



**Designation: E747-04 Designation: E747 – 04 (Reapproved 2010)**

## Standard Practice for Design, Manufacture and Material Grouping Classification of Wire Image Quality Indicators (IQI) Used for Radiology<sup>1</sup>

This standard is issued under the fixed designation E747; the number immediately following the designation indicates the year of original adoption or, in the case of revision, the year of last revision. A number in parentheses indicates the year of last reapproval. A superscript epsilon ( $\epsilon$ ) indicates an editorial change since the last revision or reapproval.

### 1. Scope

1.1 This practice<sup>2</sup> covers the design, material grouping classification, and manufacture of wire image quality indicators (IQI) used to indicate the quality of radiologic images.

1.2 This practice is applicable to X-ray and gamma-ray radiology.

1.3 This practice covers the use of wire penetrameters as the controlling image quality indicator for the material thickness range from 6.4 to 152 mm (0.25 to 6.0 in.).

1.4 The values stated in inch-pound units are to be regarded as standard.

1.5 *This standard does not purport to address all of the safety concerns, if any, associated with its use. It is the responsibility of the user of this standard to establish appropriate safety and health practices and determine the applicability of regulatory limitations prior to use.*

### 2. Referenced Documents

#### 2.1 ASTM Standards:<sup>3</sup>

B139/B139M Specification for Phosphor Bronze Rod, Bar, and Shapes

B150M Specification for Aluminum Bronze, Rod, Bar, and Shapes [Metric]

B161 Specification for Nickel Seamless Pipe and Tube

B164 Specification for Nickel-Copper Alloy Rod, Bar, and Wire

B166 Specification for Nickel-Chromium-Iron Alloys (UNS N06600, N06601, N06603, N06690, N06693, N06025, N06045, and N06696), Nickel-Chromium-Cobalt-Molybdenum Alloy (UNS N06617), and Nickel-Iron-Chromium-Tungsten Alloy (UNS N06674) Rod, Bar, and Wire

E1025 Practice for Design, Manufacture, and Material Grouping Classification of Hole-Type Image Quality Indicators (IQI) Used for Radiology

E1316 Terminology for Nondestructive Examinations E747-04(2010)

#### 2.2 Other Standards:<sup>4</sup>

EN426-1 EN 462-1 Non-Destructive Testing—Image Quality of Radiographs-Part 1: Image Quality Indicators (Wire-Type)-Determination of Image Quality Value

### 3. Terminology

3.1 *Definitions*—The definitions of terms in Terminology E1316, Section D, relating to gamma and X-radiology, shall apply to the terms used in this practice.

### 4. Wire IQI Requirements

4.1 The quality of all levels of examination shall be determined by a set of wires conforming to the following requirements:

4.1.1 Wires shall be fabricated from materials or alloys identified or listed in accordance with 7.2. Other materials may be used in accordance with 7.3:

<sup>1</sup> This practice is under the jurisdiction of ASTM Committee E07 on Nondestructive Testing and is the direct responsibility of Subcommittee E07.01 on Radiographic Practice and Penetrators.

Current edition approved January 1, 2004. Published February 2004. Originally approved in 1980. Last previous edition approved in 1997 as E747-97. DOI: 10.1520/E0747-04 on Radiology (X and Gamma) Method.

Current edition approved Nov. 1, 2010. Published March 2011. Originally approved in 1980. Last previous edition approved in 2004 as E747-04. DOI: 10.1520/E0747-04R10.

<sup>2</sup> For ASME Boiler and Pressure Vessel Code applications see related Practice SE-747 in Section II of that Code.

<sup>3</sup> For referenced ASTM standards, visit the ASTM website, [www.astm.org](http://www.astm.org), or contact ASTM Customer Service at [service@astm.org](mailto:service@astm.org). For *Annual Book of ASTM Standards* volume information, refer to the standard's Document Summary page on the ASTM website.

<sup>4</sup> Available from American National Standards Institute (ANSI), 25 W. 43rd St., 4th Floor, New York, NY 10036, <http://www.ansi.org>.

