

Designation: F2805 - 11

Standard Specification for Multilayer Thermoplastic And Flexible Steel Pipe And Connections¹

This standard is issued under the fixed designation F2805; the number immediately following the designation indicates the year of original adoption or, in the case of revision, the year of last revision. A number in parentheses indicates the year of last reapproval. A superscript epsilon (ϵ) indicates an editorial change since the last revision or reapproval.

1. Scope*

- 1.1 This specification covers requirements and test methods for materials, dimensions, workmanship, markings for factory manufactured multilayer flexible steel pipe with thermoplastic inner and outer layers and end connections (Fig. 1). It covers nominal sizes 2 in. through 8 in. (50 mm through 200 mm). Flexible steel pipes are multilayered pipe products manufactured in long continuous lengths and reeled for storage, transport and installation. The multilayer thermoplastic and flexible steel pipe governed by this standard are intended for use for the transport of crude oil, natural gas, hazardous chemicals, industrial chemicals and water.
- 1.2 The values stated in inch-pound units are to be regarded as standard. The values given in parentheses are mathematical conversions to SI units that are provided for information only and are not considered standard.
- 1.3 This standard does not purport to address all of the safety concerns, if any, associated with its use. It is the responsibility of the user of this standard to establish appropriate safety and health practices and determine the applicability of regulatory limitations prior to use.

2. Referenced Documents

2.1 ASTM Standards:²

A109/A109M Specification for Steel, Strip, Carbon (0.25 Maximum Percent), Cold-Rolled

A312/A312M Specification for Seamless, Welded, and Heavily Cold Worked Austenitic Stainless Steel Pipes

A333/A333M Specification for Seamless and Welded Steel Pipe for Low-Temperature Service and Other Applications with Required Notch Toughness

A506 Specification for Alloy and Structural Alloy Steel,

Sheet and Strip, Hot-Rolled and Cold-Rolled

A519 Specification for Seamless Carbon and Alloy Steel Mechanical Tubing

D792 Test Methods for Density and Specific Gravity (Relative Density) of Plastics by Displacement

D1505 Test Method for Density of Plastics by the Density-Gradient Technique

D1600 Terminology for Abbreviated Terms Relating to Plastics

D2122 Test Method for Determining Dimensions of Thermoplastic Pipe and Fittings

D2321 Practice for Underground Installation of Thermoplastic Pipe for Sewers and Other Gravity-Flow Applications D2765 Test Methods for Determination of Gel Content and

Swell Ratio of Crosslinked Ethylene Plastics F412 Terminology Relating to Plastic Piping Systems

2.2 ANSI Standard:³

B 16.5 Pipe, Flanges, and Flanged Fittings

2.3 API Standards:4

17B Recommended Practice for Flexible Pipe

17J Specification for Unbonded Flexible Pipe

2.4 ISO Standards:⁵

ISO 9080 Plastics Piping and Ducting Systems Determination of the Long-Term Hydrostatic Strength of Thermoplastics Materials in Pipe Form by Extrapolation

2.5 PPI Standards:⁶

TR-4 PPI Listing of Hydrostatic Design Basis (HDB), Strength Design Basis (SDB), Pressure Design Basis (PDB), and Minimum Required Strength (MRS) Ratings for Thermoplastic Piping Materials or Pipe

TR-19 Thermoplastics Piping for the Transport of Chemicals

¹ This specification is under the jurisdiction of ASTM Committee F17 on Plastic Piping Systems and is the direct responsibility of Subcommittee F17.68 on Energy Piping Systems.

Current edition approved Aug. 1, 2011. Published September 2011. Originally approved in 2009. Last previous edition approved in 2009 as F2805–09. DOI:10.1520/F2805–11.

² For referenced ASTM standards, visit the ASTM website, www.astm.org, or contact ASTM Customer Service at service@astm.org. For *Annual Book of ASTM Standards* volume information, refer to the standard's Document Summary page on the ASTM website.

