



Designation: D4200 – 82 (Reapproved 2011)

Standard Test Method for Evaluating Inhibitory Effects of Ink Grids on Membrane Filters¹

This standard is issued under the fixed designation D4200; the number immediately following the designation indicates the year of original adoption or, in the case of revision, the year of last revision. A number in parentheses indicates the year of last reapproval. A superscript epsilon (ϵ) indicates an editorial change since the last revision or reapproval.

1. Scope

1.1 This test method describes a procedure whereby the user of ink-gridded membrane filters in water quality studies can ascertain whether or not the grid lines are toxic and inhibitory to bacterial growth when the membrane and its entrapped bacteria are incubated on a suitable media.

1.2 The values stated in SI units are to be regarded as standard. No other units of measurement are included in this standard.

1.3 *This standard does not purport to address all of the safety concerns, if any, associated with its use. It is the responsibility of the user of this standard to establish appropriate safety and health practices and determine the applicability of regulatory limitations prior to use.*

2. Referenced Documents

2.1 *ASTM Standards:*²

D1129 Terminology Relating to Water

D1193 Specification for Reagent Water

3. Terminology

3.1 *Definitions*—For definitions of terms used in this test method, refer to Terminology D1129.

4. Summary of Test Method

4.1 A heavy bacterial suspension is filtered through a gridded membrane filter. The bacterial concentration employed is sufficient to cover much of the membrane with bacterial colonies.

4.2 After filtration the membrane is incubated on a suitable medium and the distribution of the colonies and shape of the colonies noted in the area around each grid line.

¹ This test method is under the jurisdiction of ASTM Committee D19 on Water and is the direct responsibility of Subcommittee D19.08 on Membranes and Ion Exchange Materials.

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² For referenced ASTM standards, visit the ASTM website, www.astm.org, or contact ASTM Customer Service at service@astm.org. For *Annual Book of ASTM Standards* volume information, refer to the standard's Document Summary page on the ASTM website.

5. Significance and Use

5.1 This test method may be applied to determine the suitability of grid-marked membrane filters for use in bacteriological culture techniques for the detection and enumeration of bacterial organisms.

5.2 A particularly sensitive organism and growth conditions have been selected for this test method in order to maximize sensitivity to toxic materials possibly present in the inks used for grid-marking membrane filters.

6. Apparatus

6.1 *Incubator*, capable of maintaining temperatures of $44.5 \pm 0.2^\circ\text{C}$.

6.2 *Membrane Filtration Units*.

6.3 *Vacuum Source* with trap vessel.

6.4 *Forceps*, blunt-nosed.

6.5 *Autoclave* or other sterilizing equipment.

6.6 *Expendables*:

6.6.1 Gridded membrane filters.

6.6.2 1-mL and 10-mL pipets.

6.6.3 Petri dishes (50-mm) containing 6 to 8 mL of agar medium or a 100-mm dish with 20 ± 2 mL of agar medium, or both.

6.6.4 Erlenmeyer flasks.

7. Reagents and Materials

7.1 *Purity of Water*—Unless otherwise indicated, reference to water shall be understood to mean reagent water conforming to reagent water Type II of Specification D1193.

7.2 *M-FC Agar with Rosolic Acid* or equivalent (henceforth referred to as agar medium), formulated, prepared, and dispensed in accordance with the manufacturer's specifications.

7.3 *Tryptone Soya Broth* or equivalent (henceforth referred to as broth medium), formulated, prepared, and dispensed in accordance with the manufacturer's specifications.

7.4 *Peptone Water*, 0.1 %, sterile.

7.5 *Broth Culture of E. coli* ATCC 11229, 18-h, prepared as follows: Add 1 mL of an 18 ± 2 -h broth culture of *E. coli* ATCC 11229 to 99 mL of 0.1 % peptone water, mix