INTERNATIONAL STANDARD



Second edition

Road vehicles — Liquefied natural gas (LNG) fuel system components —

Part 13: **Tank pressure control regulator**

Véhicules routiers — Équipements pour véhicules utilisant le gaz **iTeh ST** Partie 13: Régulateur de pression du réservoir **(standards.iteh.ai)**

ISO/PRF 12614-13 https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/6bc16992-8d33-40ba-b289c9912e2fa6c4/iso-prf-12614-13

PROOF/ÉPREUVE



Reference number ISO 12614-13:2021(E)

iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW (standards.iteh.ai)

ISO/PRF 12614-13 https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/6bc16992-8d33-40ba-b289c9912e2fa6c4/iso-prf-12614-13



COPYRIGHT PROTECTED DOCUMENT

© ISO 2021

All rights reserved. Unless otherwise specified, or required in the context of its implementation, no part of this publication may be reproduced or utilized otherwise in any form or by any means, electronic or mechanical, including photocopying, or posting on the internet or an intranet, without prior written permission. Permission can be requested from either ISO at the address below or ISO's member body in the country of the requester.

ISO copyright office CP 401 • Ch. de Blandonnet 8 CH-1214 Vernier, Geneva Phone: +41 22 749 01 11 Email: copyright@iso.org Website: www.iso.org

Published in Switzerland

Page

Contents

Forew	ord	iv		
1	Scope			
2	Norma	ative references		
3	Terms	and definitions1		
4	Marking			
5	Construction and assembly2			
6	Test	2		
	6.1	Applicability		
	6.2	Applicability 2 Hydrostatic strength 3		
	6.3	External leakage		
	6.4	Continued operation		
Biblio	graphy	·		

iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW (standards.iteh.ai)

Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular, the different approval criteria needed for the different types of ISO documents should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2 (see www.iso.org/directives).

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights. Details of any patent rights identified during the development of the document will be in the Introduction and/or on the ISO list of patent declarations received (see www.iso.org/patents).

Any trade name used in this document is information given for the convenience of users and does not constitute an endorsement.

For an explanation of the voluntary nature of standards, the meaning of ISO specific terms and expressions related to conformity assessment, as well as information about ISO's adherence to the World Trade Organization (WTO) principles in the Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT), see www.iso.org/iso/foreword.html.

This document was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 22, *Road vehicles*, Subcommittee SC 41, *Specific aspects of gaseous fuels*. ISO/PRF 12614-13 https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/6bc16992-8d33-40ba-b289-

This second edition cancels and replaces?the2firstisedition (1SO 12614-13:2014), which has been technically revised.

The main changes compared to the previous edition are as follows:

editorial changes.

A list of all parts in the ISO 12614 series can be found on the ISO website.

Any feedback or questions on this document should be directed to the user's national standards body. A complete listing of these bodies can be found at <u>www.iso.org/members.html</u>.

Road vehicles — Liquefied natural gas (LNG) fuel system components —

Part 13: **Tank pressure control regulator**

1 Scope

This document specifies tests and requirements for the tank pressure control regulator, a liquefied natural gas fuel system component intended for use on the types of motor vehicles defined in ISO 3833.

This document is not applicable to the following:

- a) fuel containers;
- b) stationary gas engines;
- c) container mounting hardware;
- d) electronic fuel management; TANDARD PREVIEW
- e) refuelling receptacles. (standards.iteh.ai)

It is recognized that miscellaneous components not specifically covered herein can be examined to meet the criteria of this document and tested according to the appropriate functional tests.

https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/6bc16992-8d33-40ba-b289-All references to pressure in this document/are_to be considered gauge pressures unless otherwise specified.

This document is based upon a working pressure for natural gas as a fuel of 1,6 MPa [16 bar¹]. Other working pressures can be accommodated by adjusting the pressure by the appropriate factor (ratio). For example, 2 MPa (20 bar) working pressure system will require pressures to be multiplied by 1,25.

2 Normative references

The following documents are referred to in the text in such a way that some or all of their content constitutes requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO 12614-1, Road vehicles — Liquefied natural gas (LNG) fuel system components — Part 1: General requirements and definitions

ISO 12614-2, Road vehicles — Liquefied natural gas (LNG) fuel system components — Part 2: Performance and general test methods

3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the terms and definitions given in ISO 12614-1 and the following apply.