**TABLE 1 Wire IQI Sizes and Wire Identity Numbers**

SET A		SET B	
Wire Diameter in. (mm)	Wire Identity	Wire Diameter in. (mm)	Wire Identity
0.0032 (0.08) <sup>A</sup>	1	0.010 (0.25)	–6
0.004 (0.1)	2	0.013 (0.33)	–7
0.005 (0.13)	3	0.016 (0.4)	–8
0.0063 (0.16)	4	0.020 (0.51)	–9
0.008 (0.2)	5	0.025 (0.64)	10
0.010 (0.25)	6	0.032 (0.81)	11
SET C		SET D	
Wire Diameter in. (mm)	Wire Identity	Wire Diameter in. (mm)	Wire Identity
0.032 (0.81)	11	0.10 (2.5)	16
0.040 (1.02)	12	0.126 (3.2)	17
0.050 (1.27)	13	0.160 (4.06)	18
0.063 (1.6)	14	0.20 (5.1)	19
0.080 (2.03)	15	0.25 (6.4)	20
0.100 (2.5)	16	0.32 (8)	21

<sup>A</sup>The 0.0032 wire may be used to establish a special quality level as agreed upon between the purchaser and the supplier.

**TABLE 2 Wire Diameter Tolerances, mm**

Wire Diameter ( <i>d</i> ), mm	Tolerance, mm
0.000 < <i>d</i> ≤ 0.125	±0.0025
0.125 < <i>d</i> ≤ 0.25	±0.005
0.25 < <i>d</i> ≤ 0.5	±0.01
0.50 < <i>d</i> ≤ 1.6	±0.02
1.6 < <i>d</i> ≤ 4	±0.03
4.0 < <i>d</i> ≤ 8	±0.05

**TABLE 3 Wire Diameter Tolerances, in.**

Wire Diameter ( <i>d</i> ), in.	Tolerance, in.
0.000 < <i>d</i> ≤ 0.005	±0.0001
0.005 < <i>d</i> ≤ 0.010	±0.0002
0.010 < <i>d</i> ≤ 0.020	±0.0004
0.020 < <i>d</i> ≤ 0.063	±0.0008
0.063 < <i>d</i> ≤ 0.160	±0.0012
0.160 < <i>d</i> ≤ 0.320	±0.0020

**TABLE 4 Wire Sizes Equivalent to Corresponding 1T, 2T, and 4T Holes in Various Hole Type Plaques**

Plaque Thickness, in. (mm)	Plaque IQI Identification Number	Diameter of wire with EPS of hole in plaque, in. (mm) <sup>A</sup>		
		1T	2T	4T
0.005 (0.13)	—5		0.0038 (0.09)	0.006 (0.15)
0.006 (0.16)	—6		0.004 (0.10)	0.0067 (0.18)
0.008 (0.20)	—8	0.0032 (0.08)	0.005 (0.13)	0.008 (0.20)
0.009 (0.23)	—9	0.0035 (0.09)	0.0056 (0.14)	0.009 (0.23)
0.010 (0.25)	—10	0.004 (0.10)	0.006 (0.15)	0.010 (0.25)
0.012 (0.30)	—12	0.005 (0.13)	0.008 (0.20)	0.012 (0.28)
0.015 (0.38)	—15	0.0065 (0.16)	0.010 (0.25)	0.016 (0.41)
0.017 (0.43)	—17	0.0076 (0.19)	0.012 (0.28)	0.020 (0.51)
0.020 (0.51)	—20	0.010 (0.25)	0.015 (0.38)	0.025 (0.63)
0.025 (0.64)	—25	0.013 (0.33)	0.020 (0.51)	0.032 (0.81)
0.030 (0.76)	—30	0.016 (0.41)	0.025 (0.63)	0.040 (1.02)
0.035 (0.89)	—35	0.020 (0.51)	0.032 (0.81)	0.050 (1.27)
0.040 (1.02)	—40	0.025 (0.63)	0.040 (0.02)	0.063 (1.57)
0.050 (1.27)	—50	0.032 (0.81)	0.050 (1.27)	0.080 (2.03)
0.060 (1.52)	—60	0.040 (1.02)	0.063 (1.57)	0.100 (2.54)
0.070 (1.78)	—70	0.050 (1.27)	0.080 (2.03)	0.126 (3.20)
0.080 (2.03)	—80	0.063 (1.57)	0.100 (2.54)	0.160 (4.06)
0.100 (2.5)	100	0.080 (2.03)	0.126 (3.20)	0.200 (5.08)
0.120 (3.05)	120	0.100 (2.54)	0.160 (4.06)	0.250 (6.35)
0.140 (3.56)	140	0.126 (3.20)	0.200 (5.08)	0.320 (8.13)
0.160 (4.06)	160	0.160 (4.06)	0.250 (6.35)	
0.200 (5.08)	200	0.200 (5.08)	0.320 (8.13)	
0.240 (6.10)	240	0.250 (6.35)		
0.280 (7.11)	280	0.320 (8.13)		

