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# Plastics pipes and fittings — Butt fusion jointing procedures for polyethylene (PE) piping systems

#### **AMENDMENT 1**

Tubes et raccords en matières plastiques — Modes opératoires d'assemblage par soudage bout à bout de tubes et raccords en polyèthylène (PE)

(stamendement.iteh.ai)



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This document was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 138, *Plastics pipes, fittings and valves for the transport of fluids*, Subcommittee SC 4, *Plastics pipes and fittings for the supply of gaseous fuels*.

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#### Plastics pipes and fittings — Butt fusion jointing procedures for polyethylene (PE) piping systems

#### AMENDMENT 1

Annex B

Replace <u>Table B.1</u> with the following:

Table B.1 — Examples of parameters for dual low-pressure fusion jointing procedure

Nominal outside diameter d <sub>n</sub>	Nominal wall thickness $e_{\rm n}$	Minimum bead-up size	Minimum heat soak time <sup>a</sup>	Cooling- cycle reduced pressure	Minimum cooling time in machine under pressure <sup>b</sup>	Minimum cooling time out of the machine
mm	mm	mm	S	MPa	min	min
250	22,7	2	_285	0.025	17	С
315	28,6	SIA3ND	A1346	0,025	19	С
400	36,4	(standa	rd <del>\$</del> 24teh	<b>a</b> 0,025	23	С
500	45,5	3	515	0,025	30	С
630	57,3	<u>IS3</u> O 2130′	7:2017 <b>633</b> d 1:202	20 0,025	42	С
710	https://atandards	.iteh.ai/gatalog/st	andard <del>7</del> 65t/e4a5	103b <b>0,d25</b> 4098	-a319- 52	С
800	72,7	554a95ac1ad/iso	-21307-2017-am 787	0,025	65	С
900	81,8	3	878	0,025	82	С
1 000	90,9	3	970	0,025	101	С

The minimum heat soak time, in seconds, is  $10 \times e_n + 60$ . It is highly recommended that heater temperatures at the upper end of the range be used in low ambient conditions.

Annex C

Replace <u>Table C.1</u> with the following:

The minimum cooling time in the machine under pressure is  $(0.015 \times e_n^2 - 0.47 \times e_n + 20)$  at a pressure of  $(0.025 \pm 0.002 + drag$  pressure) MPa and an ambient temperature of  $(23 \pm 2)$  °C. This is the cooling time for the butt joint when still in the machine and under pressure. Cooling times may be shortened and should be lengthened depending on ambient temperatures (approximately 1 % per 1 °C).

A cooling time out of the machine and before rough handling may be recommended.

Table C.1 — Examples of parameters for single high-pressure fusion jointing procedure

$\begin{array}{c} \textbf{Nominal} \\ \textbf{outside} \\ \textbf{diameter} \\ d_{\text{n}} \end{array}$	Nominal wall thickness $e_{\rm n}$	Minimum heat soak time <sup>a</sup>	Minimum bead size after heating <sup>b</sup>	Maximum heater plate removal time <sup>c</sup>	Minimum cooling time in machine under pressure	Minimum cooling time out of the machine
mm	mm	S	mm	S	min	min
32	3,0	30 to 36	1	5	1	d
63	5,8	58 to 70	2	6	2	d
110	10,0	100 to 120	3	7	4	d
200	18,2	182 to 218	4	10	8	d
315	28,6	286 to 343	5	13	12	d
400	36,4	364 to 437	6	16	16	d
500	45,5	455 to 546	8	18	20	d
630	57,3	573 to 688	10	22	25	d
1 000	90,9	909 to 1 091	15	30	39	d

The minimum heat soak time, in seconds, is  $(11 \pm 1) \times e_n$ . It is highly recommended that heat soak times and heater temperatures at the upper end of the range be used in low ambient conditions.

b The minimum bead size on the heater plate at the end of the heat soak time is  $1 + 0.15 \times e_n$  and is generated through thermal expansion of the PE material only.

The heater plate removal time, in seconds, is according to ISO 12176-1. These times are a maximum. Every effort should be made to reduce these times wherever possible, to protect molten surfaces against rapid cooling.

d A cooling time out of the machine and before rough handling may be recommended.