³ Available from American National Standards Institute (ANSI), 25 W. 43rd St., 4th Floor, New York, NY 10036, http://www.ansi.org.

⁴ Available from American Petroleum Institute (API), 1220 L. St., NW, Washington, DC 20005-4070, http://www.api.org.

⁵ Available from International Organization for Standardization (ISO), 1, ch. de la Voie-Creuse, Case postale 56, CH-1211, Geneva 20, Switzerland, http://www.iso.ch.

⁶ Available from Plastics Pipe Institute (PPI), 105 Decker Court, Suite 825, Irving, TX 75062, http://www.plasticpipe.org.

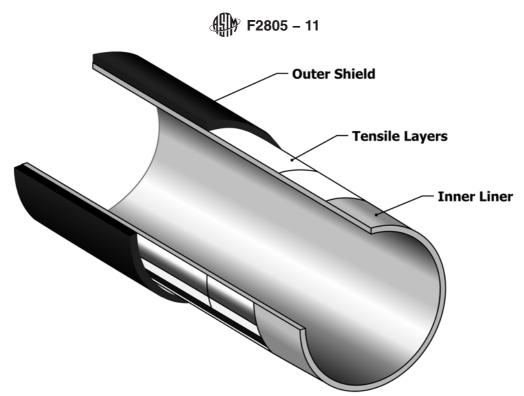


FIG. 1 Cutaway of Flexible Steel Pipe

2.6 BSI Standards:⁷

EN 10210 Hot Finished Structural Hollow Sections of Non-Alloy and Fine Grain Steels

EN 10297 Seamless Circular Steel Tubes for Mechanical and General Engineering Purposes

3. Terminology

- 3.1 *Definitions*—Definitions are in accordance with Terminology F412 and abbreviations are accordance with Terminology D1600, unless otherwise specified.
 - 3.2 Definitions of Terms Specific to This Standard:
- 3.2.1 *inner sheath layer, n*—pipe lining made from extruded thermoplastic compound.
- 3.2.2 *tensile armor layer, n*—hoop and structural reinforcement helically wrapped over the inner sheath layer. The steel layers are not bonded.
- 3.2.3 *outer sheath layer, n*—external extruded thermoplastic coating applied to resist mechanical damage and to provide the underlying layers of the pipe protection from the environment.
- 3.2.4 *end connection*, *n*—connects the pipe ends with adjacent pipe or other parts of the system.

4. Materials

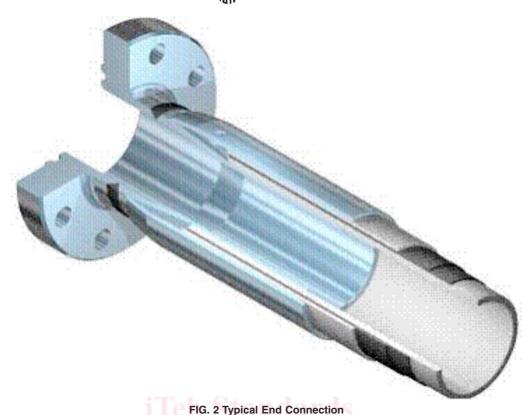
4.1 *Polyethylene Materials*—Polyethylene compounds used in the manufacture of these products shall have a minimum cell classification of 444474 in accordance with Specification D2321 (PE4710 as defined in PPI TR-4) or PE100 in accordance with ISO 9080. Addition of pigments or stabilizers to natural polyethylene compounds during extrusion is permitted.

