NOTICE: This standard has either been superseded and replaced by a new version or withdrawn. Contact ASTM International (www.astm.org) for the latest information



Designation: F967 - 03 (Reapproved 2011)

## Standard Practice for Security Engineering Symbols<sup>1</sup>

This standard is issued under the fixed designation F967; the number immediately following the designation indicates the year of original adoption or, in the case of revision, the year of last revision. A number in parentheses indicates the year of last reapproval. A superscript epsilon ( $\varepsilon$ ) indicates an editorial change since the last revision or reapproval.

## 1. Scope

1.1 This practice utilizes symbols to depict security systems and equipment requirements for architectural or engineering drawings that are produced either manually or by computer aided design (CAD). The symbols depicted include some symbols that have already been somewhat universally accepted or that have already been adopted by a standards-writing body, such as by the National Fire Protection Association.

1.2 It is not proposed that all of the symbols need to be utilized since the level of detail required for drawings is likely to vary. Generic symbols of a class of security device may be sufficient in some instances. Moreover, the need to provide a measure of security in the actual drawing may also suggest a need to utilize a generic symbol rather than to depict the exact device being installed.

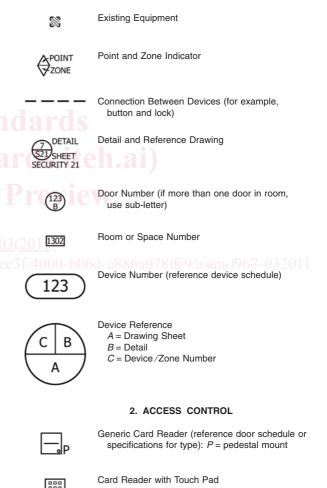
1.3 In the event that a greater level of detail is required, it is possible to combine many of the symbols to create new symbols that achieve the desired level. While some combinations of symbols are shown, it would be impractical to attempt to depict every conceivable combination of symbols. It is also the intent of this practice that the symbols be capable of being continuously expanded and modified as the industry state of the art changes or as emphasis varies. For example, little attention is given to document security in the security symbols since such requirements are not generally fully met during construction periods but are rather developed and provided for subsequently. Since much of this equipment is not installed but is "placed," such as furniture, there is only one symbol proposed (for example, for document shredders).

1.4 This standard does not purport to address all of the safety concerns, if any, associated with its use. It is the responsibility of the user of this standard to establish appropriate safety and health practices and determine the applicability of regulatory limitations prior to use.

## 2. Keywords

2.1 computer aided design; security engineering; symbols

## 1. ANNOTATION



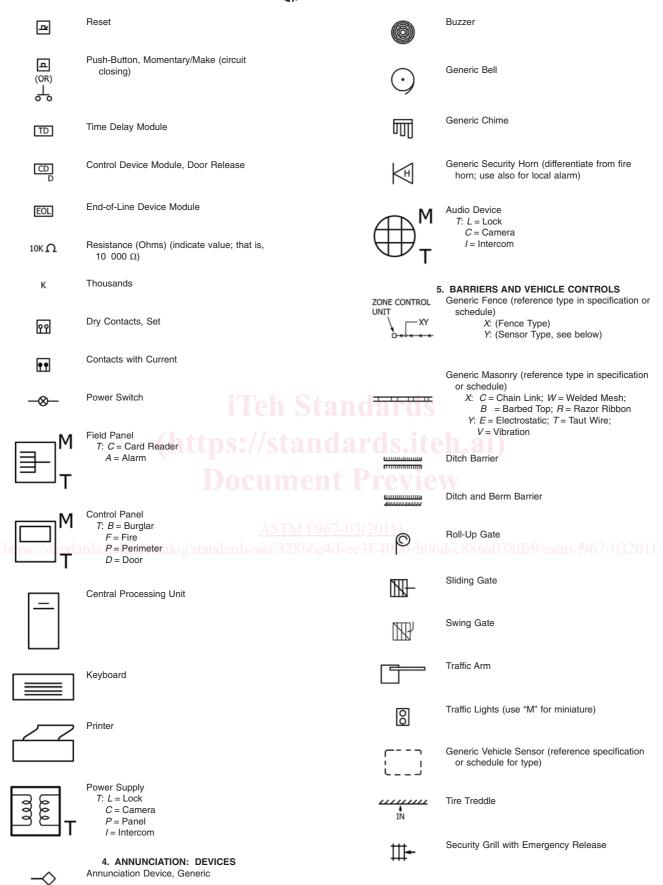
<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> This practice is under the jurisdiction of ASTM Committee F12 on Security Systems and Equipmentand is the direct responsibility of Subcommittee F12.10 on Systems Products and Services.

