

SLOVENSKI STANDARD SIST ISO 1110:2023

01-april-2023

Polimerni materiali - Poliamidi - Pospešeno kondicioniranje preskušancev

Plastics - Polyamides - Accelerated conditioning of test specimens

iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW

Plastiques - Polyamides - Conditionnement accéléré d'éprouvettes

Ta slovenski standard je istoveten z: ISO 1110:2019

https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/fa7aeab5-40fd-4d97-8a3f-88b92003f094/sist-

iso-1110-2023

ICS:

83.080.20 Plastomeri

Thermoplastic materials

SIST ISO 1110:2023

en,fr,de



iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW (standards.iteh.ai)

SIST ISO 1110:202

SIST ISO 1110:2023

INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

ISO 1110

Fourth edition 2019-05

Plastics — Polyamides — Accelerated conditioning of test specimens

Plastiques — Polyamides — Conditionnement accéléré d'éprouvettes

iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW (standards.iteh.ai)

<u>SIST ISO 1110:2023</u> https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/fa7aeab5-40fd-4d97-8a3f-88b92003f094/sistiso-1110-2023



Reference number ISO 1110:2019(E)

iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW (standards.iteh.ai)

SIST ISO 1110:2023

https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/fa7aeab5-40fd-4d97-8a3f-88b92003f094/sistiso-1110-2023



COPYRIGHT PROTECTED DOCUMENT

© ISO 2019

All rights reserved. Unless otherwise specified, or required in the context of its implementation, no part of this publication may be reproduced or utilized otherwise in any form or by any means, electronic or mechanical, including photocopying, or posting on the internet or an intranet, without prior written permission. Permission can be requested from either ISO at the address below or ISO's member body in the country of the requester.

ISO copyright office CP 401 • Ch. de Blandonnet 8 CH-1214 Vernier, Geneva Phone: +41 22 749 01 11 Fax: +41 22 749 09 47 Email: copyright@iso.org Website: www.iso.org

Published in Switzerland

ISO 1110:2019(E)

Page

Contents

Foreword				
Introductionv				
1	Scope1			
2	Normative references 1			
3	Terms and definitions1			
4	Principle 1			
5	Apparatus1			
6	Procedure 2			
7	Reference procedure 2			
Bibliography				

iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW (standards.iteh.ai)

<u>SIST ISO 1110:2023</u>

ISO 1110:2019(E)

Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular the different approval criteria needed for the different types of ISO documents should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2 (see www.iso.org/directives).

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights. Details of any patent rights identified during the development of the document will be in the Introduction and/or on the ISO list of patent declarations received (see www.iso.org/patents).

Any trade name used in this document is information given for the convenience of users and does not constitute an endorsement.

For an explanation on the voluntary nature of standards, the meaning of ISO specific terms and expressions related to conformity assessment, as well as information about ISO's adherence to the World Trade Organization (WTO) principles in the Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT) see the following URL: www.iso.org/iso/foreword.html.

This document was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 61, *Plastics*, Subcommittee SC 9, *Thermoplastics*.

<u>SIST ISO 1110:2023</u>

This fourth edition cancels and replaces the third edition (ISO 1110:1995), which has been technically revised. The main changes compared to the previous edition are as follows:

- the symbol of the polyamide has been corrected;
- the references have been changed to undated references.

Any feedback or questions on this document should be directed to the user's national standards body. A complete listing of these bodies can be found at <u>www.iso.org/members.html</u>.

Introduction

Various properties of polyamides (PA) depend upon their moisture content. Reproducible values of these properties can only be obtained with specimens having a specified moisture content. Such specimens are obtained by conditioning, i.e. by allowing them to reach equilibrium in an atmosphere with a specified temperature and relative humidity.

The rate of moisture absorption and, therefore, the rate of conditioning, is a function of the temperature. This rate is very low at room temperature. For example, a 4 mm thick test specimen of PA66 requires more than a year to attain its equilibrium moisture content in standard atmosphere 23/50 (see ISO 291). A higher temperature is used when conditioning specimens in a short period of time. Such a method for accelerated conditioning is presented in this document.

iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW (standards.iteh.ai)

SIST ISO 1110:2023



iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW (standards.iteh.ai)

SIST ISO 1110:202

Plastics — Polyamides — Accelerated conditioning of test specimens

1 Scope

This document describes a method for the accelerated conditioning of test specimens of polyamides and copolyamides. It is applicable to grades containing fillers and other additives, but not grades containing more than a mass fraction of 2 % extractables.