<sup>A</sup>Minimum plaque hole sizes were used as defined within Practice E1025.

4.1.2 The IQI consists of sets of wires arranged in order of increasing diameter. The diameter sizes specified in Table 1 are established from a consecutive series of numbers taken in general from the ISO/R 10 series. The IQI shall be fabricated in

TABLE 1 Wire IQI Sizes and Wire Identity Numbers

SET A		SET B	
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0.0032 (0.08) <sup>A</sup>	1	0.010 (0.25)	6
0.004 (0.1)	2	0.013 (0.33)	7
0.005 (0.13)	3	0.016 (0.4)	8
0.0063 (0.16)	4	0.020 (0.51)	9
0.008 (0.2)	5	0.025 (0.64)	10
0.010 (0.25)	6	0.032 (0.81)	11
SET C		SET D	
Wire Diameter in. (mm)	Wire Identity	Wire Diameter in. (mm)	Wire Identity
0.032 (0.81)	11	0.10 (2.5)	16
0.040 (1.02)	12	0.126 (3.2)	17
0.050 (1.27)	13	0.160 (4.06)	18
0.063 (1.6)	14	0.20 (5.1)	19
0.080 (2.03)	15	0.25 (6.4)	20
0.100 (2.5)	16	0.32 (8)	21

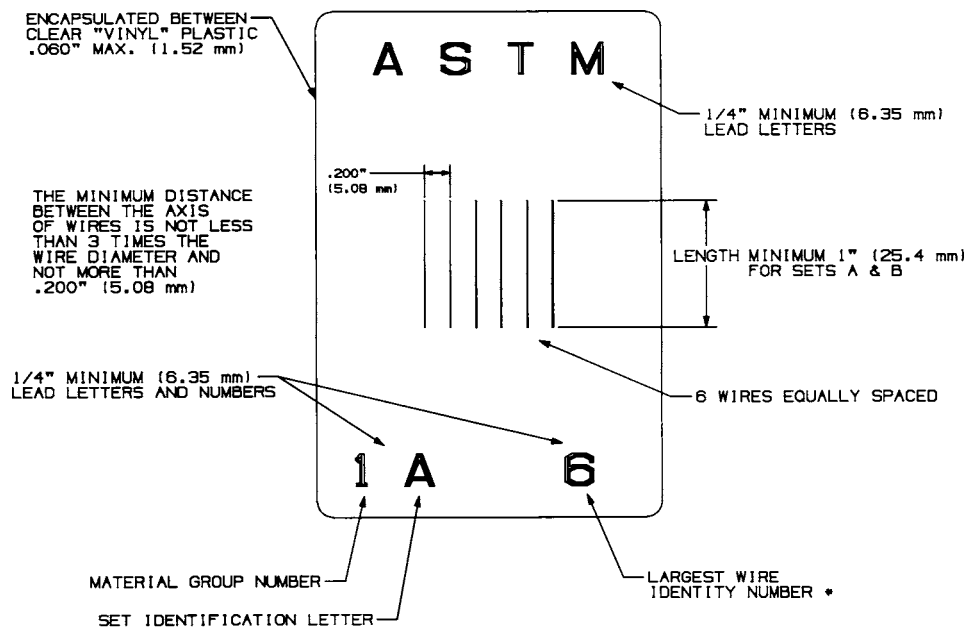
<sup>A</sup> The 0.0032 wire may be used to establish a special quality level as agreed upon between the purchaser and the supplier.

