



**SLOVENSKI STANDARD**

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**Izdelki za otroke - Varnostne pregrade - Varnostne zahteve in preskusne metode**

Child care articles - Safety barriers - Safety requirements and test methods

Artikel für Säuglinge und Kleinkinder - Kinderschutzwände - Sicherheitstechnische Anforderungen und Prüfverfahren

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NORME EUROPÉENNE  
EUROPÄISCHE NORM**

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**Child care articles - Safety barriers - Safety requirements  
and test methods**

Articles de puériculture - Barrières de sécurité -  
Exigences de sécurité et méthodes d'essai

Artikel für Säuglinge und Kleinkinder -  
Kinderschutzgitter - Sicherheitstechnische  
Anforderungen und Prüfverfahren

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**CEN-CENELEC Management Centre: Rue de la Science 23, B-1040 Brussels**

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## **European foreword**

This document (prEN 1930:2023) has been prepared by Technical Committee CEN/TC 252 "Child care articles", the secretariat of which is held by AFNOR.

This document is currently submitted to the CEN Enquiry.

This document will supersede EN 1930:2011.

In comparison with the previous edition EN 1930:2011, the following technical modifications have been made:

This document has been prepared under a standardization request addressed to CEN by the European Commission. The Standing Committee of the EFTA States subsequently approves these requests for its Member States.

For the relationship with EU Legislation, see informative Annex ZA, which is an integral part of this document.

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## prEN 1930:2023 (E)

### 1 Scope

This document specifies the safety requirements and test methods for child safety barriers for domestic indoor use which are designed to be fitted across openings to limit a child's access inside the home and to prevent young children up to 24 months of age passing through.

This document does not apply to products designed to be fitted across windows.

If the safety barrier has other functions not covered in this document, reference is made to the relevant European standard.

### 2 Normative references

The following documents are referred to in the text in such a way that some or all of their content constitutes requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

EN 71-2:2020, *Safety of toys — Part 2: Flammability*

EN 71-3:2019+A1:2021, *Safety of toys — Part 3: Migration of certain elements*

### 3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the following terms and definitions apply.

ISO and IEC maintain terminological databases for use in standardization at the following addresses:

- ISO Online browsing platform: available at <https://www.iso.org/obp>
- IEC Electropedia: available at <https://www.electropedia.org/>

#### 3.1

##### **opening system**

system allowing access by releasing the locking device(s) and opening the safety barrier or a section of the safety barrier or by removing the safety barrier

#### 3.2

##### **closing system**

system restricting access by closing and activating the locking device(s) which can be operated with or without the intervention of the user

### 4 Test equipment

#### 4.1 Tolerances for test equipment

Unless otherwise stated, the following tolerances apply:

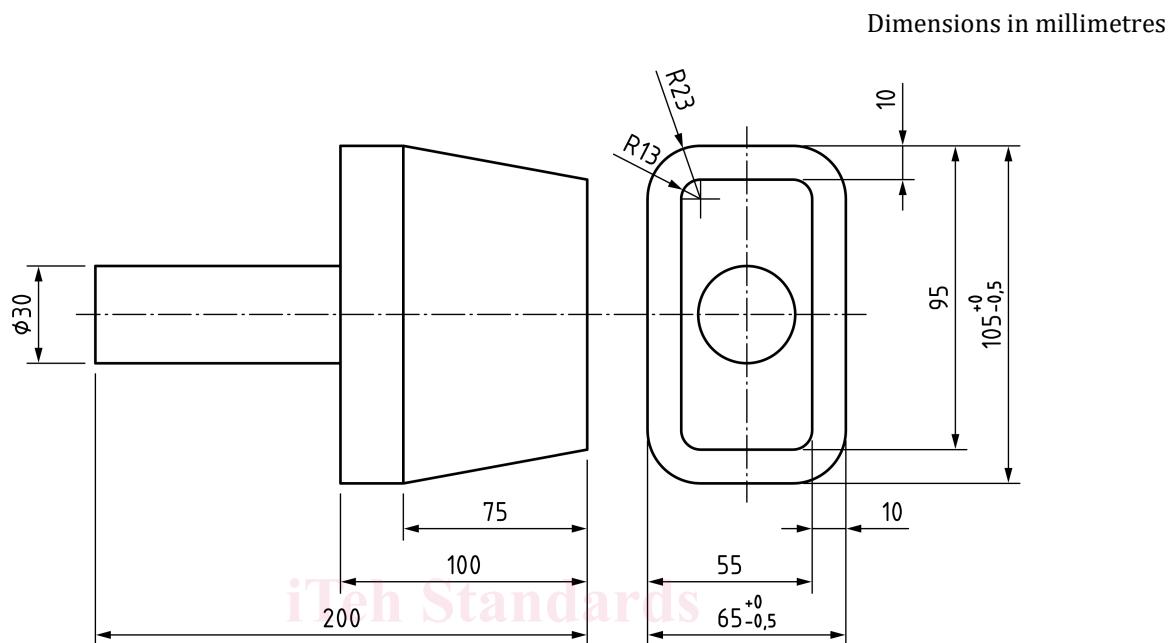
- forces:  $\pm 5\%$ ;
- masses:  $\pm 0,5\%$ ;
- dimensions:  $\pm 1,0\text{ mm}$ ;
- angles:  $\pm 2^\circ$ ;
- positioning of loading pads:  $\pm 5\text{ mm}$ ;

- duration of forces:  $(2 \pm 1)$  s for durability tests;  $(10 \pm 2)$  s for static load tests.

Unless otherwise specified, the test forces may be applied by any suitable device which does not adversely affect the results.

## 4.2 Hip probe

A probe made from Polyoxymethylen (POM) plastic with the dimensions given in Figure 1.

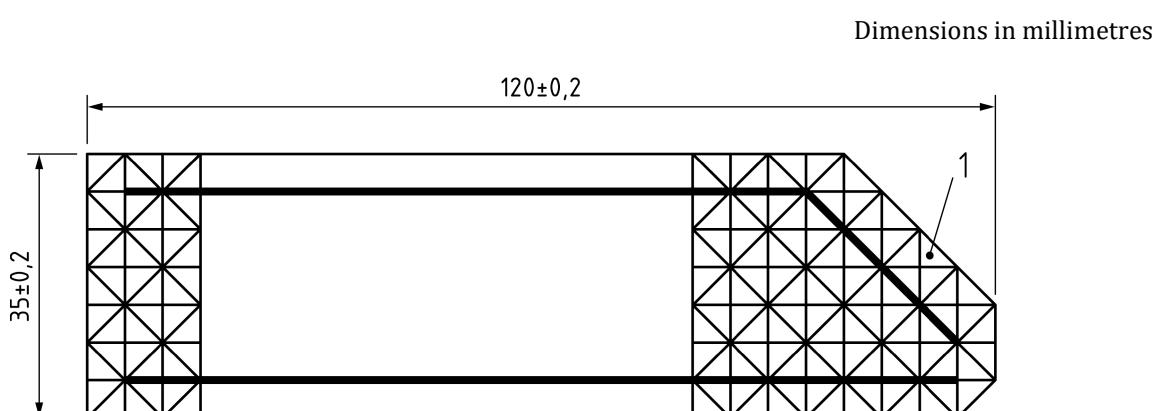


**Figure 1 — Hip probe**

## 4.3 Foothold template

A strip of 10 mm thick transparent rigid material shall be cut to the shape as shown in Figure 2.

The sides of the template shall be square to the faces. All edges and corners shall be left as machined without any radius.



