INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

ISO 24025-2

First edition 2020-05

Plastics — Sulfone polymer moulding and extrusion materials —

Part 2:

Preparation of test specimens and determination of properties

iTeh STPlastiques — Matériaux à basé de polymères sulfone pour moulage et extrusion —

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Published in Switzerland

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Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular, the different approval criteria needed for the different types of ISO documents should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2 (see www.iso.org/directives).

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights. Details of any patent rights identified during the development of the document will be in the Introduction and/or on the ISO list of patent declarations received (see www.iso.org/patents).

Any trade name used in this document is information given for the convenience of users and does not constitute an endorsement.

For an explanation of the voluntary nature of standards, the meaning of ISO specific terms and expressions related to conformity assessment, as well as information about ISO's adherence to the World Trade Organization (WTO) principles in the Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT) see www.iso.org/iso/foreword.html. (Standards.iteh.ai)

This document was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 61, *Plastics*, Subcommittee SC 9, *Thermoplastic materials*, in collaboration with the European Committee for Standardization (CEN) Technical Committee CEN/TC 249, *Plastics*, in accordance with the Agreement on technical cooperation between ISO and CEN (Vienna Agreement). 3dd849904d2/iso-24025-2-2020

This first edition of ISO 24025-2 cancels and replaces ISO 25137-2:2009, which has been technically revised.

The main changes compared to the previous edition are as follows:

- the normative references have been updated to the latest version;
- Clause 3 has been added;
- <u>Table 2</u> has been updated according to the revised ISO 10350-1;
- three properties have been added: moulding shrinkage, luminous transmittance, yellowness index.

A list of all parts in the ISO 24025 series can be found on the ISO website.

Any feedback or questions on this document should be directed to the user's national standards body. A complete listing of these bodies can be found at www.iso.org/members.html.

Plastics — Sulfone polymer moulding and extrusion materials —

Part 2:

Preparation of test specimens and determination of properties

1 Scope

- **1.1** This document specifies the methods of preparation of test specimens and the test methods to be used in determining the properties of sulfone polymer moulding and extrusion materials. Requirements for handling test material and for conditioning both the test material before moulding and the specimens before testing are given here.
- **1.2** Procedures and conditions for the preparation of test specimens and procedures for measuring properties of the materials from which these specimens are made are given. Properties and test methods which are suitable and necessary to characterize sulfone polymer moulding and extrusion materials are listed.
- 1.3 The properties have been selected from the general test methods in ISO 10350-1. Other test methods in wide use for, or of particular significance to, these moulding and extrusion materials are also included in this document, as are the designatory properties specified in ISO 24025-1.

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2 Normative references

The following documents are referred to in the text in such a way that some or all of their content constitutes requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO 62, Plastics — Determination of water absorption

ISO 75-2, Plastics — Determination of temperature of deflection under load — Part 2: Plastics and ebonite

ISO 178, Plastics — Determination of flexural properties

ISO 179-1, Plastics — Determination of Charpy impact properties — Part 1: Non-instrumented impact test

ISO 179-2, Plastics — Determination of Charpy impact properties — Part 2: Instrumented impact test

ISO 291, Plastics — Standard atmospheres for conditioning and testing

ISO 294-1, Plastics — Injection moulding of test specimens of thermoplastic materials — Part 1: General principles, and moulding of multipurpose and bar test specimens

ISO 294-3, Plastics — Injection moulding of test specimens of thermoplastic materials — Part 3: Small plates

ISO 294-4, Plastics — Injection moulding of test specimens of thermoplastic materials — Part 4: Determination of moulding shrinkage

ISO 306, Plastics — Thermoplastic materials — Determination of Vicat softening temperature (VST)

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ISO 527-2, Plastics — Determination of tensile properties — Part 2: Test conditions for moulding and extrusion plastics

ISO 899-1, Plastics — Determination of creep behaviour — Part 1: Tensile creep

ISO 1133-1, Plastics — Determination of the melt mass-flow rate (MFR) and melt volume-flow rate (MVR) of thermoplastics — Part 1: Standard method

ISO 1183-1, Plastics — Methods for determining the density of non-cellular plastics — Part 1: Immersion method, liquid pycnometer method and titration method

ISO 4589-2, Plastics — Determination of burning behaviour by oxygen index — Part 2: Ambient-temperature test

ISO 8256, Plastics — Determination of tensile-impact strength

ISO 10350-1, Plastics — Acquisition and presentation of comparable single-point data — Part 1: Moulding materials

ISO 11357-2, Plastics — Differential scanning calorimetry (DSC) — Part 2: Determination of glass transition temperature and glass transition step height

ISO 15512, Plastics — Determination of water content

ISO 17223, Plastics — Determination of yellowness index and change in yellowness index

ISO 20753, Plastics — Test specimens STANDARD PREVIEW

ISO 26723, Plastics — Determination of total luminous transmittance and reflectance

IEC 60112, Method for the determination of the proof and the comparative tracking indices of solid insulating materials

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https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/b6dafec2-f669-4465-bf71-IEC 60243-1, Electrical strength of insulating 4 materials 24025 Test 24025 Test

IEC 60296, Fluids for electrotechnical applications — Unused mineral insulating oils for transformers and Switchgear

IEC 60695-11-10, Fire hazard testing — Part 11-10: Test flames — 50 W horizontal and vertical flame test methods

IEC 62631-2-1, Dielectric and resistive properties of solid insulating materials — Part 2-1: Relative permittivity and dissipation factor — Technical frequencies (0.1 Hz to 10 MHz) — AC Methods

IEC 62631-3-1, Dielectric and resistive properties of solid insulating materials — Part 3-1: Determination of resistive properties (DC methods) — Volume resistance and volume resistivity — General method

IEC 62631-3-2, Dielectric and resistive properties of solid insulating materials — Part 3-2: Determination of resistive properties (DC methods) — Surface resistance and surface resistivity

3 Terms and definitions

No terms and definitions are listed in this document.

ISO and IEC maintain terminological databases for use in standardization at the following addresses:

- ISO Online browsing platform: available at https://www.iso.org/obp
- IEC Electropedia: available at http://www.electropedia.org/

4 Preparation of test specimens

4.1 General

In order to obtain reproducible and comparable test results, it is necessary to use the methods of specimen preparation and conditioning, the specimen dimensions and the test procedures specified herein. Values determined are not necessarily identical to those obtained using specimens of different dimensions or prepared using different procedures.

It is essential that specimens are always prepared by the same procedure, using the same processing conditions. The procedure to be used for each test method is indicated in <u>Table 2</u>.

4.2 Treatment of the material before moulding

Before moulding, the material shall be dried to a moisture level of no more than 0,05 % as determined using ISO 15512.

4.3 Injection moulding

Injection-moulded specimens shall be prepared in accordance with ISO 294-1, using the conditions specified in <u>Table 1</u>.

Melt temperature Mould temperature **Material** Injection velocity standard ai)°C mm/s PSU 345 to 390 100 to 160 **PESU** 345 to 390 24025-2 130 to 180 200 ± 100 tandards.it360/68t390/standards sist/b6dafeq4₀f69₁₈₆65-bf71-PPSU

Table 1 — Conditions for injection moulding of test specimens

5 Conditioning of test specimens

Test specimens for melt rheology and thermal analysis (i.e. determination of glass transition temperature, $T_{\rm g}$) shall be dried and stored in a desiccator at (23 ± 2) °C before testing. The recommended drying conditions for these specimens are 2 h at 160 °C. The target moisture level is no more than 0,03 %. Test specimens for temperature of deflection under load shall be annealed as per Table 2 before conditioning for at least 24 h at (23 ± 2) °C and (50 ± 10) % relative humidity. Test specimens for other properties shall be conditioned for at least 24 h at (23 ± 2) °C and (50 ± 10) % relative humidity.

6 Determination of properties

In the determination of properties and the presentation of data, the standards, supplementary instructions and notes given in ISO 10350-1 shall be applied. All tests shall be carried out in one of the standard atmospheres in ISO 291 unless specifically stated otherwise in Table 2 and Table 3. A test atmosphere of (23 ± 2) °C and (50 ± 10) % relative humidity shall be used in cases of dispute.

<u>Table 2</u> is compiled from ISO 10350-1, and the properties listed are those which are appropriate to sulfone polymer moulding and extrusion materials. <u>Table 3</u> shows the appearance properties. These properties are those considered useful for comparisons of data generated for different thermoplastics.

Table 2 — General properties and test conditions (selected from ISO 10350-1)

Property Unit		Test method	Specimen type (dimensions in mm)	Specimen preparation	Test conditions and supplementary instructions		
Rheological properties							
Melt mass-flow rate	g/10	ISO 1133-1	Moulding compound	_	PSU: 343 °C, load 2,16 kg		
	min				PESU: 380 °C, load 2,16 kg		
Melt volume-flow	cm ³ /10 min				PPSU: 365 °C, load 5,00 kg		
rate					Alternative conditions: 360 °C, load 10,00 kg		
Moulding shrinkage	%	ISO 294-4	60 × 60 × 2	_	Parallel to the melt flow direction		
Modianig sin inkage			ISO 294-3 type D2		Perpendicular to the direction of melt flow		
Mechanical properti	es						
Tensile modulus	MPa	- ISO 527-2			Test speed: 1 mm/min Test speed: 50 mm/min for unreinforced materials, and 5,0 mm/min for reinforced materials		
Yield stress	MIT						
Yield strain	- %		ISO 20753/A1				
Strain at break			ISU 20/53/A1				
Tensile creep modulus	MPa	ISO 899-57	CANDARD	PREVI	At 1 h At 1 000 h Strain ≤ 0,5 %		
Flexural modulus	MD	ISO 178 (S	tandards.it	elinjection moulding	m . 10 / 1		
Flexural strength	MPa				Test speed 2 mm/min		
Charpy unnotched impact strength	http	ISO 179-1 s://standards.ite	80 24025-2:202 h.ai/catalog/standards/sist	<u>0</u> 'b6dafec2-f669-4	Edgewise impact Also record type of failure		
Charpy notched impact strength	kJ/m ²	ISO 179-2	25dd849904d2/iso-2402: 80 × 10 × 4	5-2-2020			
Tensile notched		ISO 8256	80 × 10 × 4		Only to be quoted if fracture cannot be obtained with notched Charpy impact test		
impact strength			Machined double V-notch, r = 1				
Thermal properties					,		
Glass transition temperature	°C	ISO 11357-2	Moulding compound	_	Use 20 K/min, Use equal-areas method in case of occurrence of enthalpy relaxations.		
	°C	ISO 75-2	80 × 10 × 4	Injection moulding followed by annealing (see next column)	Heating rate 120 °C/h		
					Flexural stress 1,8 MPa		
					Edgewise impact		
Temperature of deflection under					Anneal specimens for 4 h at 140 °C or for 1 h at one of the following temperatures:		
load					PSU: 170 °C; PESU and PPSU: 200 °C.		
					Before testing, condition specimens at (23 ± 2) °C and (50 ± 10) % RH for at least 24 h.		

 Table 2 (continued)

Property	Unit	Test method	Specimen type (dimensions in mm)	Specimen preparation	Test conditions and supplementary instructions		
Vicat softening	°C	ISO 306	≥ 10 × 10 × 4		Heating rate 50 °C/h		
temperature	Ü				Load 50 N		
Burning behaviour	_	IEC 60695- 11-10	125 × 13 × 3	Injection moulding	Record one of classifications V-0, V-1, V-2, HB40, HB75		
Oxygen index	%	ISO 4589-2	80 × 10 × 4		Use procedure A (top surface ignition)		
Electrical properties	1						
Relative permittivity	_	IEC 62631-	≥ 60 × ≥ 60 × 2		Frequency 100 Hz and 1 MHz; compensate for electrode edge effects.		
Dissipation factor	_	2-1					
Volume resistivity	Ω·m	IEC 62631- 3-1			Voltage 500 V	1-min value	
Surface resistivity	Ω IEC 3-2	IEC 62631- 3-2	≥ 60 × ≥ 60 × 2			Use contacting line electrodes 1 mm to 2 mm wide, 50 mm long and 5 mm apart.	
	iTeh	STAN	D≱60×≥60× R F		Use 25 mm/75 mm coaxial-cylinder electrodes.		
Electric strength	kV/mm	IEC 60243-1	lards.		Immerse in transformer oil conforming to IEC 60296.		
			0.24025.22020		Use a 20 s step-by-step test.		
Comparative tracking index	tps:// <u>st</u> anda	rds.iteh.ai/catald IEC 60112 9008499	g/standards/sist/b6dafec2 04d2/so-24023-2-2020	-f669-4465-bf7	- Use solution A		
Other properties							
Water absorption	%	ISO 62	60 × 60 × 2	Injection moulding	Measure saturation value in water at 23 °C and equilibrium value at 23 °C and 50 % relative humidity.		
Density	kg/m ³ (g/cm ³)	ISO 1183-1	10 × 10 × 4	Specimen to be taken moulded product.			

Table 3 — Appearance properties and test conditions

Property	Unit	Test method	Specimen type (dimensions in mm)	Specimen preparation	Test conditions and supplementary instructions
Luminous transmittance	%	ISO 26723	Specimen thickness: 2	Injection moulding	Standard illuminant: D65 or C. Before testing, condition specimens at (23 ± 2) °C and (50 ± 10) % RH for at least 40 h. No obstacles within 1,5 meters on the right side of the instrument.
Yellowness index	%	ISO 17223	Specimen thickness: 2		Standard illuminant D65 or C.