

---

---

**Rubber hoses and hose assemblies  
for liquefied petroleum gas in motor  
vehicles — Specification**

*Tuyaux et flexibles en caoutchouc pour circulation de gaz de pétrole  
liquéfié dans les véhicules à moteur — Spécifications*

**iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW**  
**(standards.iteh.ai)**

[ISO 8789:2020](https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/d3ddca6d-6691-438b-9cfb-017642925f9b/iso-8789-2020)

<https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/d3ddca6d-6691-438b-9cfb-017642925f9b/iso-8789-2020>



**iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW**  
**(standards.iteh.ai)**

ISO 8789:2020

<https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/d3ddca6d-6691-438b-9cfb-017642925f9b/iso-8789-2020>



**COPYRIGHT PROTECTED DOCUMENT**

© ISO 2020

All rights reserved. Unless otherwise specified, or required in the context of its implementation, no part of this publication may be reproduced or utilized otherwise in any form or by any means, electronic or mechanical, including photocopying, or posting on the internet or an intranet, without prior written permission. Permission can be requested from either ISO at the address below or ISO's member body in the country of the requester.

ISO copyright office  
CP 401 • Ch. de Blandonnet 8  
CH-1214 Vernier, Geneva  
Phone: +41 22 749 01 11  
Fax: +41 22 749 09 47  
Email: [copyright@iso.org](mailto:copyright@iso.org)  
Website: [www.iso.org](http://www.iso.org)

Published in Switzerland

# Contents

	Page
<b>Foreword</b> .....	<b>iv</b>
<b>Introduction</b> .....	<b>v</b>
<b>1 Scope</b> .....	<b>1</b>
<b>2 Normative references</b> .....	<b>1</b>
<b>3 Terms and definitions</b> .....	<b>1</b>
<b>4 Materials and construction</b> .....	<b>2</b>
4.1 Materials.....	2
4.2 Construction.....	2
<b>5 Dimensions and tolerance</b> .....	<b>2</b>
5.1 Inside diameter.....	2
5.2 Minimum bending radii.....	2
5.3 Concentricity.....	2
5.4 Length.....	3
<b>6 Physical properties of rubber compounds</b> .....	<b>3</b>
<b>7 Performance requirements</b> .....	<b>3</b>
7.1 General.....	3
7.2 Visual examination.....	3
7.3 Finished hose and hose assemblies.....	3
<b>8 Requirements for fittings</b> .....	<b>4</b>
8.1 Fitting material.....	4
8.2 Fitting description.....	4
<b>9 Requirements for hose assemblies</b> .....	<b>4</b>
9.1 Leakage test.....	4
9.2 Minimum burst pressure, proof pressure and permeability to propane.....	4
9.3 Visual examination.....	4
<b>10 Frequency of testing</b> .....	<b>5</b>
<b>11 Marking</b> .....	<b>5</b>
11.1 Hose marking.....	5
11.2 Hose assembly marking.....	5
<b>Annex A (normative) Test frequency for type tests and routine tests</b> .....	<b>7</b>
<b>Annex B (informative) Production acceptance tests</b> .....	<b>8</b>
<b>Annex C (informative) Recommendations for lengths of supplied hoses and tolerances on lengths of hose assemblies</b> .....	<b>9</b>

## Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular, the different approval criteria needed for the different types of ISO documents should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2 (see [www.iso.org/directives](http://www.iso.org/directives)).

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights. Details of any patent rights identified during the development of the document will be in the Introduction and/or on the ISO list of patent declarations received (see [www.iso.org/patents](http://www.iso.org/patents)).

Any trade name used in this document is information given for the convenience of users and does not constitute an endorsement.

For an explanation of the voluntary nature of standards, the meaning of ISO specific terms and expressions related to conformity assessment, as well as information about ISO's adherence to the World Trade Organization (WTO) principles in the Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT), see [www.iso.org/iso/foreword.html](http://www.iso.org/iso/foreword.html).