### Key

- 1 triangular cells plotted on a  $5 \times 5 \pm 0,2$  grid

**Figure 2 — Template for foothold test (example of left-hand template)**

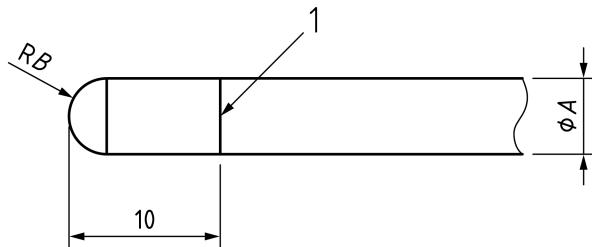
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### 4.4 Finger probes

#### 4.4.1 Test probes with hemispherical end

Probes shall be made from plastic or other hard, smooth material of diameters  $(5^0_{-0,1})$  mm,  $(7^0_{-0,1})$  mm and  $(12^{+0,1}_0)$  mm with a full hemispherical end that can be mounted on a force-measuring device, see Figure 3.

Dimensions in millimetres



#### Key

| Probe type  | 5 mm probe   | 7 mm probe         | 12 mm probe        |
|-------------|--|--------------------|--------------------|
| Diameter ØA | $(5^0_{-0,1})$   | $(7^0_{-0,1})$     | $(12^{+0,1}_0)$    |
| Radius RB   | Half of diameter A   | Half of diameter A | Half of diameter A |
| 1           | line scribed around circumference showing depth of penetration |                    |                    |

Figure 3 — Test probes with hemispherical end

#### 4.4.2 Probe for mesh

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Mesh probe shall be made from plastic or other hard, smooth material with the dimensions shown in Figure 4.

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Dimensions in millimetres

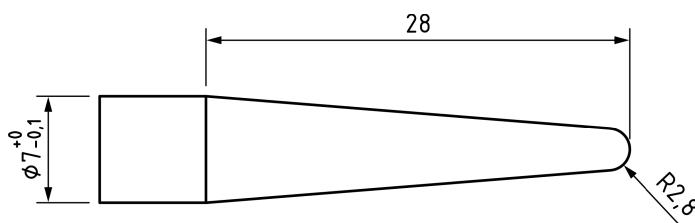
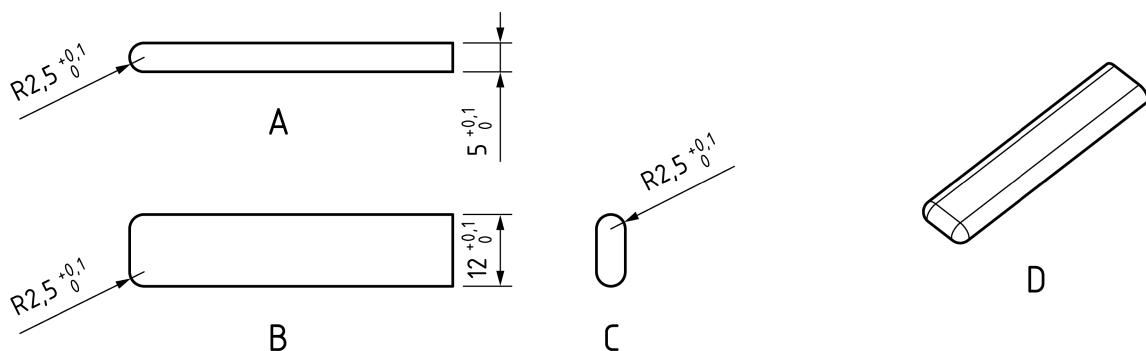


Figure 4 — Test probe for mesh

#### 4.4.3 Shape assessment probe

Probe shall be made from plastic or other hard, smooth material with the dimensions shown in Figure 5.

