatics—Personal health device communication**

# **Part 10404: Device specialization— Pulse oximeter**

Developed by the

**IEEE 11073™ Standards Committee**

of the

**IEEE Engineering in Medicine and Biology Society**

Approved 30 January 2020

**IEEE SA Standards Board**

<https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/85b60ab1-ad1d-4503-afbb-f28795de5419/osist-pren-iso-ieee-11073-10404-2022>

**ISO/IEEE 11073-10404:2022(E)**

**Abstract:** Within the context of the ISO/IEEE 11073 family of standards for device communication, this standard establishes a normative definition of communication between personal telehealth pulse oximetry devices and compute engines (e.g., cell phones, personal computers, personal health appliances, set top boxes) in a manner that enables plug-and-play interoperability. It leverages appropriate portions of existing standards including ISO/IEEE 11073 terminology, information models, application profile standards, and transport standards. It specifies the use of specific term codes, formats, and behaviors in telehealth environments restricting optionality in base frameworks in favor of interoperability. This standard defines a common core of communication functionality for personal telehealth pulse oximeters.

**Keywords:** IEEE 11073-10404™, medical device communication, personal health devices, PHD, pulse oximeter

## iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW (standards.iteh.ai)

[oSIST prEN ISO/IEEE 11073-10404:2022](https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/85b60ab1-ad1d-4503-afbb-f28795de5419/osist-pren-iso-ieee-11073-10404-2022)

<https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/85b60ab1-ad1d-4503-afbb-f28795de5419/osist-pren-iso-ieee-11073-10404-2022>

---

The Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers, Inc.  
3 Park Avenue, New York, NY 10016-5997, USA

Copyright © 2021 by The Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers, Inc.  
All rights reserved. Published 7 January 2021. Printed in the United States of America.

IEEE is a registered trademark in the U.S. Patent & Trademark Office, owned by The Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers, Incorporated.

PDF: ISBN 978-1-5044-6458-1      STD24061  
Print: ISBN 978-1-5044-6459-8      STDPD24061

*IEEE prohibits discrimination, harassment, and bullying.*

*For more information, visit <https://www.ieee.org/about/corporate/governance/p9-26.html>.*

*No part of this publication may be reproduced in any form, in an electronic retrieval system or otherwise, without the prior written permission of the publisher.*



## Important Notices and Disclaimers Concerning IEEE Standards Documents

IEEE Standards documents are made available for use subject to important notices and legal disclaimers. These notices and disclaimers, or a reference to this page (<https://standards.ieee.org/ipr/disclaimers.html>), appear in all standards and may be found under the heading “Important Notices and Disclaimers Concerning IEEE Standards Documents.”

## Notice and Disclaimer of Liability Concerning the Use of IEEE Standards Documents

IEEE Standards documents are developed within the IEEE Societies and the Standards Coordinating Committees of the IEEE Standards Association (IEEE SA) Standards Board. IEEE develops its standards through an accredited consensus development process, which brings together volunteers representing varied viewpoints and interests to achieve the final product. IEEE Standards are documents developed by volunteers with scientific, academic, and industry-based expertise in technical working groups. Volunteers are not necessarily members of IEEE or IEEE SA, and participate without compensation from IEEE. While IEEE administers the process and establishes rules to promote fairness in the consensus development process, IEEE does not independently evaluate, test, or verify the accuracy of any of the information or the soundness of any judgments contained in its standards.

IEEE makes no warranties or representations concerning its standards, and expressly disclaims all warranties, express or implied, concerning this standard, including but not limited to the warranties of merchantability, fitness for a particular purpose and non-infringement. In addition, IEEE does not warrant or represent that the use of the material contained in its standards is free from patent infringement. IEEE standards documents are supplied “AS IS” and “WITH ALL FAULTS.”

Use of an IEEE standard is wholly voluntary. The existence of an IEEE Standard does not imply that there are no other ways to produce, test, measure, purchase, market, or provide other goods and services related to the scope of the IEEE standard. Furthermore, the viewpoint expressed at the time a standard is approved and issued is subject to change brought about through developments in the state of the art and comments received from users of the standard.

In publishing and making its standards available, IEEE is not suggesting or rendering professional or other services for, or on behalf of, any person or entity, nor is IEEE undertaking to perform any duty owed by any other person or entity to another. Any person utilizing any IEEE Standards document, should rely upon his or her own independent judgment in the exercise of reasonable care in any given circumstances or, as appropriate, seek the advice of a competent professional in determining the appropriateness of a given IEEE standard.

