



Designation: D4062 – 11

## Standard Test Method for Leveling of Paints by Draw-Down Method<sup>1</sup>

This standard is issued under the fixed designation D4062; the number immediately following the designation indicates the year of original adoption or, in the case of revision, the year of last revision. A number in parentheses indicates the year of last reappraisal. A superscript epsilon ( $\epsilon$ ) indicates an editorial change since the last revision or reappraisal.

### 1. Scope

1.1 This test method<sup>2</sup> covers the laboratory determination of the relative leveling of water and solvent-reducible architectural paints in white and light tints by comparing the ridges produced in a draw-down film to a series of plastic leveling standards.

1.2 Unpigmented, texture, and deep-tint coatings cannot be readily evaluated with the shadowing produced by oblique lighting employed in this test method. Such coatings may be rated by comparing them with the plastic standards at various angles of reflection. For this purpose ordinary room lighting is satisfactory.

1.3 Since other factors may influence the tendency of liquid paints to sag, this test method is not intended to measure sagging.

1.4 The values stated in SI units are to be regarded as the standard. The values given in parentheses are for information only.

1.5 *This standard does not purport to address all of the safety concerns, if any, associated with its use. It is the responsibility of the user of this standard to establish appropriate safety and health practices and determine the applicability of regulatory limitations prior to use.*

### 2. Terminology

#### 2.1 Definitions of Terms Specific to This Standard:

2.1.1 *leveling, n*—of a paint, a measure of its ability to flow out after application so as to obliterate any surface irregularities such as brush marks, orange peel, peaks, or craters that have been produced by the mechanical process of application.

### 3. Summary of Test Method

3.1 The material to be tested is presheared and then applied to a sealed chart by means of a special leveling test blade

<sup>1</sup> This test method is under the jurisdiction of ASTM Committee D01 on Paint and Related Coatings, Materials, and Applications and is the direct responsibility of Subcommittee D01.42 on Architectural Coatings.

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<sup>2</sup> This test method was essentially developed by the Leneta Company as outlined in Leneta Catalog No. 3, pp. 26–7 (1976).

designed to lay down a film with parallel ridges simulating brush marks. After allowing the completed draw-down to dry in a horizontal position, leveling of the test paint is rated by viewing the draw-down under a strong, oblique light source and comparing the contrast of lightness and shadow caused by the paint ridges to that of a series of plastic leveling standards under the same lighting conditions.

### 4. Significance and Use

4.1 Leveling can affect the hiding and appearance of applied architectural coatings, the presence of brushmarks and surface irregularities being more conspicuous with gloss and semi-gloss finishes than with flat finishes. Instrumental evaluations of leveling by this test method have been shown to correlate with those made by brush application.

### 5. Apparatus

5.1 *Leveling Test Blade*<sup>3, 4</sup>—A grooved draw-down blade designed to lay down a wet film with parallel ridges (see Fig. 1).

5.2 *Draw-Down Plate*<sup>5</sup>, with two parallel, smooth-faced straightedges to guide the blade during film application and ensure that the ridges are straight.

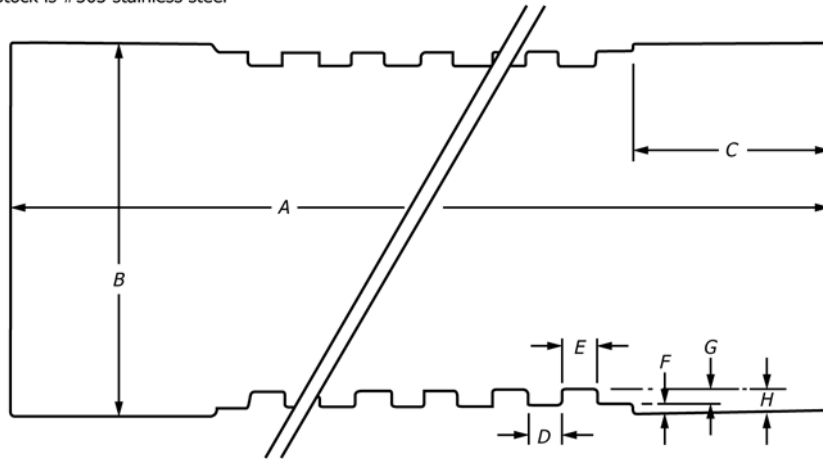
5.3 *Syringe and Needle*—A 10-mL LuerLok syringe and 38-mm (1½-in.) No. 15 gage needle for placing a fixed amount of the paint in front of the blade while simultaneously preshearing it (as during brushing) prior to drawing-down. Either glass or disposable plastic syringes may be used with water-reducible paints. Glass syringes only may be used with solvent-reducible paints due to swelling of disposable syringes by the solvent.