Current edition approved March 1, 2011. Published June 2011. Originally approved in 1986. Last previous edition approved in 2003 as F967 – 03. DOI: 10.1520/F0967-03R11.

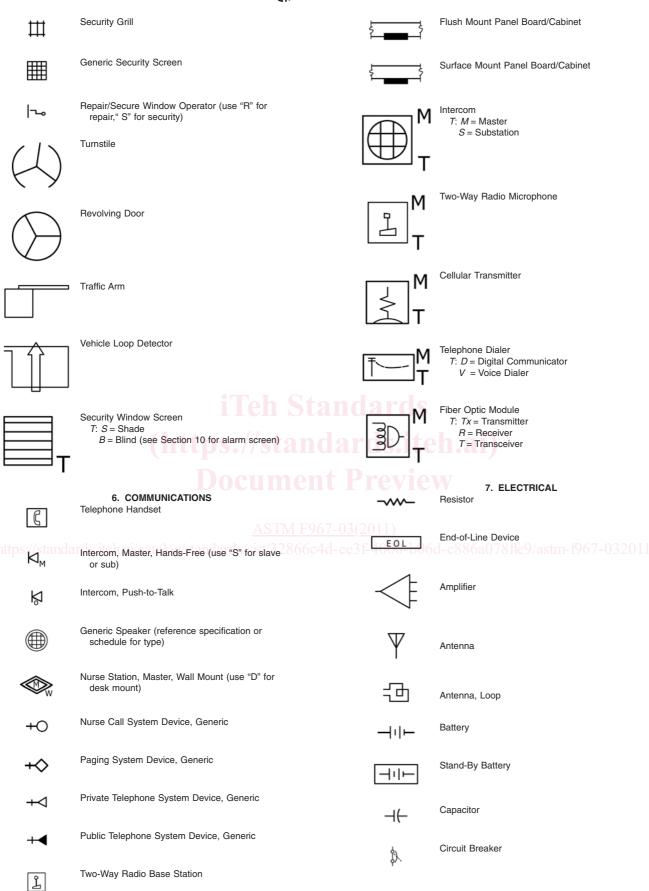
**F967 – 03 (2011)** 

	Tull.	,	
D	Token-Type Access Control	⊟ШМ	Keypad Device
0	CCTV and Card Reader		
	CCTV and Intercom	M	Card Reader with Keypad
2	Split Lens CCTV with ID Card Receptacle	M	Card Reader with Time and Attendance
	Apartment Type CCTV with House Phone and Touch Pad (insert" K" "O	g	
-√-	Biometric Access Control Device (reference door schedule or specifications for type)		3. ANNUNCIATION: CONSOLE/PANEL Strip (Tallyroll) Printer
	Touch Pad Lock or Device, Mechanical or Electronic (reference door schedule for type)		Printer
$\bigcirc$	Turnstile (reference door schedule for type and function)	[288]	Time Clock with Card Reader
~~~ <sup>4</sup>	Post and Rail (rope) iTeh Stand		Central Processing Unit
	Generic Screening Device X: $M = Metal Detector$ E = Explosive Detector X = X-ray T = Tag Detector (EAS)		CRT (cathode ray tube/display) Static Map Display (for dynamic map display, use CRT symbol)
https://standa	Sally Port <u>ASTM F967-03</u> ards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/32866c4d-ee. Indicating Interlocking Doors	<u>(2011)</u> 3f-4 <b>1111</b> 06	Keyboarda078ffe9/astm-f967-032011
APC-		$\square$	Jeweled Signal Light
MD	Indicating Space is a "Man-Trap"		Panel Light Indicator (R = Red, A = Amber, W = White, V = Violet, G = Green, Y = Yellow, B = Blue, O = Orange)
[] <sup>M</sup>	Card Access Reader B = Barcode W = Wiegand P = Proximity		
L	M = Mag Stripe F = Elevator Floor Call H = Elevator Hall Call T = Token	ILLE	Multiplex Panel
	S = Smart Card	$\otimes$	Panel Sound Indicator
∽_M ⊤	Biometrics Access Control Device H = Hand Geometry F = Finger Print V = Voice R = Eye Retina I = Eye Iris	0	Panel Sound and Light Indicator

🕼 F967 – 03 (2011)



🖽 F967 – 03 (2011)



**F967 – 03 (2011)** 

	Ground	-+	Intersection, Connection
		I"	Conduit Run, Exposed, Turn Down (rigid steel—1 in.)
$\downarrow$	Circuit Return, Common	<del>~~ × •</del>	Conduit Run, Exposed, Armored
$\mathcal{H}$	Circuit Return, Frame	<u>emt</u> -•	Conduit Run, Concealed, Turn Up (EMT)
÷	Relay, Normally Open	PVC	Conduit Run, Exposed, Turn Up (PVC)
*	Relay, Normally Closed	—B	Booster
			Shielded Cable
	Relay	<u> </u>	Coaxial Cable
	Transformer	<del>~~~</del>	Conductor, Twisted Pair
	Transformer (on floor plan)		Conductor, Security System (4 conductors, No. 18 AWG)