accordance with the requirements specified in Figs. 1-8 and Tables 1-3. IQIs previously manufactured to the requirements of Annex A1 may be used as an alternate provided all other requirements of this practice are met.

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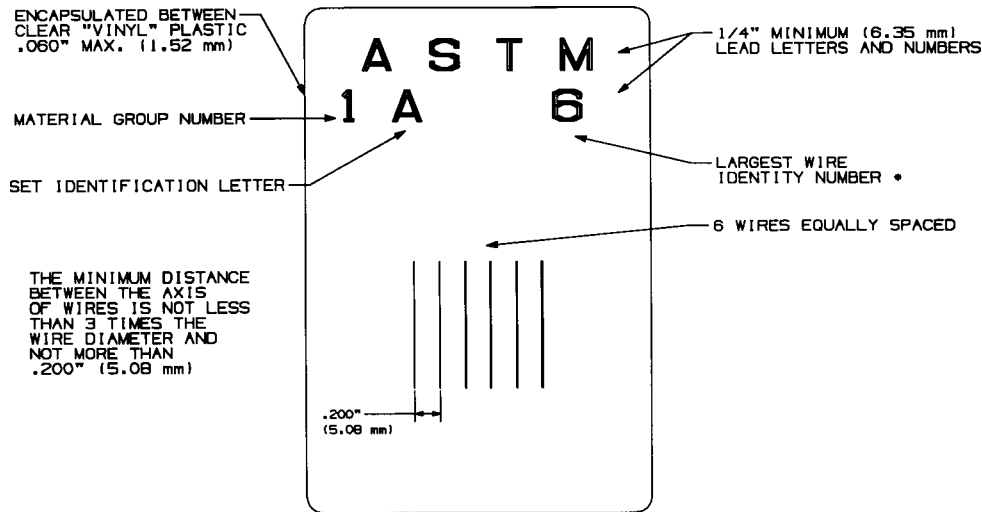
[ASTM E747-04\(2010\)](https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/eb29330a-832a-4559-a8c3-1b19b8144d1e/astm-e747-042010)

<https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/eb29330a-832a-4559-a8c3-1b19b8144d1e/astm-e747-042010>



