

### SLOVENSKI STANDARD SIST EN ISO 5179:2023

01-julij-2023

### Preskus spajkalnosti z omočljivostjo in s kapilarnostjo v ozki reži (ISO 5179:2021)

Investigation of brazeability with spreading and gap-filling test (ISO 5179:2021)

Untersuchung der Hartlötbarkeit anhand der Verteilung und mittels des Spaltfüllverfahrens (ISO 5179:2021)

Étude de l'aptitude au brasage au moyen d'un essai de mouillage et de capillarité (ISO 5179:2021)

Ta slovenski standard je istoveten z: EN ISO 5179:2023 80-4509-8dec

ICS:

25.160.50 Trdo in mehko lotanje Brazing and soldering

SIST EN ISO 5179:2023 en,fr,de

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**EUROPEAN STANDARD** 

**EN ISO 5179** 

NORME EUROPÉENNE EUROPÄISCHE NORM

May 2023

ICS 25.160.50

#### **English Version**

### Investigation of brazeability with spreading and gap-filling test (ISO 5179:2021)

Étude de l'aptitude au brasage au moyen d'un essai de mouillage et de capillarité (ISO 5179:2021)

Untersuchung der Hartlötbarkeit anhand der Verteilung und mittels der Spaltfüllprüfung (ISO 5179:2021)

This European Standard was approved by CEN on 7 May 2023.

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The text of ISO 5179:2021 has been prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 44 "Welding and allied processes" of the International Organization for Standardization (ISO) and has been taken over as EN ISO 5179:2023 by Technical Committee CEN/TC 121 "Welding and allied processes" the secretariat of which is held by DIN.

This European Standard shall be given the status of a national standard, either by publication of an identical text or by endorsement, at the latest by November 2023, and conflicting national standards shall be withdrawn at the latest by November 2023.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. CEN shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

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## INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

ISO 5179

Second edition 2021-03

## Investigation of brazeability with spreading and gap-filling test

Étude de l'aptitude au brasage au moyen d'un essai de mouillage et de capillarité

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Reference number ISO 5179:2021(E)

ISO 5179:2021(E)

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Published in Switzerland

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### ISO 5179:2021(E)

#### **Foreword**

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The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular, the different approval criteria needed for the different types of ISO documents should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2 (see <a href="www.iso.org/directives">www.iso.org/directives</a>).

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For an explanation of the voluntary nature of standards, the meaning of ISO specific terms and expressions related to conformity assessment, as well as information about ISO's adherence to the World Trade Organization (WTO) principles in the Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT), see <a href="https://www.iso.org/iso/foreword.html">www.iso.org/iso/foreword.html</a>.

This document was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 44, *Welding and allied processes*, Subcommittee SC 13, *Brazing materials and processes*.

This second edition cancels and replaces the first edition (ISO 5179:1983), which has been technically revised.

The main changes compared to the previous edition are as follows:

- the spreading test has been added;
- the T-joint test has been added.

Any feedback or questions on this document should be directed to the user's national standards body. A complete listing of these bodies can be found at <a href="https://www.iso.org/members.html">https://www.iso.org/members.html</a>.

Official interpretations of ISO/TC 44 documents, where they exist, are available from this page: <a href="https://committee.iso.org/sites/tc44/home/interpretation.html">https://committee.iso.org/sites/tc44/home/interpretation.html</a>.

### Introduction

When designing and making a brazed joint, quite apart from the physical properties of the brazing alloy and the mechanical properties which can be expected from the joint, it is important to know the brazeability as a function of the operating conditions adopted. The determination of wettability has already been the subject of numerous investigations and proposals regarding testing methods. In carrying out these investigations, the most frequently used methods are based on the spreading of a drop, or on the measurement of surface tension, but they in fact only take one element of the problem into account. It is important to know not only the way in which the liquid filler metal wets the surface of the parent material but also how this same liquid filler metal behaves in a given gap between the joint components when diffusion takes place.

In this document, brazeability is defined as a total degree of joinability. The joinability consists of both wettability and fluidity to permit distribution into a joint, i.e. ability to fill a joint gap, although total brazeability includes performance of the physical, and mechanical properties in services.

As the tests to be designated for brazeability, three methods are introduced in this document. The traditional varying gap test is described for the most real ability to fill the gap, but it requires a private sample preparation and special evaluation technique with X-ray device. The T-joint test is newly developed to investigate ability to fill the gap in an easier manner. It can be easily operated at industrial laboratories. Moreover, a simple spreading test is designated for practical convenience.

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