Т	iTeh Stand	-00-	Fiber Optic Cable
$\langle \rangle$	Rectifier (https://standar	d <sub>RE</sub> ite	Local Radio Signal Link
-17-	Diode Document P	RF C	Long Range Radio Signal Link
-æ	Visual Signaling Device ASTM F967-03(2	01	Power Panel
https://standa	rds.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/32866c4d-ee3f Fuse	-40 <mark>(or)</mark> -b06	d-c886a078ffe9/astm-f967-032011
-•	ruse	—→ø—	Home Run, 2 Conductors, 18 AWG (number of
	Motor	→ℓ <sub>2/18</sub>	arrows indicates number of circuits)
$\mathcal{O}$	Generator		Feeder
Ú.		—_M	Manhole
Q	Junction Box, in Ceiling	° ° °	Rotary Switch
-0)	Junction Box, Wall		Toggle Switch, SPST
-	Electrical Outlet, Wall, Duplex		Toggle Switch, SPDT
₩	Triplex Receptacle		
<del></del>	Intersection, No Connection	OR O	Nonlocking, Momentary Circuit Closing (make)

**F967 – 03 (2011)** 

on or	Nonlocking, Momentary Circuit Opening (break)		Illuminate this Area
OR OR	Transfer		Infrared Illuminator
°ŢV OR Q.●	Locking, Circuit Closing (make)	φ	Street Light, Pole-Mounted
• VOR•	Locking, Circuit Opening (break)		
₿	Form A, SPST, N.O.		9. MISCELLANEOUS Security Container; Safe; File Cabinet
$\[ \]$	Form B, SPST, N.C.		Document Destroyer
[]]	Form C, SPDT		Safe, Tack-Welded to Structural Member
^_	SPST (Single-Pole, Single-Throw)	$\bigcirc$	Signage
A	SPDT (Single-Pole, Double-Throw)	Our	Bar/Grill/Seal this Location
<sup>A</sup> o	DPST (Double-Pole, Single-Throw)	<b>da</b> ols	Timer
	DPDT (Double-Pole, Double-Throw)	ard <del>s.</del> ite	Gun Port
-ф-	8. LIGHTING Document Incandescent Light Fixture, Flush, Ceiling Mount <u>ASTM F967-0</u> Incandescent Light Fixture, Flush, Wall Mount 2866644-		Generic Volumetric Motion Sensor (Mono) X: M = Microwave I = Passive IR U = Ultrasonic
https:/	incandescent Light Fixture, Flush, Wall Mount		$1-CD = Dual Tech_9/astm-1967-032011$
-\$-	Incandescent Light Fixture, Surface, Ceiling Mount		Generic Volumetric Beam Sensor (Bi-Static) X: M = Microwave I = Infrared P = Photo-cell
	Incandescent Light Fixture, Surface, Wall Mount		Generic Glass Breakage Sensor <i>T</i> : <i>A</i> = Audio
<u> </u>	Fluorescent Fixture, Ceiling Mount	$\searrow^{M}$	S = Shock
$\otimes$	Dedicated Security Lighting, Low Pressure So- dium (use other designators for other types, that is, MV = mercury vapor)	Ľ́—JT	
->>	Minimum Foot-Candles or Lamberts this Area		Capacitance Sensor
( <del>\</del>	Spotlight/Floodlight	٢	Temperature Sensor
¢	Outdoor Strobe Light	··	Pad/Mat Switch