

Designation: C331/C331M - 10

Standard Specification for Lightweight Aggregates for Concrete Masonry Units¹

This standard is issued under the fixed designation C331/C331M; the number immediately following the designation indicates the year of original adoption or, in the case of revision, the year of last revision. A number in parentheses indicates the year of last reapproval. A superscript epsilon (ε) indicates an editorial change since the last revision or reapproval.

This standard has been approved for use by agencies of the Department of Defense.

1. Scope*

1.1 This specification covers lightweight aggregates intended for use in concrete masonry units when a prime consideration is to reduce the density of the units.

1.2The values stated in SI units are to be regarded as the standard. The values shown in parentheses are for information purposes only.

1.2 The values stated in either SI units or inch-pound units are to be regarded separately as standard. The values stated in each system may not be exact equivalents; therefore, each system shall be used independently of the other. Combining values from the two systems may result in non-conformance with the standard. Some values have only SI units because the inch-pound equivalents are not used in practice.

Note 1—Sieve size is identified by its standard designation in Specification E11. The alternative designation given in parentheses is for information only and does not represent a different standard sieve size.

1.3 The text of this specification references notes and footnotes which provide explanatory material. These notes and footnotes (excluding those in tables and figures) shall not be considered as requirements of the standard.

2. Referenced Documents

2.1 ASTM Standards:²

C29/C29M Test Method for Bulk Density (Unit Weight) and Voids in Aggregate

C40 Test Method for Organic Impurities in Fine Aggregates for Concrete

C114 Test Methods for Chemical Analysis of Hydraulic Cement

C136 Test Method for Sieve Analysis of Fine and Coarse Aggregates

C142 Test Method for Clay Lumps and Friable Particles in Aggregates

C151 Test Method for Autoclave Expansion of Hydraulic Cement

C157/C157M Test Method for Length Change of Hardened Hydraulic-Cement Mortar and Concrete

C641 Test Method for Iron Staining Materials in Lightweight Concrete Aggregates

C702 Practice for Reducing Samples of Aggregate to Testing Size

C1262 Test Method for Evaluating the Freeze-Thaw Durability of Dry-Cast Segmental Retaining Wall Units and Related Concrete Units

D75 Practice for Sampling Aggregates Practice for Sampling Aggregates

E11 Specification for Woven Wire Test Sieve Cloth and Test Sieves

3. Aggregate Types

- 3.1 Three general types of lightweight aggregates are covered by this specification, as follows:
- 3.1.1 Aggregates prepared by expanding, pelletizing, or sintering products such as blast-furnace slag, clay, diatomite, fly ash, shale, or slate, and
 - 3.1.2 Aggregates prepared by processing natural materials, such as pumice, scoria, or tuff, and
 - 3.1.3 Aggregates consisting of end products of coal or coke combustion.
 - 3.2 The aggregates shall be composed predominately of lightweight-cellular and granular inorganic material.

¹ This specification is under the jurisdiction of ASTM Committee C09 on Concrete and Concrete Aggregates and is the direct responsibility of Subcommittee C09.21 on Lightweight Aggregates and Concrete.

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² For referenced ASTM standards, visit the ASTM website, www.astm.org, or contact ASTM Customer Service at service@astm.org. For *Annual Book of ASTM Standards* volume information, refer to the standard's Document Summary page on the ASTM website.



4. Chemical Composition

- 4.1 Lightweight aggregates shall not contain excessive amounts of deleterious substances, as determined by the following limits:
- 4.1.1 Organic Impurities (Test Method C40)—Lightweight aggregates subjected to the test for organic impurities that produce a color darker than the standard shall be rejected, unless it is demonstrated that the discoloration is due to small quantities of materials not harmful to the concrete.
- 4.1.2 Staining (Test Method C641)—An aggregate producing a stain index of 60 or higher shall be rejected when the deposited stain is found upon chemical analysis to contain an iron content, expressed as Fe₂O₃ equal to or greater than 1.5 mg/200 g of sample.
- 4.1.3 Loss on Ignition (Test Methods C114)—Loss on ignition of aggregates, consisting of end products of coal or coke combustion, shall not exceed 12 %. Loss on ignition of other aggregates shall not exceed 5 %.
- Note 1—Some 2—Some aggregates may contain carbonates or water of hydration that contribute to loss on ignition but may not affect the quality of the product. Therefore, when evaluating an aggregate, consideration should be given to the material characteristics that cause the ignition loss.

