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Standard Practice for Determining the Specification Conformance of Geosynthetics¹

This standard is issued under the fixed designation D4759; the number immediately following the designation indicates the year of original adoption or, in the case of revision, the year of last revision. A number in parentheses indicates the year of last reapproval. A superscript epsilon (ε) indicates an editorial change since the last revision or reapproval.

This standard has been approved for use by agencies of the Department of Defense.

1. Scope

- 1.1 This practice covers a procedure for determining the conformance of geosynthetic properties to standard specifications.
- 1.2 This standard does not purport to address all of the safety concerns, if any, associated with its use. It is the responsibility of the user of this standard to establish appropriate safety and health practices and determine the applicability of regulatory limitations prior to use.

2. Referenced Documents

- 2.1 ASTM Standards:²
- D4354 Practice for Sampling of Geosynthetics for Testing
- D4439 Terminology for Geosynthetics
- D4533 Test Method for Trapezoid Tearing Strength of Geotextiles Test Method for Trapezoid Tearing Strength of Geotextiles
- D7273 Guide for for Acceptance Testing Requirements for Geonets and Geonet Drainage Geocomposites

3. Terminology

- 3.1Definitions:
- 3.1.1 geotextile, n—any permeable textile used with foundation soil, rock, earth, or any other geotechnical engineering related material as an integral part of a man-made project, structure, or system.
- 3.1.2 geosynthetic, n—a planar product manufactured from polymeric material used with soil, rock, earth, or other geotechnical engineering related material as an integral part of a man-made project, structure, or system.
- 3.1.3 specification, n—a precise statement of a set of requirements to be satisfied by a material, product, system or service that indicates the procedures for determining whether each of the requirements is satisfied.
 - 3.1.4
 - 3.1 For general definitions used in this document, refer to Terminology D4439.164-a7b8df008079/astm-d4759-11
 - 3.2 Definitions of Terms Specific to This Standard:
- 3.2.1 test result, n—a value obtained by a given test method, expressed as a single determination or a specified combination of a number of determinations.
 - 3.1.5For definition of terms relating to geotextiles, refer to Terminology D4439.

4. Significance and Use

- 4.1 This practice provides a means by which the purchaser can determine the conformance of geosynthetic properties as applied to the acceptance or rejection of a material in regards to a material specification.
- 4.2 This practice has been developed with strong emphasis on practicality and the realization that all geosynthetics are subjected to a vigorous quality control program prior to shipping.

Note 1—It is suggested that the user obtain the mean, standard deviation, and/or the coefficient of variation for given physical/mechanical properties of a product directly from the manufacturer. If this data is unavailable, it is suggested that users of this practice begin to accumulate data that can be used to estimate product averages and standard deviations for each product.

Note 2—The risk to the purchaser of buying out of specification materials is minimal when conformance requirements are detailed in the purchase specification and adequate conformance testing is performed. It is the producer's responsibility to perform thorough quality control testing for all

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² For referenced ASTM standards, visit the ASTM website, www.astm.org, or contact ASTM Customer Service at service@astm.org. For *Annual Book of ASTM Standards* volume information, refer to the standard's Document Summary page on the ASTM website.



properties requiring certification. The producer's risk of rejection is minimal with the performance of this thorough quality control testing.

5. Procedure

- 5.1Divide into lots and select lot and laboratory samples as directed in Practice Summary of the Test Procedure
- 5.1 *Procedure A*—This procedure determines the conformance of geosynthetic materials properties to acceptable specifications values.
- Note 3—Conformance testing is done by the purchaser or designated person/organization. It is usually done as the geosynthetics are brought to the project site and justify the payment of the billing (D4354). Typically testing is performed on the final product and no components to produce or assemble the final geosynthetic material need to be conformance tested.
- 5.2 —This procedure determines the conformance of geocomposite geosynthetic material properties to a set of acceptable specification values. Typically multiple individual components need to be tested together with the final geocomposite product to show conformance with the acceptable material specification. Since those individual components might or might not be altered during production/ assembly, sample collection is typically executed during production/assembly at the manufacturing facility.

6. Procedure A

- 6.1 Divide into lots and select lot and laboratory samples as directed in Practice D4354.
- 5.2Test6.2 Test the number of specimens as directed in the applicable testing method.
- 5.3Hf6.3 If the average test values for the individual lot sampling unit meet all the acceptable specification values, the lot passes.
- 5.4Hf6.4 If the average test value for any individual lot sampling unit does not meet one or more of the acceptable specification values, the lot shall be resampled and tested, except as noted in 5.4.36.4.3.
 - 5.4.1Any6.4.1 Any individual lot sampling unit which fails initial testing shall not be included in the lot for resampling.
 - 56.4.2 Disposition of individual lot sampling units which fail initial testing shall be agreed upon by purchaser and seller.
 - 5.4.36.4.3 If all lot sampling units fail initial testing, reject the entire lot without further sampling and testing.
 - 5.4.4The6.4.4 The resample size shall be at least that determined in 5.16.1.
 - Note3—The 4—The larger the number of samples in a resample, the smaller will be the consumer's risk of accepting an undesirable product.
- 5.5Pass6.5 Pass the lot if the average test values for the individual lot sampling unit from the resample meet the acceptable specification values.
- 5.6Fail 6.6 Fail the lot if the average test values for any individual lot sampling unit from the resample do not meet one or more of the acceptable specification values.
 - 56.7 Reject any failing lot.
 - 5.8A6.8 A numerical example of this practice is included in Appendix X1.

7. Procedure B

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- 7.1 Divide into lots and select lot and laboratory samples as directed in Practice D4354. b8df008079/astm-d4759-11
- Note 5—typically for geocomposite samples, the specification will require sampling during manufacture, select the units for the lot sample and potentially the multiple individual components at uniformly spaced time intervals throughout the production period at the production/ assembly facility (Procedure C in D4354).
 - 7.2 Test the number of specimens as directed in the applicable testing methods.
- 7.3 If all the average test values for the individual lot sampling units meet all the acceptable specification values, the entire lot passes.
- 7.4 If the average test value for any individual lot sampling unit does not meet one or more of the acceptable specification values, that particular lot sampling unit shall be catalogued as "failed" or non-conforming.
- Note 6—Most individual ASTM standards describe within the standard procedure as of how to address "failed" or non-conforming measured values.
- 7.4.1 Any individual lot sampling unit which fails initial testing shall be retested for all the methods which did not meet the acceptable specification values.
- 7.4.2 If the average of both tests for any initially non-conforming methods, confirm that the individual lot sampling unit is non-conforming, then the individual lot sampling unit failing the acceptable specification value need to be rejected.
- 7.4.3 Individual lot sampling units before and after the failed individual lot sampling unit or units in the lot will be resampled and retested for all applicable testing methods ("blocking tests").
- 7.4.4 Finally, the sequence of non-conforming individual lot sampling units in the lot shall be bounded/delineated by passing individual lot sampling units ("blocking tests").
- Note 7—It should be noted that if any tests on the individual components of the geocomposite are non-conforming, availability of those individual components for blocking tests could be limited to the selected individual lot sampling units prior to production/assembly.
 - 7.4.5 Disposition of individual lot sampling units which fail conformance testing shall be agreed upon by purchaser and seller.
- 7.5 Reject the sequence of non-conforming individual lot sampling units in between the bounding samples in the lot, if the average test values for any individual lot sampling unit do not meet one or more of the acceptable specification values.