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Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular, the different approval criteria needed for the different types of ISO documents should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2 (see www.iso.org/directives).

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights. Details of any patent rights identified during the development of the document will be in the Introduction and/or on the ISO list of patent declarations received (see www.iso.org/patents).

Any trade name used in this document is information given for the convenience of users and does not constitute an endorsement.

For an explanation of the voluntary nature of standards, the meaning of ISO specific terms and expressions related to conformity assessment, as well as information about ISO's adherence to the World Trade Organization (WTO) principles in the Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT), see www.iso.org/iso/foreword.html.

This document was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 8, Ships and marine technology, Subcommittee SC 2, Marine environment protection.

Any feedback or questions on this document should be directed to the user's national standards body. A complete listing of these bodies can be found at www.iso.org/members.html. www.iso.org/members.html</

Introduction

The twenty-first session of the Conference of the Parties (COP21) of the United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change (UNFCCC) was held in Paris, France in December 2015 and finally adopted an agreement for the prevention of global warming, the Paris Agreement. The Agreement requires Parties' efforts to achieve zero net anthropogenic greenhouse gas (GHG) emissions during the second half of the 21st century. -The International Maritime Organization (IMO) adopted a strategic plan to reduce GHG emissions from the maritime sector by 50.% in 2050 and finally to zero level within this century. Since the required reduction of GHG emissions is not attainable by a simple improvement in efficiency, the substitution of alternative fuels, including hydrogen, ammonia, and biofuels, for present fossil energies must be considered. Among them, hydrogen is one of the most present energy carriers, not only as fuel, but also as storage and transportation media.

A massive and long-distance transport of hydrogen by ships from production areas to consumption areas would be necessary because production plants are often constructed far from consumption areas, which are typically cities and industrial areas where hydrogen would be used in gas/steam turbine power plants and transportation systems such as railways, automobiles and ships.

In the marine transportation system of liquefied hydrogen, transfer from shore to ship would take place using transfer arms. A number of transfer arms are currently used for the loading and unloading of liquefied natural gas (LNG) at marine terminals. However, the temperature difference between LNG (-162-°C) and liquefied hydrogen (-253-°C) is critical and requires a significant change in the design of the transfer arms. Transfer systems minimize heat loss by applying high performance heat insulation technology. Liquid oxygen (-183-°C) formation on the outer surface of the system should be strictly prevented because some materials can detonate unpredictably from sources of ignition such as flames, sparks or impact from light blows if soaked in liquefied oxygen (LO2). Leakage should also be prevented because the hydrogen molecule is small in size and hydrogen gas is flammable over a wide range of concentrations.

To ensure the safe and smooth transportation of liquefied hydrogen, well-qualified transfer arms that are compatible with the on-board equipment of hydrogen carriers should be installed at each terminal. This document is, therefore, developed to provide technical guidance and safety requirements for liquefied hydrogen marine transfer arms.

https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/iso/6e90ebce-548c-48e6-909b-6f6c761e97ad/iso-24132

Ships and marine technology — Design and testing of marine transfer arms for liquefied hydrogen

1 Scope

This document specifies the design, minimum safety requirements, and inspection and testing procedures for liquefied hydrogen (LH2) marine transfer arms intended for use at onshore LH2 terminals handling LH2 carriers. It also covers the minimum requirements for safe LH2 transfer between ship and shore.

Although the requirements for power/control systems are covered, this document does not include all of the details for the design and fabrication of standard parts and fittings associated with transfer arms. This document is mainly focused on hard pipe type transfer systems; hose type transfer systems are not described in detail in the general description of this document. However, hose type transfer systems can also be considered as reasonable vacuum insulated technology for the design of transfer arms for liquefied hydrogen.

2 Normative references

The following documents are referred to in the text in such a way that some or all of their content constitutes requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO 3452-1, Non-destructive testing — Penetrant testing — Part 1: General principles

ISO 4406, Hydraulic fluid power — Fluids — Method for coding the level of contamination by solid particles

ISO 9934-1, Non-destructive testing — Magnetic particle testing — Part 1: General principles

ISO 10474, Steel and steel products — Inspection documents

ISO 10497, Testing of valves — Fire type-testing requirements

ISO 16904, Petroleum and natural gas industries — Design and testing of LNG marine transfer arms for conventional onshore terminals

ASME Boiler and Pressure Vessel Gode Section IX

ISO 10497, Testing of valves - Fire type-testing requirements

ISO 17636-1. Non-destructive testing of welds — Radiographic testing — Part 1: X- and gamma-ray techniques with film

ISO 17636-2. Non-destructive testing of welds — Radiographic testing — Part 2: X- and gamma-ratechniques with digital detectors

IEC 60079-_10-1, Explosive atmospheres — Part 10-1: Classification of areas - Explosive gas atmospheres