IN NO EVENT SHALL IEEE BE LIABLE FOR ANY DIRECT, INDIRECT, INCIDENTAL, SPECIAL, EXEMPLARY, OR CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES (INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO: THE NEED TO PROCURE SUBSTITUTE GOODS OR SERVICES; LOSS OF USE, DATA, OR PROFITS; OR BUSINESS INTERRUPTION) HOWEVER CAUSED AND ON ANY THEORY OF LIABILITY, WHETHER IN CONTRACT, STRICT LIABILITY, OR TORT (INCLUDING NEGLIGENCE OR OTHERWISE) ARISING IN ANY WAY OUT OF THE PUBLICATION, USE OF, OR RELIANCE UPON ANY STANDARD, EVEN IF ADVISED OF THE POSSIBILITY OF SUCH DAMAGE AND REGARDLESS OF WHETHER SUCH DAMAGE WAS FORESEEABLE.

## Translations

The IEEE consensus development process involves the review of documents in English only. In the event that an IEEE standard is translated, only the English version published by IEEE is the approved IEEE standard.

## ISO/IEEE 11073-10404:2022(E)

### Official statements

A statement, written or oral, that is not processed in accordance with the IEEE SA Standards Board Operations Manual shall not be considered or inferred to be the official position of IEEE or any of its committees and shall not be considered to be, nor be relied upon as, a formal position of IEEE. At lectures, symposia, seminars, or educational courses, an individual presenting information on IEEE standards shall make it clear that the presenter's views should be considered the personal views of that individual rather than the formal position of IEEE, IEEE SA, the Standards Committee, or the Working Group.

### Comments on standards

Comments for revision of IEEE Standards documents are welcome from any interested party, regardless of membership affiliation with IEEE or IEEE SA. However, **IEEE does not provide interpretations, consulting information, or advice pertaining to IEEE Standards documents.**

Suggestions for changes in documents should be in the form of a proposed change of text, together with appropriate supporting comments. Since IEEE standards represent a consensus of concerned interests, it is important that any responses to comments and questions also receive the concurrence of a balance of interests. For this reason, IEEE and the members of its Societies and Standards Coordinating Committees are not able to provide an instant response to comments, or questions except in those cases where the matter has previously been addressed. For the same reason, IEEE does not respond to interpretation requests. Any person who would like to participate in evaluating comments or in revisions to an IEEE standard is welcome to join the relevant IEEE working group. You can indicate interest in a working group using the Interests tab in the Manage Profile & Interests area of the [IEEE SA myProject system](#). An IEEE Account is needed to access the application.

Comments on standards should be submitted using the [Contact Us](#) form.

### Laws and regulations

Users of IEEE Standards documents should consult all applicable laws and regulations. Compliance with the provisions of any IEEE Standards document does not constitute compliance to any applicable regulatory requirements. Implementers of the standard are responsible for observing or referring to the applicable regulatory requirements. IEEE does not, by the publication of its standards, intend to urge action that is not in compliance with applicable laws, and these documents may not be construed as doing so.

### Data privacy

Users of IEEE Standards documents should evaluate the standards for considerations of data privacy and data ownership in the context of assessing and using the standards in compliance with applicable laws and regulations.

### Copyrights

IEEE draft and approved standards are copyrighted by IEEE under US and international copyright laws. They are made available by IEEE and are adopted for a wide variety of both public and private uses. These include both use, by reference, in laws and regulations, and use in private self-regulation, standardization, and the promotion of engineering practices and methods. By making these documents available for use and adoption by public authorities and private users, IEEE does not waive any rights in copyright to the documents.

### Photocopies

Subject to payment of the appropriate licensing fees, IEEE will grant users a limited, non-exclusive license to photocopy portions of any individual standard for company or organizational internal use or individual, non-commercial use only. To arrange for payment of licensing fees, please contact Copyright Clearance Center, Customer Service, 222 Rosewood Drive, Danvers, MA 01923 USA; +1 978 750 8400; <https://www.copyright.com/>. Permission to photocopy portions of any individual standard for educational classroom use can also be obtained through the Copyright Clearance Center.

## Updating of IEEE Standards documents

Users of IEEE Standards documents should be aware that these documents may be superseded at any time by the issuance of new editions or may be amended from time to time through the issuance of amendments, corrigenda, or errata. An official IEEE document at any point in time consists of the current edition of the document together with any amendments, corrigenda, or errata then in effect.

