

~~DRAFT INTERNATIONAL STANDARD~~

ISO/~~DISPRF~~ 16400-3:2023(E)

ISO/TC 184/SC 5

~~Date: 2023-04~~

Secretariat: ANSI

Date: 2024-01-16

Automation systems and integration — Equipment behaviour catalogues for virtual production system — ~~—~~ =

**Part 3:
Requirements and recommendations for construction of an equipment instance model**

iteh Standards
(<https://standards.iteh.ai>)
Document Preview

ISO 16400-3

<https://standards.iteh.ai/c> <https://standards.iteh.ai/6e8b8670-32af-49e1-89e4-15f886e00733/iso-16400-3>

PROOF

ISO/~~DISPRF~~ 16400-3:20222024(E)

© ISO ~~2023~~2024

All rights reserved. Unless otherwise specified, or required in the context of its implementation, no part of this publication may be reproduced or utilized otherwise in any form or by any means, electronic or mechanical, including photocopying, or posting on the internet or an intranet, without prior written permission. Permission can be requested from either ISO at the address below or ISO's member body in the country of the requester.

ISO copyright office
CP 401 • Ch. de Blandonnet 8
CH-1214 Vernier, Geneva
Phone: + 41 22 749 01 11
~~Email~~E-mail: copyright@iso.org
Website: www.iso.orgwww.iso.org

Published in Switzerland

iTeh Standards
(<https://standards.itih.ai>)
Document Preview

ISO 16400-3

<https://standards.itih.ai/catalog/standards/iso/6e8b8670-32af-49e1-89e4-25f886e00733/iso-16400-3>

ISO/~~DIS~~PRE 16400-3:20222024(E)

iTeh Standards
(<https://standards.itih.ai>)
Document Preview

ISO 16400-3

<https://standards.itih.ai/catalog/standards/iso/6e8b8670-32af-49e1-89e4-25f886e00733/iso-16400-3>

© ISO 2022 – All rights reserved

© ISO 2024 – All rights reserved

Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular, the different approval criteria needed for the different types of ISO document should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2 (see www.iso.org/directives).

ISO draws attention to the possibility that the implementation of this document may involve the use of (a) patent(s). ISO takes no position concerning the evidence, validity or applicability of any claimed patent rights in respect thereof. As of the date of publication of this document, ISO had not received notice of (a) patent(s) which may be required to implement this document. However, implementers are cautioned that this may not represent the latest information, which may be obtained from the patent database available at www.iso.org/patents. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

Any trade name used in this document is information given for the convenience of users and does not constitute an endorsement.

For an explanation of the voluntary nature of standards, the meaning of ISO specific terms and expressions related to conformity assessment, as well as information about ISO's adherence to the World Trade Organization (WTO) principles in the Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT), see www.iso.org/iso/foreword.html.

This document was prepared by Technical Committee ~~for Project Committee~~ ISO/TC 184, *Automation systems and integration*, Subcommittee SC 5, *Interoperability, integration, and architectures for enterprise systems and automation applications*.

A list of all parts in the ISO 16400 series can be found on the ISO website.

Any feedback or questions on this document should be directed to the user's national standards body. A complete listing of these bodies can be found at www.iso.org/members.html.

Field Code Changed

Field Code Changed

Introduction

The ISO 16400 series introduces a concept of an equipment behaviour catalogue (EBC), addresses the requirements of an EBC and provides requirements and recommendations to generate an executable model representing the dynamic behaviour of a nominal or a physical instance of an equipment. An equipment instance model is implemented, such as a software agent. Such an executable model plays a vital role when configuring virtual production systems used for simulation and verification of a future process as well as monitoring of a current process. Therefore, EBCs will constitute an important part in the development of smart manufacturing.

An EBC enables an efficient and standardized way for a provider of equipment to communicate its dynamic behaviour.