This document was prepared by ISO/TC 45, *Rubber and rubber products*, Subcommittee SC 1, *Rubber and plastics hoses and hose assemblies*.

This fourth edition cancels and replaces the third edition (ISO 8789:2018), which has been technically revised. The main changes compared to the previous edition are as follows:

- in [Table 2](#), "70 ± 1" for both lining and cover has been changed to "80 ± 1";
- in [8.2](#), "45° cone" has been changed to "45° flare";
- [Clause 10](#) has been upgraded to the latest agreed upon verbiage;
- [11.1](#) and [11.2](#) have been upgraded to the latest agreed upon verbiage;
- [Annexes A](#) and [B](#) have been upgraded to the latest agreed upon verbiage.

Any feedback or questions on this document should be directed to the user's national standards body. A complete listing of these bodies can be found at [www.iso.org/members.html](http://www.iso.org/members.html).

## Introduction

This document has been developed to harmonize international requirements for LPG hoses and hose assemblies used in motor vehicles, for instance United Nations Regulation No. 67.

## iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW (standards.iteh.ai)

ISO 8789:2020

<https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/d3ddca6d-6691-438b-9cfd-017642925f9b/iso-8789-2020>

**iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW**  
**(standards.iteh.ai)**

ISO 8789:2020

<https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/d3ddca6d-6691-438b-9cfb-017642925f9b/iso-8789-2020>

# Rubber hoses and hose assemblies for liquefied petroleum gas in motor vehicles — Specification

## 1 Scope

This document specifies the requirements for rubber hoses and hose assemblies, up to a maximum hose size of 19, for use in motor vehicles with liquefied petroleum gas (LPG) installations. The hoses are designed for use up to a maximum working pressure of 3,0 MPa (30 bar) and at working temperatures from  $-40\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$  up to and including  $+80\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ .

## 2 Normative references

The following documents are referred to in the text in such a way that some or all of their content constitutes requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO 37, *Rubber, vulcanized or thermoplastic — Determination of tensile stress-strain properties*

ISO 68-1, *ISO general purpose screw threads — Basic profile — Part 1: Metric screw threads*

ISO 188:2011, *Rubber, vulcanized or thermoplastic — Accelerated ageing and heat resistance tests*

ISO 1402, *Rubber and plastics hoses and hose assemblies — Hydrostatic testing*

ISO 1817, *Rubber, vulcanized or thermoplastic — Determination of the effect of liquids*

ISO 4080:2009, *Rubber and plastics hoses and hose assemblies — Determination of permeability to gas*

ISO 4671, *Rubber and plastics hoses and hose assemblies — Methods of measurement of the dimensions of hoses and the lengths of hose assemblies*

ISO 7326:2016, *Rubber and plastics hoses — Assessment of ozone resistance under static conditions*

ISO 8033, *Rubber and plastics hoses — Determination of adhesion between components*

ISO 8330, *Rubber and plastics hoses and hose assemblies — Vocabulary*

ISO 10619-2, *Rubber and plastics hoses and tubing — Measurement of flexibility and stiffness — Part 2: Bending tests at sub-ambient temperatures*

ISO 23529, *Rubber — General procedures for preparing and conditioning test pieces for physical test methods*

ASME B1.1, *Unified Inch Screw Threads (UN and UNR Thread Form)*

## 3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the terms and definitions given in ISO 8330 apply.

ISO and IEC maintain terminological databases for use in standardization at the following addresses:

— ISO Online browsing platform: available at <https://www.iso.org/obp>

— IEC Electropedia: available at <https://www.electropedia.org/>

## 4 Materials and construction

### 4.1 Materials

The hose shall consist of:

- a) a smooth-bore rubber lining-resistant rubber suitable for liquefied petroleum gas;
- b) a reinforcement of natural textile, synthetic textile or corrosion-resistant metal wire (stainless steel) applied by any suitable technique;
- c) a cover of oil- and weather-resistant rubber (if, however, the hose is reinforced with corrosion-resistant wire, no cover is required).