Every IEEE standard is subjected to review at least every 10 years. When a document is more than 10 years old and has not undergone a revision process, it is reasonable to conclude that its contents, although still of some value, do not wholly reflect the present state of the art. Users are cautioned to check to determine that they have the latest edition of any IEEE standard.

In order to determine whether a given document is the current edition and whether it has been amended through the issuance of amendments, corrigenda, or errata, visit [IEEE Xplore](#) or [contact IEEE](#). For more information about the IEEE SA or IEEE's standards development process, visit the IEEE SA Website.

## Errata

Errata, if any, for all IEEE standards can be accessed on the [IEEE SA Website](#). Search for standard number and year of approval to access the web page of the published standard. Errata links are located under the Additional Resources Details section. Errata are also available in [IEEE Xplore](#). Users are encouraged to periodically check for errata.

## Patents

IEEE Standards are developed in compliance with the [IEEE SA Patent Policy](#).

Attention is called to the possibility that implementation of this standard may require use of subject matter covered by patent rights. By publication of this standard, no position is taken by the IEEE with respect to the existence or validity of any patent rights in connection therewith. If a patent holder or patent applicant has filed a statement of assurance via an Accepted Letter of Assurance, then the statement is listed on the IEEE SA Website at <https://standards.ieee.org/about/sasb/patcom/patents.html>. Letters of Assurance may indicate whether the Submitter is willing or unwilling to grant licenses under patent rights without compensation or under reasonable rates, with reasonable terms and conditions that are demonstrably free of any unfair discrimination to applicants desiring to obtain such licenses.

Essential Patent Claims may exist for which a Letter of Assurance has not been received. The IEEE is not responsible for identifying Essential Patent Claims for which a license may be required, for conducting inquiries into the legal validity or scope of Patents Claims, or determining whether any licensing terms or conditions provided in connection with submission of a Letter of Assurance, if any, or in any licensing agreements are reasonable or non-discriminatory. Users of this standard are expressly advised that determination of the validity of any patent rights, and the risk of infringement of such rights, is entirely their own responsibility. Further information may be obtained from the IEEE Standards Association.

## IMPORTANT NOTICE

IEEE Standards do not guarantee or ensure safety, security, health, or environmental protection, or ensure against interference with or from other devices or networks. IEEE Standards development activities consider research and information presented to the standards development group in developing any safety recommendations. Other information about safety practices, changes in technology or technology implementation, or impact by peripheral systems also may be pertinent to safety considerations during implementation of the standard. Implementers and users of IEEE Standards documents are responsible for determining and complying with all appropriate safety, security, environmental, health, and interference protection practices and all applicable laws and regulations.

**ISO/IEEE 11073-10404:2022(E)****Participants**

At the time this standard was completed, the Personal Health Devices Working Group had the following membership:

**Daidi Zhong, Co-Chair**  
**Michael J. Kirwan, Co-Chair**

Karsten Aalders	Chia-Chin Chong	Amit Gupta
Charles R. Abbruscato	Saeed A. Choudhary	Jeff Guttmacher
Nabil Abujbara	Jinhan Chung	Rasmus Haahr
Maher Abuzaid	John A. Cogan	Christian Habermann
James Agnew	John T. Collins	Michael Hagerty
Manfred Aigner	Cory Condek	Jerry Hahn
Jorge Alberola	Todd H. Cooper	Robert Hall
David Aparisi	David Cornejo	Shu Han
Lawrence Arne	Douglas Coup	Nathaniel Hamming
Diego B. Arquillo	Nigel Cox	Rickey L. Hampton
Serafin Arroyo	Hans Crommenacker	Sten Hanke
Muhammad Asim	Tomio Crosley	Aki Harma
Kit August	Allen Curtis	Jordan Hartmann
Doug Baird	Jesús Daniel Trigo	Kai Hassing
David Baker	David Davenport	Avi Hauser
Anindya Bakshi	Russell Davis	Wolfgang Heck
Abira Balanadarasan	Sushil K. Deka	Nathaniel Heintzman
Ananth Balasubramanian	Ciro de la Vega	Charles Henderson
Sunlee Bang	Pedro de-las-Heras-Quiros	Jun-Ho Her
M. Jonathan Barkley	Jim Dello Stritto	Helen B. Hernandez
Gilberto Barrón	Kent Dicks	Timothy L. Hirou
David Bean	Hyoungdo Do	Allen Hobbs
John Bell	Jonathan Dougherty	Alex Holland
Olivia Bellamou-Huet	Xiaolian Duan	Arto Holopainen
Rudy Belliardi	Sourav Dutta	Kris Holtzclaw
Kathryn M. Bennett	Jakob Ehrensvar	Xinyi Hong
Daniel Bernstein	Fredrik Einberg	Robert Hoy
George A. Bertos	Javier Escayola Calvo	Di Hu
Chris Biernacki	Mark Estes	Anne Huang
Ola Björnsne	Leonardo Estevez	Zhiqiang Huang
Thomas Blackadar	Hailing Feng	Zhiyong Huang
Marc Blanchet	Bosco T. Fernandes	Ron Huby
Thomas Bluethner	Christoph Fischer	David Hughes
Douglas P. Bogia	Morten Flintrup	Robert D. Hughes
Xavier Boniface	Joseph W. Forler	Jiyoung Huh
Shannon Boucousis	Russell Foster	Hugh Hunter
Julius Broma	Eric Freudenthal	Philip O. Isaacson
Lyle G. Bullock, Jr.	Matthias Frohner	Atsushi Ito
Bernard Burg	Ken Fuchs	Michael Jaffe
Chris Burns	Jing Gao	Praduman Jain
Jeremy Byford-Rew	Qi Gao	Danny Jochelson
Satya Calloji	Marcus Garbe	Akiyoshi Kabe
Xiaoying Cao	John Garguilo	Steve Kahle
Carole C. Carey	Rick Geimer	Tomio Kamioka
Craig Carlson	Igor Gejdos	James J. Kang
Santiago Carot-Nemesio	Ferenc Gerbovics	Kei Kariya
Randy W. Carroll	Alan Godfrey	Andy Kaschl
Simon Carter	Nicolae Goga	Junzo Kashihara
Seungchul Chae	Julian Goldman	Colin Kennedy
Rahul Chauhan	Raul Gonzalez Gomez	Ralph Kent
Peggy Chien	Chris Gough	Laurie M. Kermes
David Chiu	Channa Gowda	Ahmad Kheirandish
Jinyong Choi	Charles M. Gropper	Junhyung Kim

Minho Kim	Yoshiteru Nozoe	Nicholas Steblay
Min-Joon Kim	Abraham Ofek	Lars Steubesand
Taekon Kim	Brett Olive	John (Ivo) Stivoric
Tetsuya Kimura	BegonyaOtal	Raymond A. Strickland
Michael J. Kirwan	Marco Paleari	ChandrasekaranSubramaniam
Alfred Kloos	Bud Panjwani	Hermann Suominen
Jeongmee Koh	Carl Pantiskas	Lee Surprenant
Jean-Marc Koller	Harry P. Pappas	Ravi Swami
John Koon	Hanna Park	Ray Sweidan
Patty Krantz	Jong-Tae Park	Na Tang
Raymond Krasinski	Myungeun Park	Yi Tang
Alexander Kraus	Soojun Park	Haruyuyki Tatsumi
Ramesh Krishna	Phillip E. Pash	Isabel Tejero
Geoffrey Kruse	TongBi Pei	Tom Thompson
Falko Kuester	Soren Petersen	Jonas Tirén
Rafael Lajara	James Petisce	Janet Traub
Pierre Landau	Peter Piction	Gary Tschautscher
Jaechul Lee	Michael Pliskin	Masato Tsuchid
JongMuk Lee	Varshney Prabodh	Ken Tubman
Kyong Ho Lee	Jeff Price	Akib Uddin
Rami Lee	Harald Prinzhorn	Sunil Unadkat
Sungkee Lee	Harry Qiu	Fabio Urbani
Woojae Lee	Tanzilur Rahman	Philipp Urbauer
Qiong Li	Phillip Raymond	Laura Vanzago
Xiangchen Li	Terrie Reed	Alpo Värri
Yingsong Li	Barry Reinhold	Andrei Vasileanu
Zhuofang Li	Brian Reinhold	Dalimar Velez
Patrick Lichter	Melvin I. Reynolds	Martha Velez
Lin Lin	John G. Rhoads	Rudi Voon
Jisoon Lim	Jeffrey S. Robbins	Barry Vornbrock
Joon-Ho Lim	Chris Roberts	Isobel Walker
Liang Liu	Moskowitz Robert	David Wang
Xiaoming Liu	Stefan Robert	Linling Wang
Wei-Jung Lo	Scott M. Robertson	Jerry P. Wang
Charles Lowe	Timothy Robertson	Yao Wang
Don Ludolph	Patricia Roder	Yi Wang
Christian Luszick	David Rosales	Steve Warren
Bob MacWilliams	Bill Saltzstein	Fujio Watanabe
Srikanth Madhurbootheswaran	Giovanna Sannino	Toru Watsuji
Miriam L. Makhlof	Jose A. Santos-Cadenas	David Weissman
Romain Marmot	Stefan Sauermann	Kathleen Wible
Sandra Martinez	John Sawyer	Paul Williamson
Miguel Martínez de	AloisSchloegl	Jan Wittenber
EsproncedaCámara	Paul S. Schluter	Jia-Rong Wu
Peter Mayhew	Mark G. Schnell	Will Wykeham
Jim McCain	Richard A. Schrenker	Ariton Xhafa
LászlóMeleg	Antonio Scorpiniti	Ricky Yang
Alexander Mense	KwangSeok Seo	Shaoqin Ye
Behnaz Minaei	Riccardo Serafin	Melanie S. Yeung
Jinsei Miyazaki	Sid Shaw	Qiang Yin
Erik Moll	Frank Shen	Done-Sik Yoo
Darr Moore	Min Shih	Zhi Yu
Carsten Mueglitz	Mazen Shihabi	Jianchao Zeng
Soundharya Nagasubramanian	Redmond Shouldice	Jason Zhang
Alex Neefus	Sternly K. Simon	Jie Zhao
Trong-Nghia Nguyen-Dobinsky	Marjorie Skubic	Thomas Zhao
Michael E. Nidd	Robert Smith	Daidi Zhong
Jim Niswander	Ivan Soh	Hongyuan Zhong
Hongliang Niu	Motoki Sone	Yuanhong Zhong
Hiroaki Niwamoto	Emily Sopensky	Miha Zoubek
Thomas Norgall	Rajagopalan Srinivasan	Szymon Zyskoter

