



Designation: ~~D2866-94 (Reapproved 2004)~~ Designation: D2866 - 11

Standard Test Method for Total Ash Content of Activated Carbon¹

This standard is issued under the fixed designation D2866; the number immediately following the designation indicates the year of original adoption or, in the case of revision, the year of last revision. A number in parentheses indicates the year of last reapproval. A superscript epsilon (ϵ) indicates an editorial change since the last revision or reapproval.

1. Scope

1.1 This test method describes a procedure for the determination of total ash content of activated carbon.

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1.2 The values stated in SI units are to be regarded as standard. No other units of measurement are included in this standard.

1.3 This standard does not purport to address all of the safety concerns, if any, associated with its use. It is the responsibility of the user of this standard to establish appropriate safety and health practices and determine the applicability of regulatory limitations prior to use.

2. Referenced Documents

2.1 *ASTM Standards:*²

D2867 [Test Methods for Moisture in Activated Carbon](#)

D7582 [Test Methods for Proximate Analysis of Coal and Coke by Macro Thermogravimetric Analysis](#)

E177 [Practice for Use of the Terms Precision and Bias in ASTM Test Methods](#)

E691 [Practice for Conducting an Interlaboratory Study to Determine the Precision of a Test Method](#)

3. Summary of Test Method

3.1 An accurately weighed sample of dried activated carbon is placed in a controlled-temperature muffle furnace for a period of several hours. When constant weight has been achieved (± 0.5 mg), the crucible is cooled to ambient temperature in a desiccator and reweighed. The weight of the ashed carbon is expressed as a percentage of the weight of the original carbon sample.

4. Significance and Use

4.1 In specific end uses, the amount and composition of the ash may influence the capabilities and certain desired properties of activated carbon.

4.2 Other automated methods for determination of ash content, such as combusting the carbon in a thermogravimetric analyzer (TGA) in flowing air or oxygen, can be used in place of this test method. A suitable method is described in Test Method D7582. For determination of the ash content of activated carbon, follow the procedure in 13.5.3 of Test Method D7582 with the exception that the furnace temperature in 13.4.3 shall be $650 \pm 25^\circ\text{C}$. The muffle furnace method shall be considered the reference test method.

5. Apparatus

5.1 *Muffle Furnace*, having air circulation, capable of temperature regulation of $\pm 25^\circ\text{C}$ at 650°C .

5.2 *High-Temperature Crucible*, high-form.

5.3 *Analytical Balance*, having a sensitivity of 0.1 mg.

5.4 *Desiccator*.

5.5 *Oven*, forced-air circulation, capable of temperature regulation between 145 and 155°C .

6. Procedure

6.1 Ignite the crucible in the muffle furnace at $650 \pm 25^\circ\text{C}$ for 1 h. Place the crucible in the desiccator. Cool to room temperature and weigh to the nearest 0.1 mg.

6.2 Dry an adequate sample of activated carbon to constant weight (± 0.5 mg) at $150 \pm 5^\circ\text{C}$ (3 h is usually sufficient).

¹ This test method is under the jurisdiction of ASTM Committee D28 on Activated Carbon and is the direct responsibility of Subcommittee D28.04 on Gas Phase Evaluation Tests.

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² For referenced ASTM standards, visit the ASTM website, www.astm.org, or contact ASTM Customer Service at service@astm.org. For *Annual Book of ASTM Standards* volume information, refer to the standard's Document Summary page on the ASTM website.