\* SEE TABLE 1

FIG. 1 Set A/Alternate 1



\* SEE TABLE 1

FIG. 2 Set A/Alternate 2

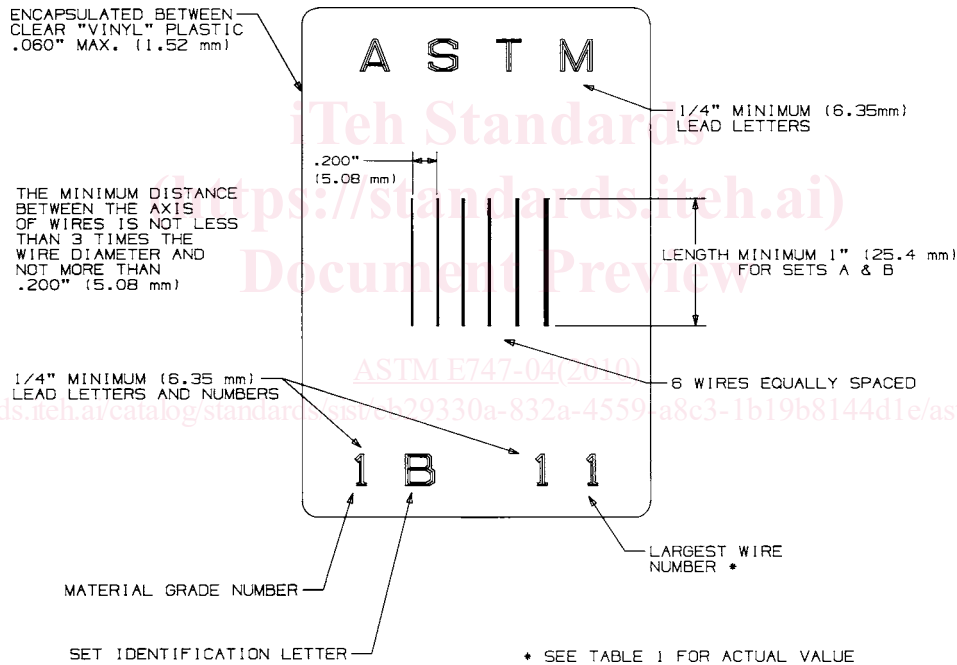


FIG. 3 Set B/Alternate 1

4.1.3 Each set must be identified using letters and numbers made of industrial grade lead or of a material of similar radiographic density. Identification shall be as shown on ~~may be used as an alternate~~ provided all other requirements of this practice are met.

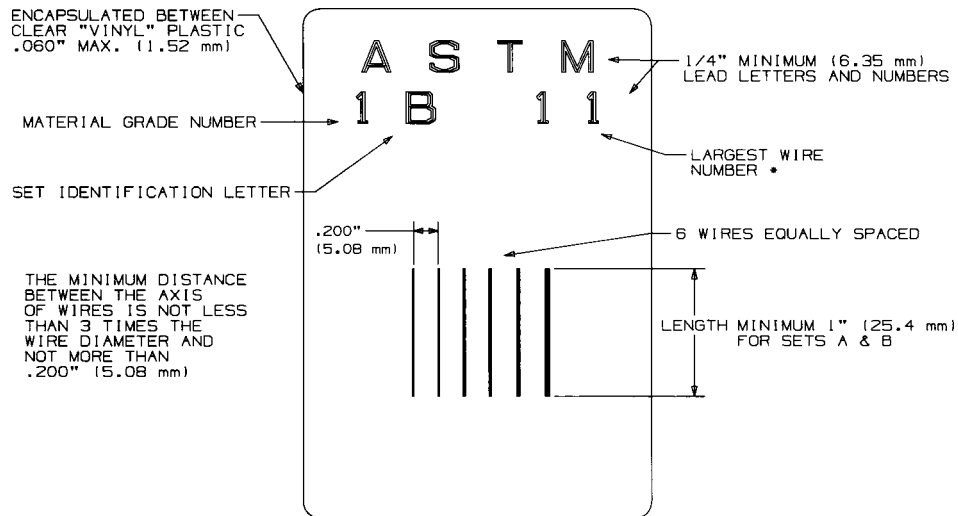
4.1.3 Image quality indicator (IQI) designs other than those shown in Figs. 1-8 and Annex A1 are permitted by contractual agreement. If an IQI set as listed in Table 1 or Annex A1 is modified in size, it must contain the grade number, set identity, and essential wire. It must also contain two additional wires that are the next size larger and the next size smaller as specified in the applicable set listed in Table 1.

4.1.4 Each set must be identified using letters and numbers made of industrial grade lead or of a material of similar radiographic density. Identification shall be as shown on Figs. 1-8 or Annex A1, unless otherwise specified by contractual agreement.

4.1.4.5 European standard EN 462-1 contains similar provisions (with nominal differences-see Table A1.1) for wire image quality indicators as this standard (E747). International users of these type IQI standards who prefer the use of EN 462-1 for their particular applications should specify such alternate provisions within separate contractual arrangements from this standard.

