



**SLOVENSKI STANDARD**  
**oSIST prEN ISO 1247-2:2023**

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**Aluminijevi pigmenti za barve - 2. del: Vakuumsko metalizirani aluminijevi pigmenti (ISO 1247-2:2021)**

Aluminium pigments for paints - Part 2: Vacuum metallized aluminium pigments (ISO 1247-2:2021)

Aluminium-Pigmente für Beschichtungsstoffe - Teil 2: Vakuummetallisierte Aluminiumpaste (ISO 1247-2:2021)

Pigments d'aluminium pour peintures - Partie 2: Pigments d'aluminium métallisé sous vide (ISO 1247-2:2021)

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**ICS:**

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87.060.10	Pigmenti in polnila	Pigments and extenders

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ISO  
1247-2

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**Aluminium pigments for paints —  
Part 2:  
Vacuum metallized aluminium  
pigments**

*Pigments d'aluminium pour peintures —*

*Partie 2: Pigments d'aluminium métallisé sous vide*

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## ISO 1247-2:2021(E)

### Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular, the different approval criteria needed for the different types of ISO documents should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2 (see [www.iso.org/directives](http://www.iso.org/directives)).

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights. Details of any patent rights identified during the development of the document will be in the Introduction and/or on the ISO list of patent declarations received (see [www.iso.org/patents](http://www.iso.org/patents)).

Any trade name used in this document is information given for the convenience of users and does not constitute an endorsement.

For an explanation of the voluntary nature of standards, the meaning of ISO specific terms and expressions related to conformity assessment, as well as information about ISO's adherence to the World Trade Organization (WTO) principles in the Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT) see [www.iso.org/iso/foreword.html](http://www.iso.org/iso/foreword.html).

This document was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 256, *Pigments, dyestuffs and extenders*.

This first edition of ISO 1247-2, together with ISO 1247-1, cancels and replaces ISO 1247:1974, which has been technically revised. It also incorporates the Amendment ISO 1247:1974/Amd 1:1982.

The main changes compared to the previous edition are as follows:

- the title has been changed;
- the mandatory [Clause 3](#), Terms and definitions, has been added and the definition of the vacuum metallized aluminium pigment (VMP) has been included;
- former Clause 3, Description, has been deleted and the content has been listed under the new terms and definitions clause ([3.1](#));
- former Clause 4, Classification, has been deleted;
- the requirements and test methods for "leafing power" have been deleted;
- former Clause 5, now [Clause 4](#), has been re-named "Requirements and test methods";
- former Clause 6, Packing, has been deleted;
- former Clause 7, Sampling, has been reduced to a reference to ISO 15528 and has been renumbered [Clause 5](#);
- the normative references have been updated and the text has been editorially revised.

A list of all parts in the ISO 1247 series can be found on the ISO website.

Any feedback or questions on this document should be directed to the user's national standards body. A complete listing of these bodies can be found at <https://www.iso.org/members.html>.

# Aluminium pigments for paints —

## Part 2: Vacuum metallized aluminium pigments

### 1 Scope

This document specifies the requirements and corresponding test methods for vacuum metallized aluminium pigments (VMP) suitable for use in paints and printing ink industries.

### 2 Normative references

The following documents are referred to in the text in such a way that some or all of their content constitutes requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO 1247-1:2021, *Aluminium pigments for paints — Part 1: General aluminium pigments*

ISO 13320, *Particle size analysis — Laser diffraction methods*

ISO 15528, *Paints, varnishes and raw materials for paints and varnishes — Sampling*

ISO 18451-1, *Pigments, dyestuffs and extenders — Terminology — Part 1: General terms*

ISO 18451-2, *Pigments, dyestuffs and extenders — Terminology — Part 2: Classification of colouring materials according to colouristic and chemical aspects*

### 3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the terms and definitions given in ISO 18451-1, ISO 18451-2 and the following apply.

ISO and IEC maintain terminology databases for use in standardization at the following addresses:

- ISO Online browsing platform: available at <https://www.iso.org/obp>
- IEC Electropedia: available at <http://www.electropedia.org/>

#### 3.1

#### **vacuum metallized aluminium pigment**

#### **VMP**

pigment produced in a vacuum metallizing process and subsequent sizing of the vacuum aluminized foils

Note 1 to entry: Vacuum metallizing process is also referred to as physical vapour deposition process (PVD).

Note 2 to entry: The pigments have non-leafing characteristics, the surface may be untreated or treated by technical processing including conversion into leafing characteristics.

### 4 Requirements and test methods

The material shall have the characteristics given in the appropriate column of [Table 1](#).

## ISO 1247-2:2021(E)

The liquid shall have a percentage of 60 % to 95 % mass fraction of a solvent, such as a polar solvent as 2-butoxyethanol, isopropanol, acetates, or other appropriate polar solvent to be agreed between the interested parties.

