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Leisure accommodation vehicles - Motor caravans - Part 1: Habitation requirements relating to health and safety

Bewohnbare Freizeitfahrzeuge - Motorcaravans - Teil 1: Anforderungen an den Wohnbereich hinsichtlich Gesundheit und Sicherheit

Véhicules habitables de loisirs - Autocaravanes - Partie 1 : Exigences d'habitation relatives à la santé et à la sécurité

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Passenger cars. Caravans

prikolice in lahke prikolice

and light trailers

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Leisure accommodation vehicles - Motor caravans - Part 1: Habitation requirements relating to health and safety

Véhicules habitables de loisirs - Autocaravanes - Partie 1 : Exigences d'habitation relatives à la santé et à la sécurité Bewohnbare Freizeitfahrzeuge - Motorcaravans - Teil 1: Anforderungen an den Wohnbereich hinsichtlich Gesundheit und Sicherheit

This draft European Standard is submitted to CEN members for enquiry. It has been drawn up by the Technical Committee CEN/TC 245.

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EUROPEAN COMMITTEE FOR STANDARDIZATION COMITÉ EUROPÉEN DE NORMALISATION EUROPÄISCHES KOMITEE FÜR NORMUNG

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European foreword

This document (prEN 1646-1:2024) has been prepared by Technical Committee CEN/TC 245 "Leisure accommodation vehicles", the secretariat of which is held by AFNOR.

This document is currently submitted to the CEN Enquiry.

This document will supersede EN 1646-1:2018.

prEN 1646-1:2024 includes the following significant technical changes with respect to EN 1646-1:2018:

- a) change from "flammable" to "combustible"
- b) amendment of Clause 5.2.1 "Heights";
- c) Clause 6.1.2.1 modified for motor caravans;
- d) amendment Clause 5.1 "Occupancy";
- e) Clause 6.1.3 "Clearance of drop-down bunks" added;
- f) amendment of Clause 6.1.4.3 "Protection by curtains or nets";
- g) amendment of Clause 6.1.7 "Access to high level bunks";
- h) amendment of Clause 7 "Drinking water supply, storage and disposal of waste water";
- i) amendment of Clause 8.1 "Installation of appliances";
- j) amendment of Clause 10.1.2 "Extra low voltage (DC)";
- k) amendment of Clause 12.3 "Hotplates";
- l) amendment of Annex A "Mechanical strength of entrance step" 39-59683ddd4796/osist-pren-1646-1-2024
- m) amendment of D.2 "Preparation and procedure" in Annex D "Clear height over bunks";
- n) amendment of test equipment for load spreading platform for bunks (K.5)
- o) normative references updated.

Introduction

Figure 1 gives an overview of the relevant standards for caravans, motor caravans and caravan holiday homes.

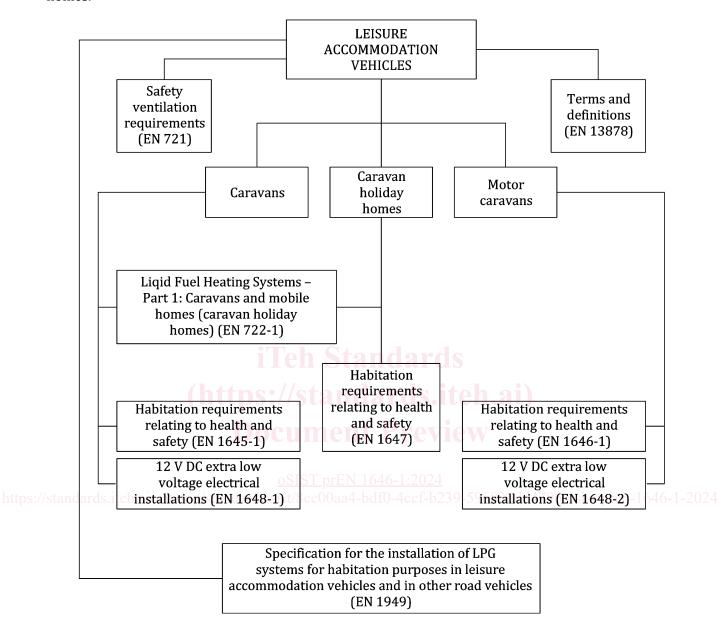


Figure 1 — Overview of relevant standards applying to leisure accommodation vehicles

1 Scope

This document specifies requirements intended to ensure the safety and health of persons when they use motor caravans for temporary or seasonal habitation.

It also specifies the corresponding test methods.

Specific requirements of this document apply to motor caravans where the overall length multiplied by the overall width does not exceed 13.5 m^2 plan area.

Requirements applicable to road safety are not included in the scope of this document.

This document is applicable exclusively to motor caravans as defined in EN 13878.

