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Terrestrial Trunked Radio (TETRA); Digital Advanced Wireless Service (DAWS); Physical Layer (PHY) service description

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Technical Specification

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Postal address

F-06921 Sophia Antipolis Cedex - FRANCE

iTeh STA

650 Route des Lucioles - Sophia Antipolis Valbonne - FRANCE

Tel.: +33 4 92 94 42 00 Fax: +33 4 93 65 47 16

Siret Nº 348 623 562 00017 9 NAF 742 C

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Foreword

This Technical Specification (TS) has been produced by ETSI Project Terrestrial Trunked Radio (TETRA).

An overview of the requirements for DAWS can be found in TR 101 156.

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1 Scope

The present document specifies the service requirements for the Digital Advanced Wireless Service (DAWS) Physical (PHY) layer. The document describes the general service characteristics of a DAWS PHY layer which can interwork successfully with a DAWS MAC. Specific service details will be provided in a future version of the present document.

2 References

The following documents contain provisions which, through reference in this text, constitute provisions of the present document.

- References are either specific (identified by date of publication, edition number, version number, etc.) or non-specific.
- For a specific reference, subsequent revisions do not apply.
- For a non-specific reference, subsequent revisions do apply.
- A non-specific reference to an ETS shall also be taken to refer to later versions published as an EN with the same number.
- [1] TR 101 156: "Terrestrial Trunked Radio (TETRA); Technical requirements specification for Digital Advanced Wireless Service (DAWS)".
- [2] TS 101 659: "Digital Advanced Wireless Service (DAWS); Medium Access Control (MAC); service description". (standards.iteh.ai)

3 Definitions and abbreviations 3595-a8b5-4c62-b31e-

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3.1 Definitions

For the purposes of the present document, the following terms and definitions apply:

base station: Piece of equipment providing simultaneous, bi-directional network access to mobile stations.

block: Fixed-length sequence of bytes from a MAC PDU.

downlink: General term meaning "from the base station to the mobile station".

mobile station: Piece of equipment able to create and consume data but only having network access via a base station.

frame: Minimum time period reserved for transmission by a single mobile station on a single frequency.

multiframe: Time period consisting of an integral number of frames between base station broadcasts specifying mobile station bandwidth assignments.

protocol data unit: Set of parameters and/or data passed from peer to peer by a protocol primitive.

protocol primitive: Request, response, or informative message sent from peer to peer.

service data unit: Set of parameters and/or data passed between adjacent layers by a service primitive.

service primitive: Request, response, or informative message sent between adjacent layers.

uplink: General term meaning "from the mobile station to the base station".

3.2 Abbreviations

For the purposes of the present document, the following abbreviations apply:

BS **Base Station DAWS** Digital Advanced Wireless Service DL Downlink ΙP Internet Protocol LLC Logical Link Control MAC Medium Access Control Multiframe MF MAC Protocol Data Unit **MPDU** Mobile Station MS **PDU** Protocol Data Unit PHY Physical Layer PHY_LNK PHY Link Management Service PHY_TPT **PHY Transport Service** SAP Service Access Point

Service Data Unit

UL Uplink

SDU

4 Introduction

The DAWS protocol architecture is provided in TR 101 156 [1]. The Physical Layer (PHY) provides services to the Medium Access Control (MAC) TS 101 659 [2]. The present document provides the requirements the PHY service must satisfy to operate successfully within a Digital Advanced Wireless Service (DAWS) network. The requirements in the present document apply to the integrated DAWS subnet described in TR 101 156 [1].

The prefix PHY will be used when a requirement applies to both the BS and MS PHY layers. The prefix BS_PHY or MS_PHY will be used when a requirement applies only to the BS or MS PHY layers, respectively.

As shown in figure 1, the Medium Access Control (MAC) accesses PHY services via service access points (SAPs) A and B. PHY_SAP_A is for data transfer service primitives and PHY_SAP_B is for local control and status service primitives.

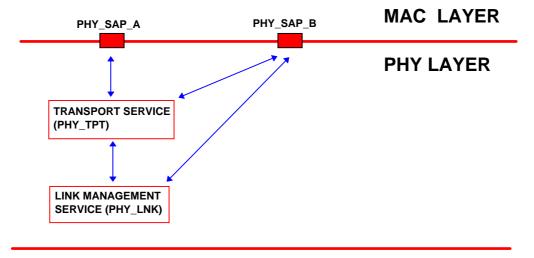


Figure 1: DAWS PHY Architecture

Requirements for the transport and link management services are provided in clauses 5 and 6. Service primitives and associated service data units are provided in clause 7.

5 Link Management Services

The PHY link management service (PHY_LNK) manages the wireless link between the BS and MS, including modulating and demodulating RF carriers with bit patterns (blocks) provided by PHY_TPT.

BS_PHY_LNK is responsible for generating and transmitting the synchronization block and for transmitting any downlink data blocks provided by BS_PHY_TPT. BS_PHY_LNK is also responsible for receiving uplink data blocks and transferring them to BS_PHY_TPT for uplink PDU reconstruction.

MS_PHY_LNK synchronizes with BS_PHY_LNK based on received timing information. MS_PHY_LNK is responsible for sending uplink blocks and receiving downlink blocks. MS_PHY_LNK transfers downlink blocks to MS_PHY_TPT for downlink PDU reconstruction. MS_PHY_LNK performs power management, including support for power-saving modes of operation. MS_PHY_LNK handles MAC hunt requests and cell service requests, and performs channel quality monitoring.

5.1 Downlink MAC PDU transfers over the PHY

Figure 2 provides a flow diagram illustrating the messages exchanged to transfer a downlink MAC PDU using dynamic bandwidth allocation. The message flow can be traced as follows:

- 1) BS_MAC sends a **PHY_frame_assignment_request** service primitive to BS_PHY during multiframe N containing frame assignments for multiframe N + 2. A frame assignment specifies whether the BS, a particular MS, or all MS are permitted to transmit in the frame;
- 2) BS_PHY sends the frame assignment information to the MS_PHY during frame 0 of multiframe N + 1. MS_PHY immediately transfers the frame assignment information to MS_MAC;
- 3) During multiframe N+1, BS_MAC issues MAC PDU transfer request service primitives to BS_PHY to fill its assigned downlink frames during multiframe N+2. BS_PHY performs MAC PDU block encoding and any other tasks necessary to prepare the PDU blocks for transfer during multiframe N+2;
- 4) BS_PHY transfers PDU blocks to MS_PHY in its assigned frames during multiframe N + 2; 64c82f4026b5/psist-ts-101-660-2000
- 5) MS_PHY reassembles the downlink MAC PDU from the received blocks and sends the resulting MAC PDU to MS_MAC.

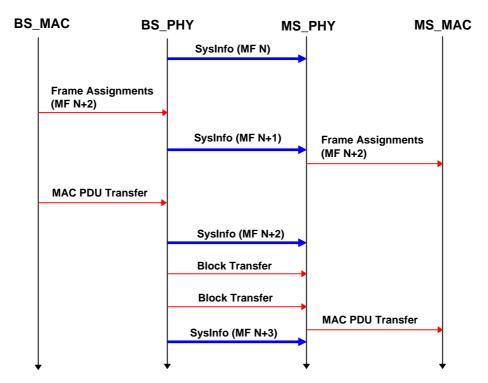


Figure 2: Downlink MAC PDU Transfers Using Dynamic Bandwidth Allocation