ISO and IEC maintain terminological databases for use in standardization at the following addresses:

— ISO Online browsing platform: available at <u>https://www.iso.org/obp</u>

^{1) 1} bar = 0,1 MPa = 105 Pa; 1 MPa = 1 N/mm².

— IEC Electropedia: available at http://www.electropedia.org/

3.1

lock-up pressure

stabilized outlet pressure of the regulator at 0 (zero) flow

4 Marking

Marking of the component shall provide sufficient information to allow the following to be traced:

- a) the manufacturer's or agent's name, trademark, or symbol;
- b) the model designation (part number);
- c) the working pressure or pressure and temperature range;
- d) the serial number or date code.

The following additional markings are recommended:

- i) the direction of flow (when necessary for correct installation);
- ii) the type of fuel;
- iii) electrical ratings (if applicable);
- iv) the symbol of the certification agency; ANDARD PREVIEW
- v) the type approval number; (standards.iteh.ai)
- vi) reference to this document (i.e. ISO 12614-13).

NOTE This information can be provided by a suitable identification code on at least one part of the component when it consists of more than one part.

5 Construction and assembly

The tank pressure regulator shall comply with the applicable provisions of ISO 12614-1 and ISO 12614-2 and with the tests specified in <u>Clause 6</u>.

6 Test

6.1 Applicability

The tests required to be carried out are indicated in <u>Table 1</u>.

Test	Applicable	Test procedure as re- quired by ISO 12614-2	Specific test requirements of this document
Hydrostatic strength	X	Х	X (see <u>6.2</u>)
Leakage	X	Х	X (see <u>6.3</u>)
Excess torque resistance	X	Х	
Bending moment	X	Х	
Continued operation	X	Х	X (see <u>6.4</u>)
Corrosion resistance	X	Х	
Oxygen ageing	X	Х	

Table 1 — Tests applicable

Test	Applicable	Test procedure as re- quired by ISO 12614-2	Specific test requirements of this document
Electrical over voltages	Х	Х	
Non-metallic material immersion	Х	Х	
Vibration resistance	Х	Х	
Brass material compatibility	Х	Х	

Table 1 (continued)

6.2 Hydrostatic strength

Test the tank pressure control regulator according to the procedure for testing hydrostatic strength specified in ISO 12614-2. The test pressure shall be 2,5 times the working pressure.

6.3 External leakage

Test the tank pressure regulator at the temperatures and pressures given in Table 2.

	D
Table 2 —	Test temperatures and pressures

Temperature °C	Pressure Factor x working pressure		
iTeb STA	First	Second	
²⁰ (sta	ndar@25.xWPh.ai)		
85 or 120	0,25 x WP	1,5 x WP	

ISO/PRF 12614-13

6.4 Continued operation Is.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/6bc16992-8d33-40ba-b289-

c9912e2fa6c4/iso-prf-12614-13 The tank pressure regulator shall be able to withstand 7 000 cycles without any failure when tested according to the following procedure. Where the stages of pressure regulation are separate, the working pressure in a) to c) is considered to be the working pressure of the upstream stage.

- Recycle the regulator for 50 % of the total number of cycles at room temperature and at the a) working pressure. Each cycle shall consist of flow until stable outlet pressure has been obtained, after which, the gas flow shall be shut off by a downstream valve within 1 s, until the downstream lock-up pressure has stabilized. Stabilized outlet pressures are defined as set pressure ±15 % for at least 5 s. The regulator shall comply with 6.3 at room temperature at intervals of 20 %, 40 %, 60 %, 80 %, and 100 % of room temperature cycles.
- b) Repeat the cycling procedure of a) at less than -162 °C and 100 % of working pressure for 50 % of the total number of cycles.
- At the completion of the cycles, the lock-up pressure downstream of the regulator shall not exceed c) the lock-up pressure specified by the manufacturer.

Bibliography

[1] ISO 3833, Road vehicles — Types — Terms and definitions

iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW (standards.iteh.ai)

iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW (standards.iteh.ai)

iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW (standards.iteh.ai)