The ISO 16400 series consists of the following parts, under the general title “Automation systems and integration — Equipment behaviour catalogues for virtual production system”:

Part 1: *Overview*

Part 2: *Formal description of a catalogue template*

Part 3 (this document): *Requirements and recommendations for construction of an equipment instance model*

iTeh Standards (<https://standards.itih.ai>) Document Preview

ISO 16400-3

<https://standards.itih.ai/catalog/standards/iso/6e8b8670-32af-49e1-89e4-25f886e00733/iso-16400-3>

Automation systems and integration — Equipment behaviour catalogues for virtual production system

Part 3: Requirements and recommendations for construction of an equipment instance model

1 Scope

This document provides ~~construction~~ requirements and recommendations on how to construct an equipment instance model using an equipment behaviour catalogue (EBC) item.

2 Normative references

The following documents are referred to in the text in such a way that some or all of their content constitutes requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO 16400-1:2020, *Automation systems and integration — Equipment behaviour catalogues for virtual production system — Part 1: Overview*

ISO 16400-2:~~20~~²⁰²⁴, *Automation systems and integration — Equipment behaviour catalogues for virtual production system — Part 2: Formal description of a catalogue template*

3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the terms and definitions given in ISO 16400-1 and the following apply.

ISO and IEC maintain terminology databases for use in standardization at the following addresses:

- ISO Online browsing platform: available at <https://www.iso.org/obp>
- IEC Electropedia: available at <https://www.electropedia.org/>

3.1

construction processor

software tool to construct an equipment instance model from an equipment behaviour catalogue (EBC) item referring to construction requirements

3.2

equipment instance model

executable model corresponding to a specification of an equipment behaviour catalogue (EBC) item

4 Abbreviated terms

XML eXtensible Markup Language

¹Under development. Stage at the time of publication: ISO/DIS 16400-2.

XSL eXtensible Stylesheet Language
XSLT eXtensible Stylesheet Language Transformations

5 Required functionalities for an equipment instance model

When the virtual production system of interest is constructed, an equipment instance model shall be constructed from an appropriate EBC item.

An equipment instance model shall have the following functionalities:

- processable description of behaviour flow specified in the EBC item;

NOTE 1 Behaviour flow means a sequence of behaviours performed during the execution of an equipment instance model.

- processable description of formula(s) or mathematical model(s);
- processable description of external interactions.

To fulfil these functionalities, an equipment instance model can be modelled in various ways, e.g. agent-based modelling, discrete event modelling, dynamic system modelling. In this document, an equipment instance model is implemented as a software agent.

6 Role of construction requirements

6.1 Relationship between an EBC item and an equipment instance model

A production system model is constructed using equipment instance models. An equipment instance model is constructed from the selected EBC item. The EBC items and the EBC templates are registered in a shared repository (see ISO 16400-1:2020, Figure 4).

Figure 1 shows three cases for construction of an equipment instance model. All cases shall be treated by the construction requirements.

[ISO 16400-3](https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/iso/6e8b8670-32af-49e1-89e4-25f886e00733/iso-16400-3)

<https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/iso/6e8b8670-32af-49e1-89e4-25f886e00733/iso-16400-3>