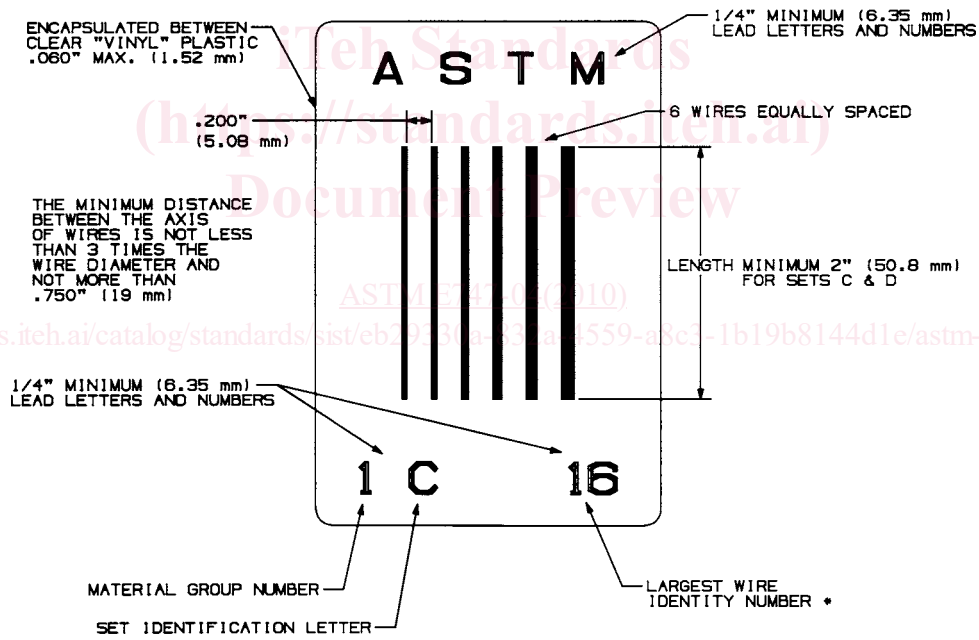
## 5. Image Quality Indicator (IQI) Procurement

5.1 When selecting IQI's for procurement, the following factors should be considered:



\* SEE TABLE 1 FOR ACTUAL VALUE

FIG. 4 Set B/Alternate 2



\* SEE TABLE 1

FIG. 5 Set C/Alternate 1

- 5.1.1 Determine the alloy group(s) of the material to be examined.
- 5.1.2 Determine the thickness or thickness range of the material(s) to be examined.
- 5.1.3 Select the applicable IQI's that represent the required IQI thickness(s) and alloy(s).

Image quality indicator (IQI) designs other than those shown in Figs. 1-8 and Annex A1 are permitted by contractual agreement. If an IQI set as listed in Table 1 or Annex A1 is modified in size, it must contain the grade number, set identity, and essential wire. It must also contain two additional wires that are the next size larger and the next size smaller as specified in the applicable set listed in Table 1.

## 6. Image Quality Levels

6.1 The quality level required using wire penetrameters shall be equivalent to the 2-2T level of Practice E1025 for hole-type IQI's unless a higher or lower quality level is agreed upon between purchaser and supplier. Table 4 provides a list of various