### 4.2 Construction

The lining and cover shall be of uniform thickness, concentric and free from holes, porosity and other defects. The cover finish may be smooth or fabric-marked. To avoid the formation of bubbles due to gas permeation, the cover shall be pin-pricked.

NOTE There is a possibility that national regulations define the type of reinforcement to be used.

## 5 Dimensions and tolerance

### 5.1 Inside diameter

When measured in accordance with ISO 4671, the inside diameter shall be between the minimum and maximum values specified in [Table 1](#).

iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW  
(standards.iteh.ai)

ISO 8789:2020

<https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/d3ddca6d-6691-438b-9c7b-017642925f96/iso-8789-2020>

**Table 1 — Minimum inside diameter, maximum inside diameter and minimum bending radii**

Hose size	Minimum inside diameter mm	Maximum inside diameter mm	Minimum bend radius mm
5,0	4,6	5,4	90
6,3	6,2	7,0	120
10	9,3	10,1	150
12,5	12,3	13,5	180
16	15,5	16,7	190
19	18,6	19,8	200

### 5.2 Minimum bending radii

The hoses shall not be used at bend radii, measured at the inside of the bend, smaller than the minimum bend radii specified in [Table 1](#).

### 5.3 Concentricity

When determined in accordance with ISO 4671, the concentricity, based on a total indicator reading between the bore and the outside surface of the cover, shall be no greater than 1,0 mm.



## 5.4 Length

The length of supplied hoses and hose assemblies shall be the subject of agreement between the manufacturer and the purchaser.

NOTE Recommendations for lengths of supplied hoses and tolerances on lengths of hose assemblies are given in [Table C.2](#).

## 6 Physical properties of rubber compounds

When determined by the methods listed in [Table 2](#), the physical properties of the compounds used for the lining and cover shall conform to the values specified in [Table 2](#).

Tests shall be carried out on test pieces taken from the hose. No tests shall be carried out within 24 h after manufacture of the hose.

**Table 2 — Physical properties of rubber compounds used for cover and lining in finished hose**

Property	Requirements		Test method
	Lining	Cover	
Minimum tensile strength, MPa	10,0	10,0	ISO 37 (dumb-bell test piece)
Minimum elongation at break, %	250	250	ISO 37 (dumb-bell test piece)
Resistance to ageing of lining [(168 ± 2) h at (80 ± 1) °C, using the air-oven method in ISO 188:2011]			
Resistance to ageing of cover [(336 ± 2) h at (80 ± 1) °C, using the air-oven method in ISO 188:2011]			
Change in tensile strength from original value (max.), %	±25	±25	ISO 37 (dumb-bell test piece)
Change in elongation at break from original value (max.), %	-30 to +10	-30 to +10	ISO 37 (dumb-bell test piece)
Resistance to <i>n</i> -pentane [immersion for 72 h at (23 ± 2) °C in accordance with ISO 1817]			
Change in tensile strength from original value (max.), %	±25	±35	ISO 37 (dumb-bell test piece)
Change in elongation at break from original value (max.), %	±30	±35	ISO 37 (dumb-bell test piece)
Change in volume (max.), %	±20	±30	ISO 1817 (rectangular cut piece)

NOTE In cases where it is difficult to remove suitable samples of the liner or the cover for testing, it is permissible to use vulcanised plates of either the cover or liner taken from the production batch or batches of compound used to produce the hose. It should be noted on any test report whether the test samples were taken from the hose or from vulcanised plates.

## 7 Performance requirements

### 7.1 General

Unless otherwise specified, condition test pieces in accordance with ISO 23529 before testing.

### 7.2 Visual examination

All hoses and hose assemblies shall be examined for visible defects in the cover and inspected to verify that the hose identification is correct and has been properly applied and marked.

### 7.3 Finished hose and hose assemblies

When determined by the methods listed in [Table 3](#), the physical properties of the finished hose shall conform to the values specified in [Table 3](#).