Dimensions in millimetres

**Key**

- A front view
- B top view
- C side view
- D 3D view

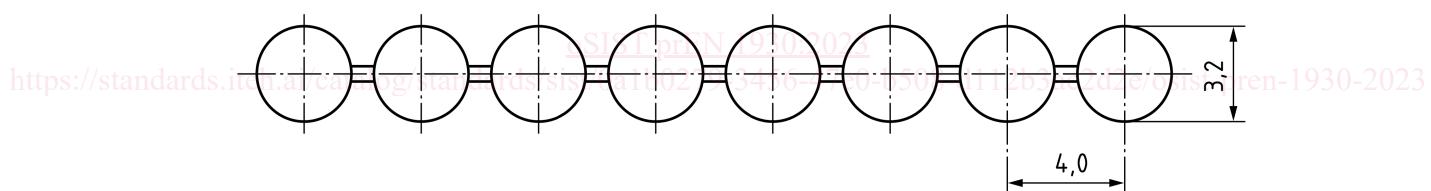
**Figure 5 — Shape assessment probe****4.5 Ball chain loop and spherical mass**

This equipment comprises a ball chain loop attached to a spherical mass at a common fixing point. See Figure 6.

The ball chain comprises a maximum of 10 balls per 40 mm, equally distributed along the length of the chain when the chain is loaded with a mass of 2,5 kg.

The diameter of each ball shall be  $(3,2 \pm 0,2)$  mm.

Dimensions in millimetres

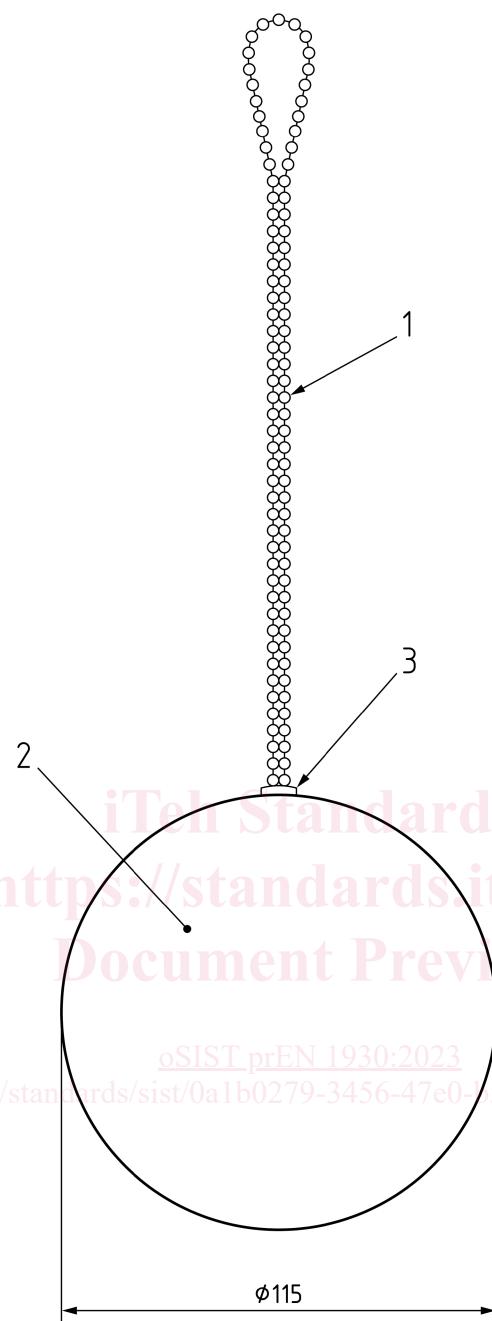
**Figure 6 — Ball chain**

The ball chain loop is formed by the ball chain entering the spherical mass at a common fixing point with a ball from each side of the chain in contact with each other. The external peripheral length of the ball chain loop shall be  $400^{+5}_0$  mm. See Figure 7.

A smooth spherical mass of  $(2,5 \pm 0,05)$  kg and a diameter of 115 mm.

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Dimensions in millimetres

**Key**

- 1 ball chain loop
- 2 spherical mass
- 3 common fixing point

**Figure 7 — Ball chain loop and spherical mass**

#### 4.6 Feeler gauge

The feeler gauge shall have a thickness of  $(0,4 \pm 0,02)$  mm, with the end to be inserted having a radius of approximately 3 mm. See Figure 8.