



Designation: F2886 – 10

Standard Specification for Metal Injection Molded Cobalt-28Chromium-6Molybdenum Components for Surgical Implant Applications¹

This standard is issued under the fixed designation F2886; the number immediately following the designation indicates the year of original adoption or, in the case of revision, the year of last revision. A number in parentheses indicates the year of last reapproval. A superscript epsilon (ϵ) indicates an editorial change since the last revision or reapproval.

1. Scope

1.1 This specification covers the chemical, mechanical, and metallurgical requirements for metal injection molded (MIM) cobalt-28chromium-6molybdenum components to be used in the manufacture of surgical implants

1.2 The MIM components covered by this specification may have been densified beyond their as-sintered density by post-sinter processing.

1.3 The values stated in either SI units or inch-pound units are to be regarded separately as standard. The values stated in each system may not be exact equivalents; therefore, each system shall be used independently of the other. Combining values from the two systems may result in non-conformance with the standard.

2. Referenced Documents

2.1 ASTM Standards:²

- B243 Terminology of Powder Metallurgy
- B311 Test Method for Density of Powder Metallurgy (PM) Materials Containing Less Than Two Percent Porosity
- B923 Test Method for Metal Powder Skeletal Density by Helium or Nitrogen Pycnometry
- E3 Guide for Preparation of Metallographic Specimens
- E8/E8M Test Methods for Tension Testing of Metallic Materials
- E29 Practice for Using Significant Digits in Test Data to Determine Conformance with Specifications
- E165 Practice for Liquid Penetrant Examination for General Industry
- E354 Test Methods for Chemical Analysis of High-Temperature, Electrical, Magnetic, and Other Similar Iron, Nickel, and Cobalt Alloys
- E407 Practice for Microetching Metals and Alloys

¹ This specification is under the jurisdiction of ASTM Committee F04 on Medical and Surgical Materials and Devices and is the direct responsibility of Subcommittee F04.12 on Metallurgical Materials.

Current edition approved Dec. 1, 2010. Published January 2011. DOI 10.1520/F2886-10.

² For referenced ASTM standards, visit the ASTM website, www.astm.org, or contact ASTM Customer Service at service@astm.org. For *Annual Book of ASTM Standards* volume information, refer to the standard's Document Summary page on the ASTM website.

F75 Specification for Cobalt-28 Chromium-6 Molybdenum Alloy Castings and Casting Alloy for Surgical Implants (UNS R30075)

F601 Practice for Fluorescent Penetrant Inspection of Metallic Surgical Implants

F629 Practice for Radiography of Cast Metallic Surgical Implants

F1537 Specification for Wrought Cobalt-28Chromium-6Molybdenum Alloys for Surgical Implants (UNS R31537, UNS R31538, and UNS R31539)

SI 10 American National Standard for Use of the International System of Units (SI): The Modern Metric System

2.2 ISO Standards:³

ISO 6892 Metallic Materials Tensile Testing at Ambient Temperature

ISO 9001 Quality Management Systems—Requirements

2.3 AMS Standards:⁴

AMS 2269 Chemical Check Analysis Limits, Nickel, Nickel Alloys and Cobalt Alloys

AMS 2248 Chemical Check Analysis Limits, Corrosion and Heat Resistant Steels and Alloys, Maraging and Other Highly-Alloyed Steels, and Iron Alloys

2.4 MPIF Standards:⁵

MPIF Standard 10 Determination of the Tensile Properties of Powder Metallurgy Materials

MPIF Standard 42 Determination of Density of Compacted or Sintered Powder Metallurgy Products

MPIF Standard 50 Preparing and Evaluating Metal Injection Molded Sintered/Heat Treated Tension Specimens

MPIF Standard 63 Density Determinations of MIM Components (Gas Pycnometry)

MPIF Standard 64 Terms Used in Metal Injection Molding

3. Terminology

3.1 Definitions of Terms Specific to This Standard:

³ Available from American National Standards Institute (ANSI), 25 W. 43rd St., 4th Floor, New York, NY 10036, <http://www.ansi.org>.

⁴ Available from American Society for Quality (ASQ), 600 N. Plankinton Ave., Milwaukee, WI 53203, <http://www.asq.org>.

⁵ Available from Metal Powder Industries Federation (MPIF), 105 College Road East, Princeton, New Jersey 08540, <http://www.mpif.org>.

3.2 Definitions of powder metallurgy and MIM terms can be found in Terminology **B243** and MPIF Standard 64. Additional descriptive information is available in the Related Material Section of Vol. 02.05 of the Annual Book of ASTM Standards.

3.3 *absolute density, n*—the value of density used to characterize a powder material with a particular chemical composition as if it were a fully dense material, completely free of porosity.

3.3.1 *Discussion*—For purposes of this specification, the skeletal density (also referred to as pycnometer density) measured on the raw material powders using the pycnometry method of Test Method **B923** will be used to represent the absolute density of the particular chemical composition.