- 4.2 Crosslinked Polyethylene Materials—Crosslinked polyethylene compounds used in the manufacture of these products shall be made from polyethylene compounds which have been crosslinked by peroxides, azo compounds or silane compounds in extrusion or by other means such that the inner sheath layer and/or the outer sheath layer meets the following performance requirements:
- 4.2.1 *Density*—When determined in accordance with Test Method D1505 or D792, the crosslinked polyethylene material shall have a minimum density of 0.033 lb/in³ (0.926 g/cm³).
- 4.2.2 *Degree of Crosslinking*—When tested in accordance with Test Method D2765, Method B, the degree of crosslinking for the PEX material shall be within the range of 65% to 89% inclusive.
- 4.3 Long Term Hydrostatic Strength— Polyethylene and crosslinked polyethylene compounds used in the manufacture of these products shall have Hydrostatic Design Basis (HDB) listings in PPI TR-4.
- 4.4 *Rework materials*—Reground or reprocessed thermoplastic materials are not permitted to be used.

4.5 Steel Materials:

- 4.5.1 Steel tensile armor layers shall consist of steel strip manufactured in accordance with Specification A506 or Specification A109/A109M with a number 3 edge and number 1 or 2 finish.
- 4.5.2 Steel in end connections shall meet the requirements of Specification A312/A312M, Specification A333/A333M, Specification A519, EN 10210, or EN 10297 (Fig. 2). Specialty steel grades requested by the purchaser must meet the same minimum performance requirements.

 $^{^7\,\}rm Available$ from British Standards Institute (BSI), 389 Chiswick High Rd., London W4 4AL, U.K., http://www.bsi-global.com.



5. Requirements

- 5.1 Workmanship—The inside and outside surfaces of the pipe shall be semi-matte or glossy in appearance and free of chalking, sticky or tacky materials. The pipe surfaces shall be free of cracks, holes, blisters, voids, foreign inclusions or other defects that are visible to the naked eye.
- 5.2 *Multilayer Pipe Dimensions*—Pipe Dimensions shall comply with Table 1, Table 2 and Table 3, when measured in accordance with Test Method D2122.
- 5.3 *Design Pressure*—The pipe shall have the design pressures listed in Table 2 and Table 3.

Note 1—The typical multilayer pipe construction is a three layer structure consisting of an extruded thermoplastic inner liner or pipe, helically wrapped layers of steel armor, and an extruded thermoplastic outer layer or sheath.

5.4 *Outside Diameter*—The outside diameter of the applicable pipe layer shall be as shown in Table 1, Table 2 or Table 3 when measured in accordance with Section 7.

- 5.5 *Pipe Wall Thickness*—The wall thickness of the applicable pipe layer shall be as shown in Table 1, Table 2 or Table 3 when measured in accordance with Section 7.
- 5.6 Laying Length—The pipe may be sold in any laying length agreeable to the user.

6. Quality Assurance Tests 72112/astm-f2805-11

- 6.1 Factory Acceptance Test—Prior to shipment, the continuous length of pipe shall be pressure tested in accordance with manufacturer's documented procedures as detailed in 7.3.
- 6.2 Retest and Rejection—Retesting in the event of a test failure shall be conducted to the same test procedures or requirements.

TABLE 1 Inner Sheath Layer Wall Thickness Range and Outside Diameter Range

Nominal Pipe Size	Minimum Wall Thickness,	Maximum Wall Thickness,	Minimum Outside Diameter,	Maximum Outside Diameter,
in. (mm)	in. (mm)	in. (mm)	in. (mm)	in. (mm)
2 (50)	0.098 (2.5)	0.197 (5)	2.14 (54.3)	2.33 (59.3)
3 (75)	0.098 (2.5)	0.236 (6)	3.02 (76.6)	3.29 (83.6)
4 (100)	0.098 (2.5)	0.276 (7)	3.87 (98.2)	4.22 (107.2)
5.5 (140)	0.138 (3.5)	0.433 (11)	5.43 (137.8)	6.02 (152.8)
6 (150)	0.138 (3.5)	0.433 (11)	5.88 (149.2)	6.47 (164.2)
7 (175)	0.138 (3.5)	0.433 (11)	6.78 (172.1)	7.37 (187.1)
8 (200)	0.138 (3.5)	0.630 (16)	7.90 (200.7)	8.88 (225.7)