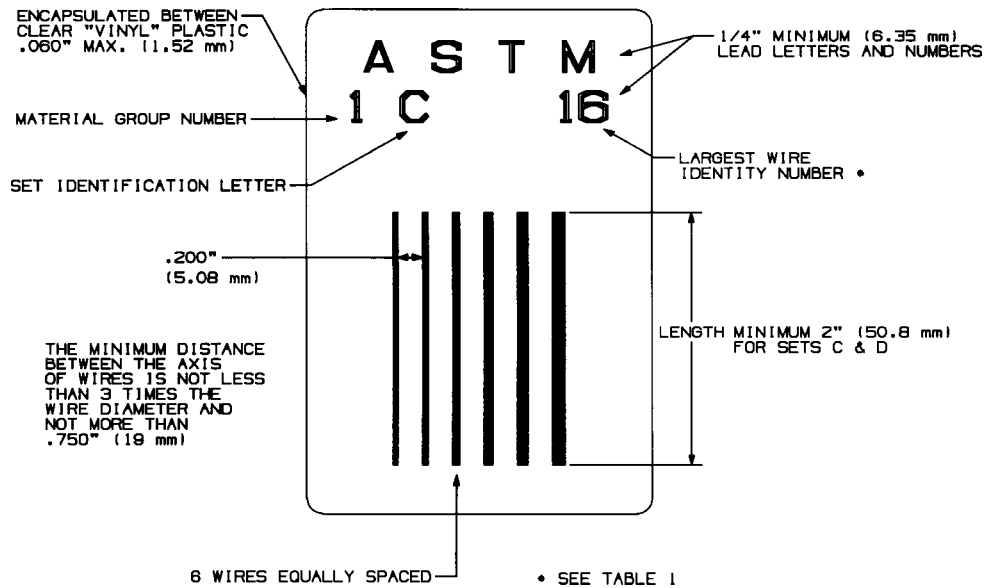


FIG. 6 Set C/Alternate 2

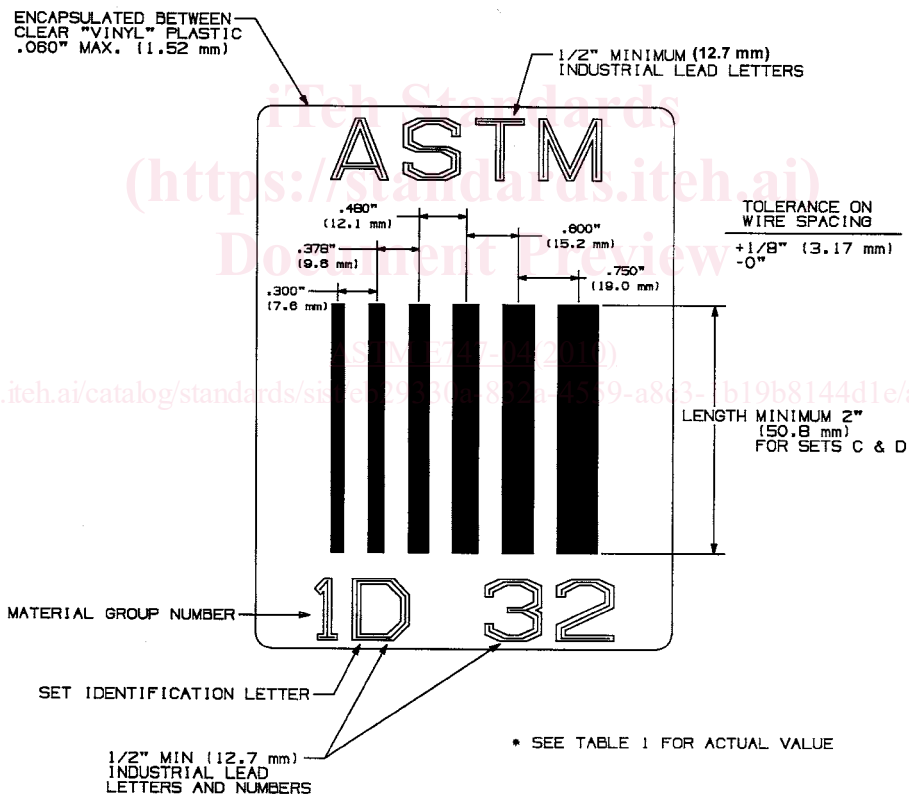


FIG. 7 Set D/Alternate 1

hole-type IQI's and the diameter of wires of corresponding equivalent penetrometer sensitivity (EPS) with the applicable 1T, 2T, and 4T holes in the IQI. This table can be used for determining 1T, 2T, and 4T quality levels. Appendix X1 gives the equation for calculating other equivalencies if needed.

6.2 In specifying quality levels, the contract, purchase order, product specification, or drawing should clearly indicate the thickness of material to which the quality level applies. Careful consideration of required quality levels is particularly important.

## 7. Material Groups

### 7.1 General: