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Plastics — Impact-resistant polystyrene (PS-I) moulding and extrusion materials —

Part 2:

Preparation of test specimens and determination of properties

S Plastiques — Polystyrènes résistants au choc (PS-I) pour moulage et éxtrusion —

Partie 2; Préparation des éprouvettes et détermination des propriétés

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Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular, the different approval criteria needed for the different types of ISO documents should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2 (see www.iso.org/directives).

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights. Details of any patent rights identified during the development of the document will be in the Introduction and/or on the ISO list of patent declarations received (see www.iso.org/patents).

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For an explanation of the voluntary nature of standards, the meaning of ISO specific terms and expressions related to conformity assessment, as well as information about ISO's adherence to the World Trade Organization (WTO) principles in the Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT), see www.iso.org/iso/foreword.html. (Standards.iteh.ai)

This document was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 61, *Plastics*, Subcommittee SC 9, *Thermoplastic materials*, in collaboration with the European Committee for Standardization (CEN) Technical Committee CEN/TC 249, *Plastics*, in accordance with the Agreement on technical cooperation between ISO and CEN (Vienna Agreement). 57531100ad/iso-19063-2-2020

This first edition of ISO 19063-2 cancels and replaces ISO 2897-2:2003, which has been technically revised.

The main changes compared to the previous edition are as follows:

- the normative references have been updated;
- Clause 3, Terms and definitions, has been added;
- the contents and structures of <u>Table 3</u> and <u>Table 4</u> have been revised according to the current version of ISO 10350-1.

A list of all parts in the ISO 19063 series can be found on the ISO website.

Any feedback or questions on this document should be directed to the user's national standards body. A complete listing of these bodies can be found at www.iso.org/members.html.

Plastics — Impact-resistant polystyrene (PS-I) moulding and extrusion materials —

Part 2:

Preparation of test specimens and determination of properties

1 Scope

This document specifies the methods of preparation of test specimens and the test methods to be used in determining the properties of PS-I moulding and extrusion materials. It establishes the requirements for handling test material and for conditioning both the test material before moulding and the specimens before testing.

This document gives procedures and conditions for the preparation of test specimens and procedures for measuring properties of the materials from which these specimens are made. It lists properties and test methods which are suitable and necessary to characterize PS-I moulding and extrusion materials.

The properties have been selected from the general test methods in ISO 10350-1. Other test methods in wide use for, or of particular significance to, these moulding and extrusion materials are also included in this document, as are the designatory properties specified in ISO 19063-1.

The methods of specimen preparation and conditioning, the specimen dimensions and the test procedures specified herein are used to obtain reproducible and comparable test results. Values determined will not necessarily be identical to those obtained using specimens of different dimensions or prepared using different procedures.

2 Normative references

The following documents are referred to in the text in such a way that some or all of their content constitutes requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO 62, Plastics — Determination of water absorption

ISO 75-1, Plastics — Determination of temperature of deflection under load — Part 1: General test method

ISO 75-2, Plastics — Determination of temperature of deflection under load — Part 2: Plastics and ebonite

ISO 178, Plastics — Determination of flexural properties

ISO 179-1, Plastics — Determination of Charpy impact properties — Part 1: Non-instrumented impact test

ISO 179-2, Plastics — Determination of Charpy impact properties — Part 2: Instrumented impact test

ISO 291, Plastics — Standard atmospheres for conditioning and testing

ISO 293, Plastics — Compression moulding of test specimens of thermoplastic materials

ISO 294-1, Plastics — Injection moulding of test specimens of thermoplastic materials — Part 1: General principles, and moulding of multipurpose and bar test specimens

ISO 294-3, Plastics — Injection moulding of test specimens of thermoplastic materials — Part 3: Small plates

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ISO 294-4, Plastics — Injection moulding of test specimens of thermoplastic materials — Part 4: Determination of moulding shrinkage

ISO 306, Plastics — Thermoplastic materials — Determination of Vicat softening temperature (VST)

ISO 527-1, Plastics — Determination of tensile properties — Part 1: General principles

ISO 527-2, Plastics — Determination of tensile properties — Part 2: Test conditions for moulding and *extrusion plastics*

ISO 527-4, Plastics — Determination of tensile properties — Part 4: Test conditions for isotropic and orthotropic fibre-reinforce plastic composites

ISO 899-1, Plastics — Determination of creep behaviour — Part 1: Tensile creep

ISO 1133-1, Plastics — Determination of the melt mass-flow rate (MFR) and melt volume-flow rate (MVR) of thermoplastics — Part 1: Standard method

ISO 1183-1, Plastics — Methods for determining the density of non-cellular plastics — Part 1: Immersion method, liquid pycnometer method and titration method

ISO 2561, Plastics — Determination of residual styrene monomer in polystyrene (PS) and impact-resistant polystyrene (PS-I) by gas chromatography

ISO 2818, Plastics — Preparation of test specimens by machining

ISO 4589-2, Plastics — Determination of burning behaviour by oxygen index — Part 2: Ambienttemperature test

ISO 6603-2, Plastics — Determination of puncture impact behaviour of rigid plastics — Part 2: Instrumented impact testing

ISO 19063-2:2020 ISO 8256, Plastics — Determination of tensile impact strength/83151a08-7f63-4bc4-b830-

157531100adf/iso-19063-2-2020 ISO 10350-1, Plastics — Acquisition and presentation of comparable single-point data — Part 1: Moulding materials

ISO 11357-2, Plastics — Differential scanning calorimetry (DSC) — Part 2: Determination of glass transition temperature and step height

ISO 20753, Plastics — Test specimens

IEC 60112, Method for the determination of the proof and the comparative tracking indices of solid insulating materials

IEC 60243-1, Electrical strength of insulating materials — Test methods — Part 1: Tests at power frequencies

IEC 60296, Fluids for electrotechnical applications — Unused mineral insulating oils for transformers and switchgear

IEC 60695-11-10, Fire hazard testing — Part 11-10: Test flames — 50 W horizontal and vertical flame test methods

IEC 60695-11-20, Fire hazard testing — Part 11-20: Test flames — 500 W flame test methods

IEC 62631-2-1, Dielectric and resistive properties of solid insulating materials-Part 2-1:Relative permittivity and dissipation factor-Technical frequencies (0,1 Hz to 10 MHz)-AC Methods

IEC 62631-3-1, Dielectric and resistive properties of solid insulating materials — Part 3-1: Determination of resistive properties (DC methods) — Volume resistance and volume resistivity — General method

IEC 62631-3-2, Dielectric and resistive properties of solid insulating materials — Part 3-2: Determination of resistive properties (DC methods) — Surface resistance and surface resistivity

3 Terms and definitions

No terms and definitions are listed in this document.

ISO and IEC maintain terminological databases for use in standardization at the following addresses:

- ISO Online browsing platform: available at https://www.iso.org/obp
- IEC Electropedia: available at http://www.electropedia.org/

4 Preparation of test specimens

4.1 General

It is essential that specimens always be prepared by the same procedure (either injection moulding or compression moulding), using the same processing conditions. The procedure to be used for each test method is indicated in Tables 3 and 4.

The material shall be kept in moisture-proof containers until it is required for use. The moisture content of filled or reinforced materials shall be expressed as a percentage of the total mass of the compound.

4.2 Treatment of the material before moulding

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No pretreatment of the material sample is normally necessary before processing.

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4.3 Injection moulding ards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/83151a08-7f63-4bc4-b830-

Injection-moulded specimens shall be prepared in accordance with ISO 294-1 or ISO 294-3, under the conditions specified in Table 1. It has been found that bar test specimens prepared in accordance with ISO 20753 give better precision than those injection-moulded directly to their final dimensions, and so the use of this geometry is preferable. (see ISO 294-1 or ISO 294-3 for tolerances).

Table 1 — Conditions for injection moulding of test specimens

Material	Melt temperature	Mould temperature	Average injection velocity	
	°C	°C	mm/s	
All grades	220	45	200 ± 100	
	·			

Flame-retardant grades can show discoloration if moulded at a melt temperature of 220 °C. In such cases, a melt temperature of 210 °C may be used.

4.4 Compression moulding

Compression-moulded sheets shall be prepared in accordance with ISO 293, using the conditions specified in <u>Table 2</u>, in which the moulding temperature given is a target value (see ISO 293 for tolerances).

The test specimens required for the determination of the properties shall be machined from the compression moulded sheets in accordance with ISO 2818 or stamped.

Table 2 — Conditions for compression moulding of test specimens

Material	Moulding temperature	Average cooling rate	Demoulding temperature	Full pressure	Full pressure time	Preheating time
	°C	°C/min	°C	MPa	min	min
All grades	200	10	≤ 60	4 ± 0,5	5 ± 1	5 ± 1

5 Conditioning of test specimens

Test specimens shall be conditioned in accordance with ISO 291 for at least 16 h at (23 \pm 2) °C and (50 \pm 10) % relative humidity.

6 Determination of properties

In the determination of properties and the presentation of data, the standards, supplementary instructions and notes given in ISO 10350-1 shall be applied. All tests shall be carried out in the standard atmosphere of (23 \pm 2) °C and (50 \pm 10) % relative humidity, unless specifically stated otherwise in Table 3.

<u>Table 3</u> is compiled from ISO 10350-1, and the properties listed are those which are appropriate to impact resistant polystyrene moulding and extrusion materials. These properties are those considered useful for comparisons of data generated for different thermoplastics.

Table 4 contains those properties not found specifically in Table 3, which are in wide use or of particular significance in the practical characterization of impact-resistant polystyrene moulding and extrusion materials.

Table 3 — General properties and test conditions (selected from ISO 10350-1)

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Property		Symbol	Standard 15	7 Specimen type 1 (dimensions in mm)	90(Specimen) preparation ^a	Unit	Test conditions and supplementary instructions		
1 Rhec	1 Rheological properties								
1.1	Melt mass-flow rate	MFR	100 4422 4	Moulding		g/10min	Temperature 200 °C, load		
1.2	Melt volume- flow rate	MVR	150 1133-1	SO 1133-1 compound		cm ³ /10 min	5 kg		
1.3	Moulding	S_{Mp}	ISO 294-4	60 × 60 × 2	М	%	Parallel		
1.4	shrinkage	S_{Mn}	130 494-4	00 × 00 × 2			Normal		

M = Injection moulding, Q = Compression moulding.

The properties are generally affected by the relative humidity. Therefore, they shall be measured in a standard atmosphere of 23 °C \pm 2 °C and 50 % \pm 10 % relative humidity.

 Table 3 (continued)

Property Symb		Symbol	Standard	Specimen type (dimensions in mm)	Specimen preparation ^a	Unit	Test conditions and supplementary instructions	
2 Mecl	2 Mechanical properties							
2.1	Tensile modulus	E_{t}				MPa	Test speed 1 mm/min.	
2.2	Yield stress	$\sigma_{ m y}$	ISO 527-1,			MPa		
2.3	Yield strain	ε_{y}					Failure with yielding:	
2.4	Nominal strain at break	$arepsilon_{ ext{tb}}$	ISO 527-2, ISO 527-4	ISO 20753		%	Test speed 50 mm/min.	
2.5	Stress at break	$\sigma_{ m b}$		Type A1		MPa	Failure without yielding: test speed 5 mm/min.	
2.6	Strain at break	ε_{b}]			%		
2.7	Tensile creep	$E_{\rm tc}1$	100 000 1		М		At 1 h	
2.8	modulus	$E_{\rm tc} 10^3$	ISO 899-1			MPa	At 1 000 h Strain < 0,5 %.	
2.9	Flexural modulus	E_{f}	ISO 178	80 × 10 × 4		MPa	Test speed 2 mm/min	
2.10	Flexural strength	$\sigma_{ m fM}$	130 176	00 × 10 × 4		MFa	rest speed 2 mm/mm	
2.11	Charpy impact strength	α_{cU}	ISO 179-1 or	80 × 10 × 4		kJ/m²	Edgewise impact, method1eU. Also record type of failure	
2.12	Charpy notched impact strength	α_{cA}	IS0179-2	80 × 10 × 4 Machined V-notch, r = 0,25			Edgewise impact, method1eA. Also record type of failure.	
2.13	Tensile notched impact strength	iTeh	150 8256 NI	80 × 10 × 4 Machined double V-notch, r = 1	REVIE	kJ/m²	Only to be quoted if fracture cannot be obtained with notched Charpy test.	
3 Ther	mal properties		(stand	arus.iten	.ai)			
3.1	Glass transition temperature	Tg	ISO 11357-2 <mark>ISC</mark>	190 Moulding 0 compound	<u>-</u> 1a08-7f63-4bc4	°C	Record the method used for determination of Tg.	
2.2	1	s://standards	ISO 757531100			-0030-	Use 10 K/min heating rate. 1.8 MPa Maximum	
3.2	Temperature of deflection under	T _f 1,8	-	ladf/iso-19063-2-2 80 × 10 × 4 flatwise	3020	°C	surface	
3.3	load	T _f 0,45	ISO 75-2	Hatwise			0,45 MPa stress	
3.4	Vicat softening temperature	VST B50	ISO 306	≥ 10 × 10 × 4			Heating rate 50 C/h, Load 50 N	
3.5		B50/3	IEC 60695-	125 × 13 × 3			Record one of the classifications	
3.6	Flammability- Burning behaviour	<i>B50/</i> h	11–10	Thickness h greater than 3 mm	M	mm/min	V-0, V-1, V-2, HB, HB40 or HB75.	
3.7		B500/3	IEC 60695-	≥ 150 × ≥ 150 × 3			Record classification	
3.8		<i>B500/</i> h	11-20	Thickness h greater than 3 mm			5VA, 5VB, or N.	
3.9	Ignitability- Oxygen index	OI	ISO 4589-2	80 × 10 × 4		%	Use procedure A (top surface ignition).	

M = Injection moulding, Q = Compression moulding.

The properties are generally affected by the relative humidity. Therefore, they shall be measured in a standard atmosphere of 23 °C \pm 2 °C and 50 % \pm 10 % relative humidity.