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# Standard Test Methods for Loop Tack<sup>1</sup>

This standard is issued under the fixed designation D6195; the number immediately following the designation indicates the year of original adoption or, in the case of revision, the year of last revision. A number in parentheses indicates the year of last reapproval. A superscript epsilon ( $\varepsilon$ ) indicates an editorial change since the last revision or reapproval.

## 1. Scope

1.1 These test methods cover the determination of properties of a pressure-sensitive adhesive. These test methods are applicable to those adhesives that form a bond of measurable strength rapidly upon contact with another surface. Tack force may be measured as the force required to separate the adhesive from the adherend at the interface shortly after they have been brought into contact under a load equal only to the weight of the pressure-sensitive article (for example, tape, label, sticker, etc.) on a 1 in.<sup>2</sup> contact area.

1.2 The following test methods are included:

1.2.1 Test Method A (using Tensile Tester), and

1.2.2 Test Method B (using Loop Tack Tester).

1.3 The values stated in inch-pound units are to be regarded as the standard because the industry standard width for pressure-sensitive tape is 1 inch. The values given in parentheses are mathematical conversions to SI units that are provided for information only and are not considered standard.

1.4 This standard does not purport to address all of the safety concerns, if any, associated with its use. It is the responsibility of the user of this standard to establish appropriate safety and health practices and determine the applicability of regulatory limitations prior to use.

# 2. Referenced Documents

2.1 ASTM Standards:<sup>2</sup>

A666 Specification for Annealed or Cold-Worked Austenitic Stainless Steel Sheet, Strip, Plate, and Flat Bar

D907 Terminology of Adhesives

D2651 Guide for Preparation of Metal Surfaces for Adhesive Bonding

E4 Practices for Force Verification of Testing Machines

E171 Practice for Conditioning and Testing Flexible Barrier Packaging E177 Practice for Use of the Terms Precision and Bias in ASTM Test Methods

E691 Practice for Conducting an Interlaboratory Study to Determine the Precision of a Test Method

2.2 European Association for the Pre-Adhesed Labeling Industry (FINAT) Standard:<sup>3</sup>

FTM 9 "Quick-Stick" Tack Measurement

2.3 Tag and Label Manufacturers Institute, Inc. (TLMI) Standard:<sup>4</sup>

L-IB1 TLMI Loop Tack Test L-IB2 Tensile Tester Loop Tack Test

### 3. Terminology

3.1 Definitions:

3.1.1 Many of the terms found in these test methods are defined in Terminology D907.

## 4. Summary of Test Method

4.1 These test methods involve allowing a loop of pressuresensitive adhesive with its backing to be brought into controlled contact with a 1 in.<sup>2</sup> (25 by 25 mm) surface of stainless steel, with the only force applied being the weight of the pressure-sensitive article itself. The pressure-sensitive article is then removed from the substrate, with the force to remove the pressure-sensitive article from the adherend measured by a recording instrument.

4.2 *Test Method A* (using a Tensile Tester) applies when a Tensile Tester is used to measure loop tack and involves the use of a loop prepared from an 7 in. (175 mm) specimen strip.

4.3 *Test Method B* (using a Loop Tack Tester) applies when a Loop Tack Tester is used to measure loop tack and involves the use of a loop prepared from a 5 in. (125 mm) specimen strip.

## 5. Significance and Use

5.1 These test methods provide a quantitative measure of the pressure-sensitive tack property of an adhesive.

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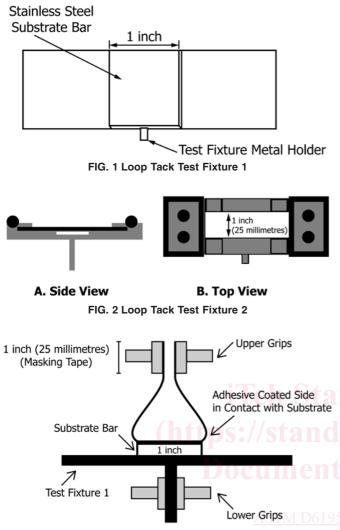
<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> These test methods are under the jurisdiction of ASTM Committee D10 on Packaging and are the direct responsibility of Subcommittee D10.14 on Tape and Labels.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> For referenced ASTM standards, visit the ASTM website, www.astm.org, or contact ASTM Customer Service at service@astm.org. For *Annual Book of ASTM Standards* volume information, refer to the standard's Document Summary page on the ASTM website.