Table 1 — Requirements and test methods

Characteristic	Requirement	Test method
Non-volatile-matter, % mass fraction	min. 10,0 <sup>a</sup>	ISO 1247-1:2021, Clause 8
Comparison of appearance	To match closely the appearance of paint prepared similarly from an agreed sample	ISO 1247-1:2021 Clause 10
Residue on 45 µm sieve, % mass fraction	max.1,0 <sup>a</sup>	<a href="#">Clause 6</a>
Water content, % mass fraction	max. 0,2 <sup>b</sup>	ISO 1247-1:2021, Clause 14
Particle size distribution (instrumental method), µm	To be agreed between the interested parties	ISO 13320
Metallic impurities, % mass fraction on dry <sup>c</sup> pigment	To be agreed between the interested parties	ISO 1247-1:2021, Clause 17
<sup>a</sup> Alternative limits can be agreed between the interested parties. <sup>b</sup> If hydrophilic solvent is used, the maximum value of water content can be 2 % mass fraction. <sup>c</sup> The drying temperature refers to the drying temperature for non-volatile-matters in controlled conditions.		

## 5 Sampling

Take a representative sample of the product to be tested in accordance with ISO 15528.

## 6 Determination of residue on sieve

### 6.1 Reagents

**6.1.1 Liquid**, with a solvent ([6.1.2](#)) content of 60 % to 95 % mass fraction.

**6.1.2 Solvent**, compatible to the solvent present in the VMP, such as a polar solvent as 2-butoxyethanol (CAS-No 111-76-2<sup>1)</sup>), isopropanol (CAS-No 67-63-0), acetates, or other appropriate polar solvent.

### 6.2 Apparatus

**6.2.1 Containers**, three, of suitable size to accommodate the sieve.

**6.2.2 Beaker**, 400 ml.

**6.2.3 Test sieve** of nominal aperture 45 µm (see [6.3.1](#)).

**6.2.4 Sintered glass filter**, of porosity grade P 16 (pore size index 10 µm to 16 µm).

1) CAS-No — Chemical Abstracts Service Registry Number



## 6.3 Procedure

### 6.3.1 Test portion

Weigh 10 g of the sample, to the nearest 0,1 g, in the 400 ml beaker (6.2.2).

If it is required by agreement between the interested parties to determine the residue on a sieve of nominal aperture other than 45 µm, follow the determination described in 6.3.2, except that the mass of the test portion shall be reduced correspondingly to the smaller nominal apertures of the sieve.

### 6.3.2 Determination

Half fill three containers (6.2.1) with the liquid (6.1.1). Mix the test portion with 100 ml of the liquid (6.1.1). Add a further 50 ml of the liquid with vigorous stirring. Pour the suspension slowly onto the surface of the test sieve (6.2.3), adjusting the speed of transference so that the majority of the suspension passes through. Wash the residue on the sieve by holding the sieve in the first container at a slight angle to the surface of the liquid and shaking the sieve backwards and forwards so that the screen surface passes just under and just above the level of the mixture. Continue this operation for 1 min and then repeat the procedure in the second container for about 2 min.

When it is evident that no more material passes through the sieve, repeat the procedure in the third container with the liquid (6.1.1) for 2 min to 3 min. Wash down the sides of the sieve with a small stream of the liquid and collect the residue on one side. Transfer the residue, by washing with a minimum quantity of liquid, to the tared sintered glass filter (6.2.4) and apply suction.

As soon as filtration is complete and the surface of the residue is apparently dry, place the filter in an oven at 105 °C ± 2 °C and heat at this temperature for 1 h.

Weigh the residue to the nearest 1 mg.

## 6.4 Expression of results

Calculate the residue on sieve,  $w$ , expressed as a percentage mass fraction, using [Formula \(1\)](#):

$$w = \frac{m_1}{m_0} \times 100 \quad (1)$$

where

$m_0$  is the mass, in grams, of the test portion;

$m_1$  is the mass, in grams, of the residue on the sieve.

## 7 Test report

The test report shall contain at least the following information:

- a) all details necessary for complete identification of the product tested (the manufacturer, trade name, batch number, etc.);
- b) a reference to this document, i.e. ISO 1247-2:2021;
- c) the results of the tests, whether or not the product complies with the relevant specific limits;
- d) any deviation, by agreement or otherwise, from the test method specified;
- e) the date(s) of the test(s).

## Bibliography

- [1] ISO 385, *Laboratory glassware — Burettes*
- [2] ISO 648, *Laboratory glassware — Single-volume pipettes*
- [3] ISO 760, *Determination of water — Karl Fischer method (General method)*
- [4] ISO 787 (all parts), *General methods of test for pigments*
- [5] ISO 1042, *Laboratory glassware — One-mark volumetric flasks*
- [6] ISO 1514, *Paints and varnishes — Standard panels for testing*
- [7] ISO 3696, *Water for analytical laboratory use — Specification and test methods*

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