



Standard Specification for 30 to 60 in. [750 to 1500 mm] Polypropylene (PP) Triple Wall Pipe and Fittings for Non-Pressure Sanitary Sewer Applications¹

This standard is issued under the fixed designation F2764; the number immediately following the designation indicates the year of original adoption or, in the case of revision, the year of last revision. A number in parentheses indicates the year of last reapproval. A superscript epsilon (ϵ) indicates an editorial change since the last revision or reapproval.

1. Scope*

1.1 This specification covers requirements and test methods for triple wall polypropylene pipe and fittings. The nominal inside diameters covered are 30 to 60 in. [750 to 1600 mm].

1.2 The requirements of this specification are intended to provide pipe and fittings suitable for underground use for non-pressure sanitary sewer systems. Pipe and fittings produced in accordance with this specification shall be installed in compliance with Practice D2321.

1.3 This specification covers pipe and fittings with an essentially smooth interior wall, an essentially smooth exterior wall and an annular corrugated profile middle wall (Fig. 1).

1.4 The values stated in either SI units or inch-pound units are to be regarded separately as standard. The values stated in each system may not be exact equivalents; therefore, each system shall be used independently of the other. Combining values from the two systems may result in non-conformance with the standard.

1.5 The following precautionary statement applies only to Section 7 of this specification. *This standard does not purport to address all of the safety concerns, if any, associated with its use. It is the responsibility of the user of this standard to establish appropriate safety and health practices and determine the applicability of regulatory limitations prior to use.*

2. Referenced Documents

2.1 ASTM Standards:²

- A666 Specification for Annealed or Cold-Worked Austenitic Stainless Steel Sheet, Strip, Plate, and Flat Bar
- D256 Test Methods for Determining the Izod Pendulum Impact Resistance of Plastics
- D618 Practice for Conditioning Plastics for Testing
- D638 Test Method for Tensile Properties of Plastics
- D790 Test Methods for Flexural Properties of Unreinforced and Reinforced Plastics and Electrical Insulating Materials
- D792 Test Methods for Density and Specific Gravity (Relative Density) of Plastics by Displacement
- D1238 Test Method for Melt Flow Rates of Thermoplastics by Extrusion Plastometer
- D1505 Test Method for Density of Plastics by the Density-Gradient Technique
- D1600 Terminology for Abbreviated Terms Relating to Plastics
- D2122 Test Method for Determining Dimensions of Thermoplastic Pipe and Fittings
- D2321 Practice for Underground Installation of Thermoplastic Pipe for Sewers and Other Gravity-Flow Applications
- D2412 Test Method for Determination of External Loading Characteristics of Plastic Pipe by Parallel-Plate Loading
- D2444 Test Method for Determination of the Impact Resistance of Thermoplastic Pipe and Fittings by Means of a Tup (Falling Weight)
- D2990 Test Methods for Tensile, Compressive, and Flexural Creep and Creep-Rupture of Plastics
- D3212 Specification for Joints for Drain and Sewer Plastic Pipes Using Flexible Elastomeric Seals
- D3895 Test Method for Oxidative-Induction Time of Polyolefins by Differential Scanning Calorimetry
- D4101 Specification for Polypropylene Injection and Extrusion Materials
- D4218 Test Method for Determination of Carbon Black Content in Polyethylene Compounds By the Muffle-Furnace Technique
- D4389 Specification for Finished Glass Fabrics Woven From Rovings
- D6992 Test Method for Accelerated Tensile Creep and Creep-Rupture of Geosynthetic Materials Based on Time-Temperature

¹ This specification is under the jurisdiction of ASTM Committee F17 on Plastic Piping Systems and is the direct responsibility of Subcommittee F17.62 on Sewer. Current edition approved Feb. 15, May 1, 2011. Published February May 2011. Originally approved in 2010. Last previous edition approved in 2010 as F2764-10a1. DOI: 10.1520/D2764-11A.

² For referenced ASTM standards, visit the ASTM website, www.astm.org, or contact ASTM Customer Service at service@astm.org. For Annual Book of ASTM Standards volume information, refer to the standard's Document Summary page on the ASTM website.