 $<sup>^{3}</sup>$  Available from FINAT, Laan Copes Van Cattenburch 79, 2585 EW, The Hague, Holland.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Available from TLMI, 40 Shuman Blvd., Ste. 295, Naperville, IL 60563.



https://stand.FIG. 3 Loop Tack Sample During Test

5.2 These test methods are designed to measure the tack property of the adhesive mass. The tack of a given adhesive varies depending on the backing (generally, stiffer backings lead to higher values).

5.3 Theses test methods are suitable for quality control and research purposes.

5.4 *Test Method A* (using Tensile Tester) makes use of a specimen strip 7 in. (175 mm) in length. Both the FINAT FTM 9 "Quick Stick" Tack Measurement Test and the TLMI L-IB2 Tensile Tester Loop Tack Test also use a specimen strip of that length.

5.5 *Test Method B* (using Loop Tack Tester) makes use of a specimen strip five in. (125 mm) in length. That is the only length specimen strip that fits properly in the loop tack tester.

5.6 If the adhesive is not already otherwise coated, these test methods incorporate the use of a clear 2 mil (0.05 mm) polyester (PET) film backing for specimen preparation. Use of other backing materials changes performance of the specimen to be tested.

# TEST METHOD A (Using a Tensile Tester)

#### 6. Apparatus

6.1 Tensile Tester-A constant rate of extension type.

6.2 *Test Fixture* (Fig. 1 or Fig.  $2^5$ )—To be mounted into the jaws of the tensile tester. A panel held by the test fixture allows for a 1 in.<sup>2</sup> (25 by 25 mm) contact area of the pressure-sensitive article. Alternately, the test fixture may include a raised area that allows a 1 in.<sup>2</sup> (25 by 25 mm) contact area of the pressure-sensitive article.

6.2.1 The panel or the raised area of the test fixture is stainless steel as specified in Specification A666.

## 6.3 Apparatus for Cutting:

6.3.1 *Die Cutter*—A 1 by 7 in. (25 by 175 mm) rectangular mallet-type die cutter with mallet for sample preparation.

6.3.2 If a fixed dimension die is unavailable, substitute a 1-in. (25-mm) steel bar with a double razor knife or other apparatus suitable for cutting the specimen into the specified dimensions to prepare the 1 in. (25 mm) wide specimen strips.

6.4 Absorbent Lint-Free Cleaning Material—Materials produced from entirely virgin raw materials and containing less than 0.25 % by weight of solvent-leechable materials.

6.5 Masking Tape-1 in. (25 mm) wide.

6.6 2 mil (0.05 mm) PET Film—To be used as a support medium in evaluating unsupported adhesives such as transfer tapes, laminating adhesives, or other free-film adhesives.

6.7 *Reagents*—Appropriate reagents include acetone, diacetone alcohol, n-heptane and toluene, reagent or analytical grade, or an ethanol cleaner for water-based adhesives.

## 7. Sample Preparation

7.1 Cut sample into 1 by 7 in. (25 by 175 mm) specimen strips in the machine direction (when known) of the pressuresensitive article. Use of strips of other lengths may change results. Cut at least three specimen strips for each adhesive to be tested.

Note 1—If transfer or unsupported adhesives are to be tested, these are to be laminated to 2 mil (0.05 mm) PET film, used as an adhesive support, prior to cutting the samples into the 1 by 7 in. (25 by 175 mm) specimen strips.

7.2 Condition specimens to be tested for at least 24 h in a testing room at 73.4  $\pm$  3.6°F (23  $\pm$  2°C) and a relative humidity of 50  $\pm$  5%, in accordance with Specification E171, prior to conducting the test.

# 8. Conditioning

8.1 Testing Room—Test in a standard laboratory atmosphere, at 73.4  $\pm$  3.6°F (23  $\pm$  2°C) and a relative humidity of 50  $\pm$  5%, in accordance with Specification E171.

#### 9. Procedure

9.1 Ensure that the tensile tester is calibrated according to instructions supplied by the manufacturer and conforming to the requirements of Practices E4.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Available from Chem Instruments, 510 Commercial Drive, Fairfield, OH 45014-7593.