<sup>3</sup> The Leneta Company, 15 Whitney Road, Mahwah, NJ 07430, is the sole manufacturer of the leveling test blade. This blade, the drawn-down plate, chart, light source, and levelness standards are all manufactured solely by the Leneta Co., and can be obtained from Leneta and most scientific supply houses.

<sup>4</sup> The Leneta Leveling Test Blade used in this test method is a modification of the threaded draw-down bar described in an article by Dodge, J. S. "Quantitative Measures of Leveling," *Journal of Paint Technology*, Vol 44, No. 564, January 1972.

<sup>5</sup> A suitable draw-down plate may be constructed from the description given in 5.2 of this test method.

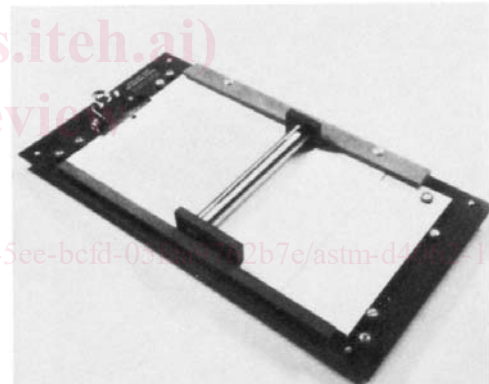
Stock is #303 stainless steel



Dimensions:	mm	in. (approx.)	Dimensions:	mm	in. (approx.)
A—Length	165	6.5	E—Major doctoring edge	1.25	0.05
B—Diameter	22	0.87	F—Minor clearance	0.10	0.004
C—Supporting edge	25	1.0	G—Clearance step	0.20	0.008
D—Minor doctoring edge	1.25	0.05	H—Major clearance	0.30	0.012

NOTE 1—This is actually a cylindrical rod, the term “blade” being employed as a conventional reference to film applicators. Auxiliary plastic side arms not shown. See Fig. 1 (b) and 1 (c).

FIG. 1 (a) Leneta Leveling Test Draw-Down Blade



NOTE 1—Plastic sidearms are for guidance to assure rectilinearity of blade movements.

FIG. 1 (b) Photograph of the Leneta Leveling Test Draw-Down Blade

NOTE 1—Illustration of use of draw-down plate and catch papers. Note that sidearms are attached to the test blade and parallel straightedge guides on draw-down plate.

FIG. 1 (c) Application With the Leneta Leveling Test Draw-Down Blade

FIG. 1 Test Draw-Down Blade

5.4 *Test Chart*, plain white (for white or light tints) or predominantly black chart (for deep tints) coated with a suitable varnish or lacquer to render the test surface impervious to the volatile portion of the paint.

5.5 *Light Source*,<sup>6</sup> oblique, to illuminate the test draw-down and leveling standards (see Fig. 2).

<sup>6</sup> A suitable light source may be constructed from the description given in 5.5 and Fig. 2 of this test method.

5.6 *Levelness Standards*<sup>7</sup>—Three-dimensional full-scale replicas of draw-downs made with the leveling test blade and nine paints exhibiting very poor to very good leveling, for comparison with the test draw-down.

<sup>7</sup> Leneta Draw-Down Levelness Standards, a series of nine 3 by 5 in. (75 by 125 mm) plastic full-scale replicas of draw-downs of paints having very poor to very good leveling were used in this test method. These standards can be obtained from Leneta and most scientific supply houses.