3.4 *debinding, n*—a step between molding and sintering where the majority of the binder used in molding is extracted by heat, solvent, a catalyst or other techniques.

3.5 *feedstock, n*—in metal injection molding, a moldable mixture of metal powder and binder.

3.6 *feedstock batch, n*—a specified quantity of feedstock made up of the same lot of metallic powders and the same lot of binder materials mixed under the same conditions at essentially the same time.

3.7 *lot, n*—a specified quantity of components made up of the same batch of feedstock, debound, sintered and post processed under the same conditions at essentially the same time.

3.8 *metal injection molded component, n*—product fabricated by a metal injection molding process consisting of mixing metal powders with binders to make a feedstock, introducing this feedstock into a mold by injection or other means, debinding to remove the binders, and sintering.

3.9 *pre-alloyed powder, n*—powder composed of two or more elements that are alloyed in the powder manufacturing process in which the particles are of the same nominal composition throughout.

3.10 *relative density, n*—the density ratio, often expressed as a percentage, of the density of a porous material to the absolute density of the same material, completely free of porosity.

3.11 *sintering*—the metallurgical bonding of particles in a MIM component resulting from a thermal treatment at a temperature below the melting point of the main constituent.

4. Ordering Information

4.1 Include with inquiries and orders for material under this specification the following information:

- 4.1.1 Quantity,
- 4.1.2 ASTM specification and date of issue,
- 4.1.3 Alloy 1 (low carbon) or Alloy 2 (high carbon),
- 4.1.4 Units to be certified—SI or inch-pound,
- 4.1.5 Component configuration (engineering drawing and/or 3D solid model) and dimensional requirements,
- 4.1.6 Condition (**5.3**),
- 4.1.7 Mechanical properties (if applicable),
- 4.1.8 Finish (**5.3**),
- 4.1.9 Special Tests (Section **9**, Section **10**), if any, and
- 4.1.10 Other requirements.

5. Materials and Manufacture

5.1 Components conforming to this specification shall be produced by the metal injection molding process using prealloyed metal powders with major elemental composition meeting the chemical requirements of **Table 1**.

5.2 Post-sintering operations may be employed to achieve the desired density, shape, size, surface finish or other component properties. The post-sintering operations to be used shall be agreed upon between the supplier and purchaser.

5.3 The condition and finish of the components shall be agreed upon between the supplier and purchaser.

6. Chemical Requirements

6.1 The components supplied under this specification shall conform to the chemical requirements in **Table 1**. The supplier shall not ship components with chemistry outside the requirements specified in **Table 1**.

6.1.1 Chemical analysis of the finished component or representative sample shall be used for reporting all chemical requirements. Any representative sample shall be produced from the same feedstock batch, debound, sintered, and post processed concurrently with the finished components that it represents.

6.1.2 Requirements for the major and minor elemental constituents are listed in **Table 1**. Also listed are important residual elements. The percentage of cobalt is determined by difference and need not be determined or certified.

6.1.3 Analysis for elements not listed in **Table 1** is not required to verify compliance with this specification.

6.2 Product Analysis:

6.2.1 Product analysis tolerances do not broaden the specified heat analysis requirements but cover variations in the measurement of chemical content between laboratories. The product analysis tolerances shall conform to the product tolerances in **Table 2**.

6.2.2 The product analysis is either for the purpose of verifying the composition of the manufacturing lot or to

TABLE 1 Chemical Requirements

| Element | Chemical Composition Alloy 1 | | Chemical Composition Alloy 2 | |
|---------------------|------------------------------|---------|------------------------------|---------|
| | (Low Carbon) | | (High Carbon) | |
| | (% mass/mass) | | (% mass/mass) | |
| | min | max | min | max |
| Carbon | ... | 0.14 | 0.15 | 0.35 |
| Chromium | 27.0 | 30.0 | 27.0 | 30.0 |
| Molybdenum | 5.0 | 7.0 | 5.0 | 7.0 |
| Nickel | ... | 0.5 | ... | 0.5 |
| Iron | ... | 0.75 | ... | 0.75 |
| Silicon | ... | 1.0 | ... | 1.0 |
| Manganese | ... | 1.0 | ... | 1.0 |
| Tungsten | ... | 0.20 | ... | 0.20 |
| Phosphorus | ... | 0.020 | ... | 0.020 |
| Sulfur | ... | 0.010 | ... | 0.010 |
| Nitrogen | ... | 0.25 | ... | 0.25 |
| Aluminum | ... | 0.10 | ... | 0.10 |
| Titanium | ... | 0.10 | ... | 0.10 |
| Boron | ... | 0.010 | ... | 0.010 |
| Cobalt ⁴ | ... | Balance | ... | Balance |

⁴ The percentage of cobalt is determined by difference and need not be determined or certified.