The equilibrium moisture content attained by this method is close to the equilibrium moisture content obtained in standard atmosphere 23 °C/50 %RH. The values of mechanical properties obtained after accelerated conditioning in accordance with this method can differ slightly from those obtained after conditioning in standard atmosphere 23 °C/50 %RH.

2 Normative references

The following documents are referred to in the text in such a way that some or all of their content constitutes requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO 483, Plastics — Small enclosures for conditioning and testing using aqueous solutions to maintain the humidity at a constant value

3 Terms and definitions

IST ISO 1110:2023

No terms and definitions are listed in this document. ab5-40fd-4d97-8a3f-88b92003f094/sist-

iso-1110-2023

ISO and IEC maintain terminological databases for use in standardization at the following addresses:

- ISO Online browsing platform: available at <u>https://www.iso.org/obp</u>
- IEC Electropedia: available at http://www.electropedia.org/

4 Principle

The test specimens are stored in an atmosphere of 70 °C \pm 1 °C and (62 \pm 1) % relative humidity (psychrometeric temperature difference of 10 °C \pm 0,3 °C) until moisture absorption by the specimen has reached at least 95 % of its equilibrium level.

5 Apparatus

5.1 Cabinet, with closed air circulation by a fan, capable of maintaining temperature of 70 °C within a tolerance of ± 1 °C and a psychrometric temperature difference of 10 °C within a tolerance of $\pm 0,3$ °C, corresponding to a relative humidity of (62 \pm 1) %.

5.2 If a cabinet as described in <u>5.1</u> is not available:

5.2.1 Oven, capable of maintaining the temperature at 70 °C \pm 1 °C.

5.2.2 Closed container, for example a desiccator, partially filled with saturated aqueous solution of potassium iodine in accordance with the general procedure specified in ISO 483.

Leave excess salt in contact with the solution throughout the conditioning. The specimens may become slightly discoloured by the absorption of iodine.

5.3 Analytical balance, accurate to 0,1 mg.

6 Procedure

Place the test specimens in the preheated cabinet (5.1) or in the closed container (5.2.2) in the oven (5.2.1). By suitable means, for example racks, ensure that the surface of each specimen is almost completely exposed to the surrounding atmosphere.

After conditioning for a period of time, t_1 , as indicated in Table 1, remove the specimens from the cabinet or container, allow them to cool for 1 h in standard atmosphere 23 °C/50 %RH (see ISO 291) and weigh them to nearest 0,1 mg. Thereafter, continue the accelerated conditioning of the specimens and repeat the weighing, as above, at intervals of time t_2 as indicated in Table 1. The period of time t_1 and t_2 shall not be less than 1 day.

When three consecutive weighing lie within a tolerance of 0,1 %, the conditioning is assumed to be completed (see note). Place the specimens in standard atmosphere 23 °C/50 %RH for at least 1 h before testing.

In cases of PA not mentioned in Table 1, use the values of t_1 and t_2 indicated for group II as specified in Table 1, unless a plot of the mass of the specimens versus the conditioning time shows that value for group I may be used.

NOTE Under these conditions, the specimens will have acquired a moisture content equal to at least 95 % of the equilibrium value. A prolonged of conditioning beyond this point will have no noticeable effect on the properties of the specimens.

tps://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/fa7aeab5-40fd-4d97-8a3f-88b92003f094/sist-

o-1110-202

7 Reference procedure

In cases of dispute, the test specimens shall be conditioned in the cabinet (5.1).

		t_1 (days)				
Group	PA	In a cabinet	In a container	t2 (days)		
		(<u>5.1</u>)	(<u>5.2.2</u>)			
Ι	6, 66, 11, 12, 6/66, 46	≥1/3 h²	≥h ²	≥1/8 h ²		
II	69, 610, 612,	≥2/3 h²	≥2 h ²	≥1/4 h²		
	NDT/INDT, 6I/6T					
NOTE h is the thickness, in millimetres, of the specimens.						

Table 1 — Periods of time for accelerated conditioning