5. Physical Properties

- 5.1 Lightweight aggregate under test shall meet the following requirements:
- 5.1.1 Clay Lumps and Friable Particles— The amount of clay lumps and friable particles shall not exceed 2 % by dry mass.
- 5.1.2 *Grading*—Aggregate grading shall be by mutual agreement between interested parties. See Appendix X1 for aggregate grading guidance.
- 5.1.3 *Uniformity of Grading*—To ensure reasonable uniformity in the gradation of successive shipments of lightweight aggregate, fineness modulus shall be determined on samples taken from shipments at intervals stipulated by the purchaser. If the fineness modulus of the aggregate in any shipment differs by more than 7 % from that of the sample submitted for acceptance tests, the aggregate in the shipment shall be rejected, unless the supplier demonstrated that it will produce concrete of the required characteristics.
- 5.1.4 Loose Bulk Density (Test Method C29/C29M)—The loose bulk density of lightweight aggregates shall conform to the requirements in Table 1 using a 14 L (½ cubic foot) measure. using a 14 L [½ ft³] measure.
- 5.1.5 Uniformity of Loose Bulk Density— The dry loose bulk density of lightweight aggregate shipments sampled and tested shall not differ by more than $\pm 50 \text{ kg/m}^3 \left(\frac{3 \text{ lb/ft}^{(3 \text{ lb/ft}^3)}}{3 \text{ lb/ft}^{(3 \text{ lb/ft}^3)}}\right)$] or 7 %, whichever is greater, from that of the sample submitted for acceptance tests, and shall not exceed the limits in Table 1.
 - 5.2 Concrete specimens containing lightweight aggregate under test shall meet the following requirements:
 - 5.2.1 Popouts—Concrete specimens prepared and tested in accordance with 8.1 shall show no surface popouts.
- 5.2.2 Resistance to Freezing and Thawing— When required, the aggregate supplier shall demonstrate by test or proven field performance that the lightweight aggregate when used in manufactured concrete masonry units and related concrete units has the necessary resistance to freezing and thawing to perform satisfactorily in its intended use.
- Note 23—Methods are available to evaluate the performance of manufactured concrete masonry products made with lightweight aggregates. For example, Test Method C1262 includes procedures for evaluating manufactured concrete masonry units and related concrete units, but does not include criteria for determining compliance. Care should be used in evaluating the results of Test Method C1262 or any other method since the results are affected by other characteristics of the concrete mixture in addition to the characteristics of the lightweight aggregate, including, but not limited to the following: cement content, cement type, admixtures, and water content.
- 5.2.3~Drying~Shrinkage—Drying shrinkage of concrete specimens prepared and tested in accordance with 8.6~shall not exceed 0.10~%.

TABLE 1 Maximum Bulk Density (Dry Loose) Requirements of Lightweight Aggregates for Concrete Masonry Units

Nominal Size Designation	Maximum Dry Loose Bulk Density kg/m³(lb/tt³)
Nominal Size Designation	Maximum Dry Loose Bulk Density kg/m³ [lb/ft³]
Fine aggregate	1120 (70)
— 4.75 mm (No. 4) to 0 <u>Fine aggregate</u> 4.75 mm (No. 4) to 0	1120 [70]
Coarse aggregate	880 (55)
9.5 to 2.36 mm (% in. to No. 8) Coarse aggregate 9.5 to 2.36 mm (% in. to No. 8)	880 [55]
Combined fine and coarse aggregate	1040 (65)
Combined fine and coarse aggregate	<u>1040 [65]</u>