**ISO/IEEE 11073-10404:2022(E)**

The following members of the individual balloting committee voted on this standard. Balloters may have voted for approval, disapproval, or abstention.

Bjoern Andersen	Werner Hoelzl	Iulian Profir
Lyle Bullock	Noriyuki Ikeuchi	Beth Pumo
Keith Chow	Atsushi Ito	Stefan Schlichting
Malcolm Clarke	Raj Jain	Janek Schumann
Kenneth Fuchs	Piotr Karocki	Walter Struppler
David Fuschi	Martin Kasparick	Oren Yuen
Randall Groves	Raymond Krasinski	Janusz Zalewski
Robert Heile	H. Moll	Daidi Zhong

When the IEEE SA Standards Board approved this standard on 30 January 2020, it had the following membership:

**Gary Hoffman, *Chair***  
**Vacant Position, *Vice Chair***  
**Jean-Philippe Faure, *Past Chair***  
**Konstantinos Karachalios, *Secretary***

Ted Burse	David J. Law	Dorothy Stanley
Doug Edwards	Howard Li	Mehmet Ulema
J. Travis Griffith	Dong Liu	Lei Wang
Grace Gu	Kevin Lu	Sha Wei
Guido R. Hiertz	Paul Nikolich	Philip B. Winston
Joseph L. Koepfinger*	Damir Novosel	Daidi Zhong
John D. Kulick	Jon Walter Rosdahl	Jingyi Zhou

\*Member Emeritus

[oSIST prEN ISO/IEEE 11073-10404:2022](https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/85b60ab1-ad1d-4503-afbb-f28795de5419/osist-pren-iso-ieee-11073-10404-2022)

<https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/85b60ab1-ad1d-4503-afbb-f28795de5419/osist-pren-iso-ieee-11073-10404-2022>

## Introduction

This introduction is not part of IEEE Std 11073-10404-2020, Health informatics—Personal health device communication—Part 10404: Device specialization—Pulse oximeter.

ISO/IEEE 11073 standards enable communication between medical devices and external computer systems. This document uses the optimized framework created in IEEE Std 11073-20601-2019™ and describes a specific, interoperable communication approach for the pulse oximeter.<sup>1</sup> These standards align with, and draw on, the existing clinically focused standards to provide support for communication of data from clinical or personal health devices.

iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW  
(standards.iteh.ai)

[oSIST prEN ISO/IEEE 11073-10404:2022](https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/85b60ab1-ad1d-4503-afbb-f28795de5419/osist-pren-iso-ieee-11073-10404-2022)

<https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/85b60ab1-ad1d-4503-afbb-f28795de5419/osist-pren-iso-ieee-11073-10404-2022>

---

<sup>1</sup> Information on references can be found in Clause 2.