2 Normative references

The following documents are referred to in the text in such a way that some or all of their content constitutes requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

EN 3-7, Portable fire extinguishers — Part 7: Characteristics, performance requirements and test methods

EN 721, Leisure accommodation vehicles — Safety ventilation requirements

EN 1648-2, Leisure accommodation vehicles — 12 V direct current extra low voltage electrical installations — Part 2: Motor caravans

EN 1949, Specification for the installation of LPG systems for habitation purposes in leisure accommodation vehicles and accommodation purposes in other vehicles

EN 13501-1:2018, Fire classification of construction products and building elements – Part 1: Classification using data from reaction to fire tests

EN 13878, Leisure accommodation vehicles — Terms and definitions

EN ISO 8936, Awnings for leisure accommodation vehicles — Requirements and test methods (ISO 8936)

HD 60364-7-721, Low-voltage electrical installations — Part 7-721: Requirements for special installations or locations — Electrical installations in caravans and motor caravans (IEC 60364-7-721)

ISO 4649:2017, Rubber, vulcanized or thermoplastic — Determination of abrasion resistance using a rotating cylindrical drum device

3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the terms and definitions given in EN 13878 apply.

ISO and IEC maintain terminology databases for use in standardization at the following addresses:

- ISO Online browsing platform: available at https://www.iso.org/obp/
- IEC Electropedia: available at https://www.electropedia.org/

4 Testing

The tests described in Annex A to Annex K are intended to verify that a motor caravan representative of a given model, including its fixtures and fittings, meets the requirements of this document.

These tests are intended to simulate the most onerous conditions, for the relevant characteristics.

It is recommended to take environmental aspects into account during development, production and disposal of motor caravans based on established knowledge and within the respective technical possibilities (see also Annex L).

5 Design and construction

5.1 Occupancy

The manufacturer shall designate the occupancy as the number of berths, both standard berths and additional berths provided by the manufacturer and shall include it in the user's handbook. The occupancy is also necessary to determine the ventilation requirements (see EN 721).

NOTE The number of seating positions defined on the registration certificate might be different.

5.2 Entrance steps to living area

5.2.1 Heights

When the entrance height of the motor caravan, measured at maximum technically permissible laden mass, and standing on horizontal ground, exceeds 450 mm, the motor caravan shall either be fitted with an entrance step, attachable or integral with the structure of the motor caravan, or a separate entrance step(s) shall be provided. An integral entrance step can be either retractable, folding or fixed.

The rise of the first tread shall not exceed 450 mm. The rise of any other tread shall not exceed 300 mm. It is recommended that the rise of the steps be equal.

5.2.2 Minimum tread dimensions

The minimum tread dimensions shall be: tandards.iteh.ai)

- a) attachable or integral entrance steps: 150 mm going over a minimum, uninterrupted width of 320 mm;
- b) separate steps: 270 mm going over a minimum, uninterrupted width of 450 mm.

5.2.3 Mechanical strength

An entrance step and any fixing devices shall be capable of withstanding a force of 2 000 N applied to any surface area of $100 \text{ mm} \times 150 \text{ mm}$ of the tread(s).

After application of this force for a period of 5 min, any permanent deformation caused shall not exceed 5 mm.

The strength of each step shall be tested in accordance with Annex A.

5.2.4 Slip resistance and stability test of entrance step

5.2.4.1 Attachable or integral entrance step

An attachable or integral step shall have a slip resistant surface.

The slip resistance shall be tested in accordance with Annex B.

5.2.4.2 Separate entrance step

A separate entrance step shall have a slip resistant surface. The slip resistant surface shall be tested in accordance with Annex B after having fixed the feet or base of the step.

In addition, a separate step shall remain stable when tested in accordance with Annex C.

5.3 Doors

5.3.1 Dimensions

5.3.1.1 Motor caravans above 13,5 m² plan area

Each exterior door opening to the habitation area shall have a minimum clear height of 1 590 mm and a minimum clear width of 480 mm and corners of maximum radius of 90 mm. The locking system may intrude on the minimum width up to 30 mm and for a maximum height of 150 mm, regardless of the number of locks.

5.3.1.2 Motor caravans equal to or less than 13,5 m² plan area

Each exterior door opening to the habitation area shall have a minimum clear height of 1 140 mm and a minimum clear width of 480 mm and corners of maximum radius of 90 mm.

There shall be a clear opening free from any obstruction of at least 0,65 m².

5.3.2 Securing doors

Each exterior door shall be fitted with a locking device capable of keeping it closed when subjected to all forces caused by movement of the motor caravan in normal traffic conditions.

Interior doors shall be capable of being kept in a fixed position, open or closed, in the above conditions.

5.3.3 Childproof locking systems

When an external door is fitted with a childproof lock, a notice shall be permanently fixed close to the lock. The notice shall read:

— "Ensure that the childproof lock is not activated when the motor caravan is parked for use for habitation."

5.3.4 Dead-locking systems

If a dead-locking system is fitted on the base vehicle, information shall be included in the user's handbook on how to operate the doors from the inside when the dead-locking system is activated.

5.4 Awning rails

Any awning rail shall permit the correct fitting of an awning complying with EN ISO 8936.

6 Internal equipment

6.1 Bunks

6.1.1 Mattress and/or upholstery

Bunks shall be provided with mattresses or be upholstered.

6.1.2 Clearance

6.1.2.1 Motor caravans above 13,5 m² plan area

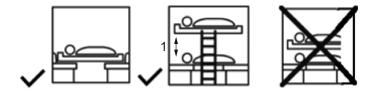
The clear height over 2/3 of the surface of the bunk shall be not less than 500 mm when measured from the compressed surface of the mattress or upholstery in accordance with the test in Annex D.

6.1.2.2 Motor caravans equal to or below 13,5 m² plan area

The clear height over half the surface area of the bunk shall be not less than 400 mm when measured from the compressed surface of the mattress or upholstery in accordance with the test in Annex D.

6.1.3 Clearance of drop-down bunks

Where it is possible for a drop-down bunk to be lowered so that the clear height is not according to 6.1.2, then a label according to Figure 2, shall be affixed in a visible position close to the switch or operating mechanism to advise the customer of the risk of lowering the bunk when the lower bunk is in use.



Key

1 Minimum clear height

Figure 2 — Bunk information

6.1.4 Protection against falling out

6.1.4.1 General

High level bunks shall be protected on all sides to prevent the occupant from falling out. Any gap between one element of protection and another shall conform to 6.1.8. However, no gap shall exceed 75 mm.

All protections shall be secured against unintentional loosening.

High level bunks shall be provided with a label written in the language of the country where the motor caravan is to be first sold with the following wording:

"Not suitable for children under 6 years old without supervision".

6.1.4.2 Rigid protection

For rigid protection, the minimum height of the protection shall be at least 150 mm above the uncompressed upper surface of the mattress or upholstery. To allow entry, an access gap of 350 mm to 550 mm measured at its narrowest point shall be provided.

Where a rigid protection presents an apparent flexibility, its resistance shall be tested in accordance with Annex E.

A protection is considered as rigid if it is not bent more than 10 mm under a force of 100 N applied horizontally in the middle of the protection.

6.1.4.3 Protection by curtains or nets

Alternatively, the protection may be obtained by means of curtains or nets. The minimum height of the protection shall be at least 160 mm above the uncompressed upper surface of the mattress or upholstery, when the upper edge is loaded with 100 N in a vertical direction downward.

To allow access to the bunk, the curtains or nets on at least one side of the bunk may be detachable, to enable an opening of at least 350 mm. If a permanent opening is provided for access, this opening shall be between 350 mm to 550 mm.

The curtains or nets shall be capable of resisting a force of 100 N applied horizontally towards the outside of the bunk for 15 s to any point and this shall not result in any tearing nor detaching nor creating any gap larger than 60 mm at the lower edge of the protection.

The strength of the curtains or nets shall be tested in accordance with Annex E.

Any gap created during the resistance test shall be measured in accordance with Annex I.

6.1.5 Mechanical strength

A force of 1 000 N applied vertically downwards, for 1 h, from the midpoint of each side member of any bunk where the upper surface of the compressed mattress or upholstery is placed at a height of more than 500 mm from the floor, shall neither cause permanent deformation of more than 5 mm of the frame of the bunk nor damage the fixing of the bunk to the structure of the motor caravan.

The mechanical strength shall be tested in accordance with Annex F.

6.1.6 Security of bunks

If a bunk is designed to fold away, it shall be secured against unintentional folding away.

If a bunk is designed to be stored during transportation, it shall be secured against unintentional movement when stored.

All bunks shall not unintentionally move. All bunks shall be tested in accordance with Annex G.

6.1.7 Access to high level bunks

A means of access to a high level bunk shall be provided, such as surfaces of furniture, foot holes in a solid component, handles or a ladder which shall be fixed or be able to be attached to the bunk, in a safe manner.

The width of the treads between supports shall be at least 250 mm.

The distance between the top foothold and of the unloaded surface of the mattress, at the point of access shall not be more than 400 mm.

When a ladder is used, the upper surfaces of the treads shall be equally spaced within a tolerance of \pm 12 mm, and the unobstructed distance between consecutive treads shall be (225 \pm 25) mm.

There shall be an unobstructed distance of ≥ 100 mm from the back surface of the tread to any obstruction and a clear height of 75 mm. When tested in accordance with Annex H, the ladder shall not move when subjected to a downward static load of 1 000 N and horizontal static load of 500 N; nor shall the ladder or its treads break or deflect permanently by more than 5 mm.

Where it is impractical to test the bunk ladder in the motor caravan, it is acceptable to test an identical configuration of the ladder, its method of fixing and its range of positions of use, outside the motor caravan according to Annex H.

6.1.8 Protection against entrapment

When ready for use, a bunk and its means of access shall not contain any open-ended tube; nor shall there be projections, holes, loose washers, speed fixing nuts or crevices on which clothing or any part of the body could become snagged or trapped. Tension springs in the base structure are excluded. All edges, corners and projecting parts that are accessible shall be free from burrs and sharp edges.

If the base of a bunk is not covered by permanently fixed upholstery, any gap in the base not covered by the mattress shall not permit the passage of the cone (see I.1) beyond the point at which the diameter of the cone is 75 mm, when measured in accordance with I.2.