*A Summary of Changes section appears at the end of this standard.

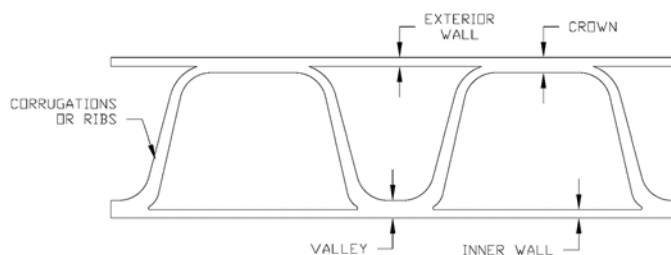


FIG. 1 Typical Triple Wall Pipe Profile

Superposition Using the Stepped Isothermal Method

F412 Terminology Relating to Plastic Piping Systems

F477 Specification for Elastomeric Seals (Gaskets) for Joining Plastic Pipe

F2136 Test Method for Notched, Constant Ligament-Stress (NCLS) Test to Determine Slow-Crack-Growth Resistance of HDPE Resins or HDPE Corrugated Pipe

2.2 AASHTO Standards:³

LRFD, Section 12 AASHTO LRFD Bridge Design Specifications Section 12 – Buried Structures and Tunnel Liners

2.3 Federal Standard:⁴

Fed. Std. No. 123 Marking for Shipment (Civil Agencies)

2.4 Military Standard:⁴

MIL-STD-129 Marking for Shipment and Storage

3. Terminology

3.1 Definitions are in accordance with Terminology F412 and abbreviations are in accordance with Terminology D1600, unless otherwise specified. The abbreviation for polypropylene is PP.

3.2 Definitions of Terms Specific to This Standard:

3.3 *triple wall, n*—In this case, the triple pipe wall construction provides an interior wall in the waterway, an exterior wall to the soil, and includes ribs, corrugations, or other shapes, which can be either solid or hollow, that helps brace the pipe against diametrical deformation.

4. Ordering Information

4.1 Orders for product made to this specification shall include the following information to adequately describe the desired product:

4.1.1 This ASTM designation and year of issue,

4.1.2 Diameters,

4.1.3 Total footage of each pipe diameter involved,

4.1.4 Pipe laying length,

4.1.5 Fitting type(s):

4.1.5.1 Size and type of fittings, including mainline and branch diameters, and

4.1.5.2 Number of fittings per diameter.

5. Materials and Manufacture

5.1 *Pipe and Fabricated Fittings*—Polypropylene Compounds – Polypropylene compounds used in the manufacture of the triple wall pipe and fittings shall have the minimum properties as shown in Table 1. Polypropylene compounds shall be comprised of the base polypropylene virgin resin and all additives, colorants, UV inhibitors and stabilizers. Conditioning sampling,

³ Available from American Association of State Highway and Transportation Officials (AASHTO), 444 N. Capitol St., NW, Suite 249, Washington, DC 20001, <http://www.transportation.org>.

⁴ Available from Standardization Documents Order Desk, DODSSP, Bldg. 4, Section D, 700 Robbins Ave., Philadelphia, PA 19111-5098, <http://dodssp.daps.dla.mil>.

TABLE 1 Polypropylene Compound Properties

Melt Flow Rate	D1238	g/10 min	0.25 @ 230°C	1.50 @ 230°C
Density	D792, D1505	lb/in ³ (g/cm ³)	0.0325 (0.900)	0.0343 (0.950)
Tensile Strength at Yield	D638	psi (N/mm ²)	3,500 (24)	4,500 (31)
Elongation at Yield	D638	% (%)	5 (5)	25 (25)
Flexural Modulus (1% secant)	D790B	psi (N/mm ²)	175,000 (1,200)	275,000 (1,900)
IZOD Impact Strength (730°F [230°C])	D256	ft-lb/in ² [kJ/m ²]	23.8 (50)	No Break
Oxidative-Induction Time (392°F [200°C])	D3895	min	25	200