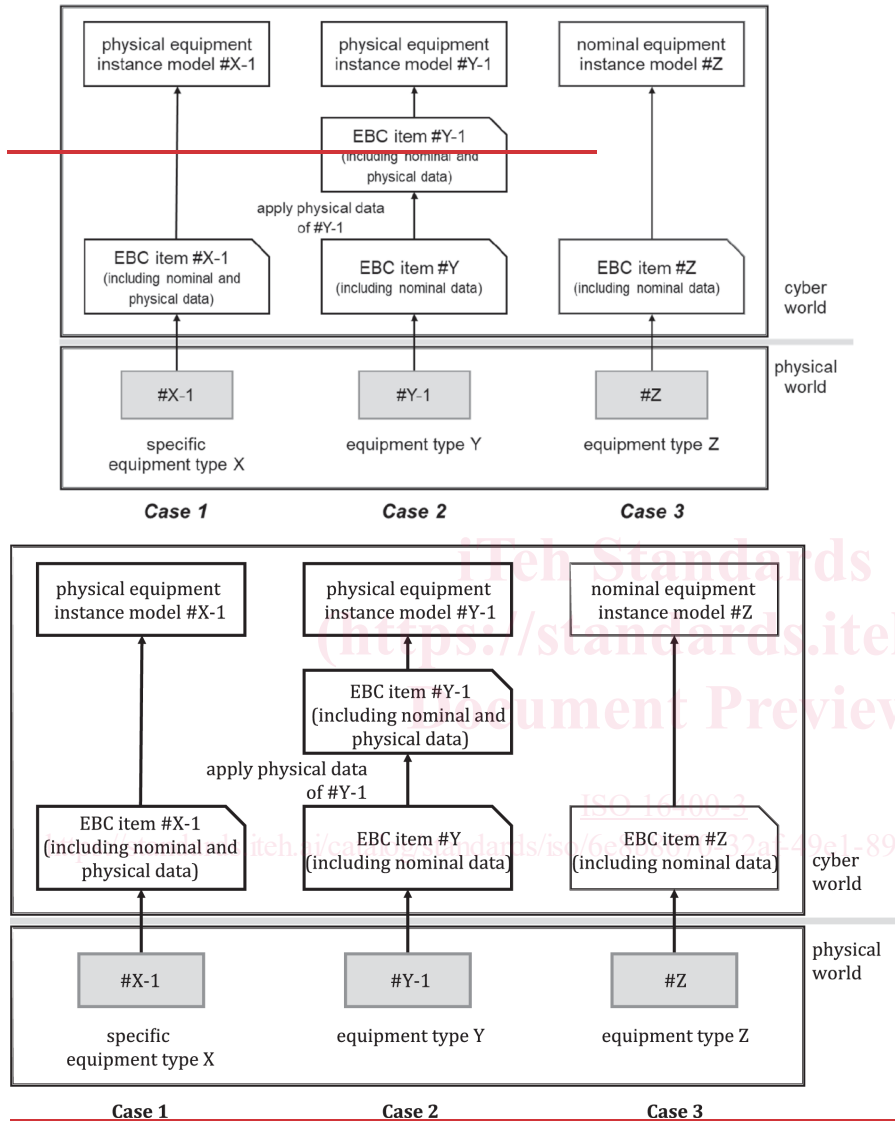


Figure 1 — Three cases for the construction of equipment instance models

— Case 1: If the EBC item contains the physical data of specific equipment that actually exists, a physical equipment instance model is constructed;

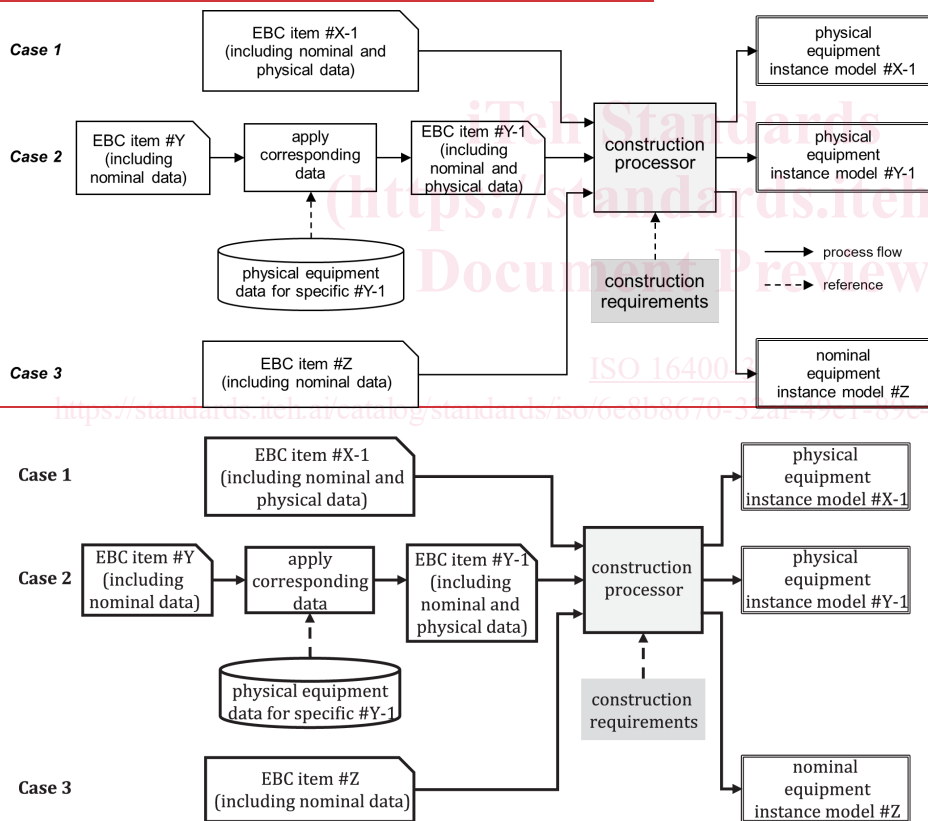
- Case 2: If the EBC item contains only nominal data as designed for a specific equipment, but the specific physical data exists, applying the physical data to the corresponding EBC item, a physical equipment instance model is constructed;
- Case 3: If the EBC item contains only nominal data as designed for specific a specific equipment, a nominal equipment instance model is constructed.