IEC 60079-_0, Explosive atmospheres — Part 0: Equipment - General requirements

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IEC 60079-1, Explosive atmospheres — Part 1: Equipment protection by flameproof enclosures ""d" IEC 60079-2, Explosive atmospheres — Part 2: Equipment protection by pressurized enclosure ""p" IEC 60079-5, Explosive atmospheres — Part 5: Equipment protection by powder filling ""q" IEC 60079-6, Explosive atmospheres — Part 6: Equipment protection by liquid immersion ""o" IEC 60079-7, Explosive atmospheres — Part 7: Equipment protection by increased safety ""e" IEC 60079-11, Explosive atmospheres — Part 11: Equipment protection by intrinsic safety ""i" IEC 60079-14, Explosive atmospheres — Part 14: Electrical installations design, selection and erection IEC 60079-18, Explosive atmospheres — Part 18: Equipment protection by encapsulation ""m" IEC 60079-25, Explosive atmospheres — Part 25: Intrinsically safe electrical systems
IEC 62305-3, Protection against lightning — Part 3: Physical damage to structures and life hazard
IEC 60034-IEC 60529, Degrees of protection provided by enclosures (IP Code)

IEC 60529, Degrees of protection provided by enclosures (IP Code)

of rotating electrical machines (IP code) — Classification

IEC 62305-3, Protection against lightning — Part 3: Physical damage to structures and life hazard

 $\textcolor{red}{\textbf{IEC 60034-5}}, \textit{Rotating electrical machines} - \textit{Part 5: Degrees of protection provided by the integral design}$

ASME Boiler and Pressure Vessel Code Section IX

ISO 10474, Steel and steel products Inspection documents

ISO 17636-1, Non-destructive testing of welds — Radiographic testing — Part 1: X- and gamma-ray techniques with film

ISO 17636-2, Non-destructive testing of welds—Radiographic testing—Part 2: X—and gamma-ray techniques with digital detectors

ISO 3452-1, Non-destructive testing Penetrant testing Part 1: General principles

ISO 9934-1, Non-destructive testing — Magnetic particle testing — Part 1: General principles

ISO 4406, Hydraulic fluid power — Fluids — Method for coding the level of contamination by solid particles

73 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the following terms and definitions apply.

 $ISO\ and\ IEC\ maintain\ terminology\ databases\ for\ use\ in\ standardization\ at\ the\ following\ addresses:$

ISO Online browsing platform: available at https://www.iso.org/obp

IEC Electropedia: available at https://www.electropedia.org/

3.1

apex swivel

articulated, fluid-carrying joint located between the inboard arm (3.19) and outboard arm (3.32)

Note 1 to entry: See Figure_B.2.

Note 2 to entry: It provides *luffing* (3.25) of the outboard arm relative to the inboard arm.

3.2

attitude

various modes of use and/or location of the *transfer arm* (3.58) (i.e. manoeuvring, stowed, connected, hydrostatic test, and maintenance)

Note 1 to entry: The transfer arm can take several positions for each attitude.

3.3

base riser

riser

vertical assembly which bolts to the loading platform and supports the articulated assembly of the transfer arm (3.58)

Note 1 to entry: See Figure_B.2.

Note 2 to entry: Sometimes referred to as "standpost—".

3.4

bottom swivel

Note 1 to entry: See Figure_B.2.1ch.ai/catalog/standards/iso/6e90ebce-548c-48e6-909

3.5

brinelling

permanent indentation in the swivel (3.54) or $structural\ bearing$ (3.49) raceways caused by excessive loading of balls or rollers

3.6

cargo manifold

pipe assembly mounted on board a LH2 carrier (3.24) to which the presentation flange (3.36) or QCDC (3.38) of the transfer arm (3.58) is connected

Note 1 to entry: See Figure_B.2.

3.7

cavitation

formation and collapse of bubbles in a liquid at or below the liquid saturated vapour pressure

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Note 1 to entry: The collapse releases energy and may cause erosion at the cavitation sites, sometimes with an audible sound and vibration

Note 2 to entry: Such low pressures occur in high velocity zones such as the inner radius of elbows, or at places with variations of diameters.

3.8

clash

contact during design operational conditions, or as a result of an emergency separation

Note 1 to entry:—_This contact can occur between any part of a transfer arm (3.58) and:

- adjacent transfer arm while both arms are operating, or one arm is operating, and the other arm is stowed (e.g. the counterweights (3.10));
- ___adjacent section of the same transfer arm (e.g. triple swivel assembly (3.59) and the outboard arm (3.32)); loading platform equipment (e.g. counterweight (3.10) and piping or valves).
- loading platform equipment (e.g. counterweight (3.10) and piping or valves).

3.9

contact angle

..

angle between the plane of the *swivel joint* (3.54) or *structural bearing* (3.49) balls or rollers and the centre of contact at the ball or roller raceway interface

3.10

counterweight

system of weights used to balance the $inboard\ arm\ (3.19)$ and $outboard\ arm\ (3.32)$ assemblies

Note 1 to entry: Some *transfer arms* (3.58) have a single counterweight for this function and others have multiple counterweights.

3.11

design pressure

pressure for which the *transfer arm* (3.58) is designed

Note 1 to entry: See Table_A.1.

3.12

design temperature

range of temperatures for which the transfer arm (3.58) is designed

Note 1 to entry: See Table_A.1.

3.13

drift

longitudinal and/or lateral displacement of the $\it LH2\ carrier$ (3.24) due to the influence of environmental forces

Note 1 to entry: See also surge fore (3.51) or surge aft (3.50) and sway (3.53).

3.14

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