6.2 Construction processor

An equipment instance model shall be constructed using the construction requirements. These construction requirements shall be applicable to the above three cases.

The construction processor of the target environment where the equipment instance model will be executed takes an EBC item as an input and constructs an equipment instance model.

Depending on whether the EBC item contains nominal data or physical data, there can be three cases in which the equipment instance model is constructed by a construction processor using the construction requirements as shown in [Figure 2-Figure 2](#).



Key

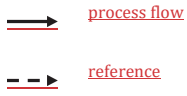
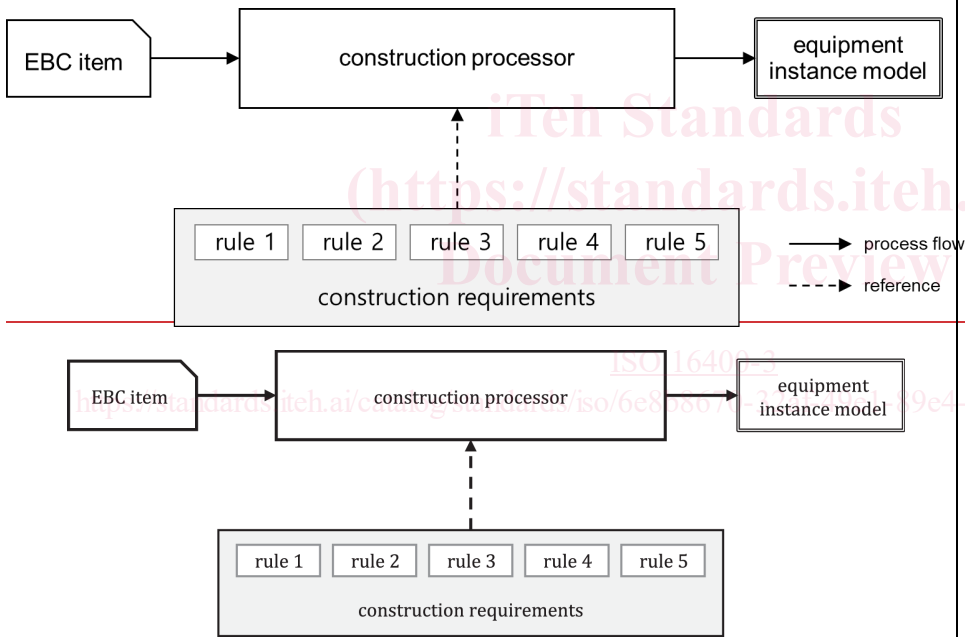


Figure 2 — Construction of equipment instance model

7 Construction requirements

7.1 General

The construction requirements are represented by the construction rules. Details of construction rules are described in 7.2.7.2. The construction procedures shall be implemented in the construction processor by following the construction requirements. The construction procedures are executed by the construction processor which accepts an EBC item to construct an equipment instance model. Figure 3 shows a construction processor based on the construction requirements.



Key

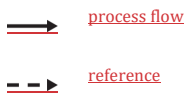


Figure 3 — Construction processor